

CODELCO – CHILE

Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2014

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

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(As of December 31, 2014)

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CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	Notes	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Assets			
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1	1,310,616	750,670
Other current financial assets	11	31,748	5,627
Other current non-financial assets		31,652	27,107
Trade and other current receivables	2	2,177,782	2,186,182
Accounts receivables due from related companies, current	3	9,488	30,883
Inventory	4	2,406,212	2,244,011
Current tax assets	6	189,883	179,759
Total current assets		6,157,381	5,424,240
Non-current assets			
Other non-current financial assets	11	62,413	93,707
Other non-current non-financial assets	10	35,915	39,662
Non-current receivables	2	124,675	138,896
Accounts receivables due from related companies, non-current	3	224	224
Investment accounted for using the equity method	8	6,798,706	7,494,982
Intangible assets other than goodwill		18,406	18,623
Property, plant and equipment, net	7	22,053,017	20,126,811
Investment property		5,829	18,018
Total non-current assets		29,099,185	27,930,923
Total Assets		35,256,566	33,355,163

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	Notes	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Liabilities and Equity			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Other current financial liabilities	12	986,168	1,160,301
Trade and other current payables	15	1,443,650	1,572,697
Accounts payables to related companies, current	3	150,640	153,949
Other current provisions	16	435,365	221,392
Current tax liabilities	6	2,225	15,723
Current employee benefit accruals	16	453,752	567,555
Other current non-financial liabilities		104,035	87,139
Total current liabilities		3,575,835	3,778,756
Non-current liabilities			
Other non-current financial liabilities	12	12,951,242	10,847,842
Accounts payables to related companies, non-current	3	193,710	230,692
Other non-current provisions and accrued expenses	16	1,438,825	1,387,890
Deferred tax liabilities	5	4,204,009	3,398,044
Non-current employee benefit accruals	16	1,363,241	1,298,367
Other non-current non-financial liabilities		4,192	5,952
Total non-current liabilities		20,155,219	17,168,787
Total liabilities		23,731,054	20,947,543
Equity			
Issued capital		2,524,423	2,524,423
Retained earnings		1,793,557	2,590,388
Other reserves	18	5,343,797	5,245,707
Equity attributable to owners of the parent		9,661,777	10,360,518
Non-controlling interests	18	1,863,735	2,047,102
Total equity		11,525,512	12,407,620
Total liabilities and equity		35,256,566	33,355,163

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the twelve-month periods ended as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	Notes	1/1/2014 12/31/2014	1/1/2013 12/31/2013
Profit (loss)			
Revenue	19	13,826,677	14,956,283
Cost of sales		(10,111,412)	(10,801,815)
Gross profit		3,715,265	4,154,468
Other Income, by function	21.a	98,346	162,552
Distribution costs		(9,343)	(11,057)
Administrative expenses		(451,122)	(471,562)
Other expenses	21.b	(1,620,977)	(1,513,434)
Other gains (loss)		37,682	52,249
Profit (loss) from operating activities		1,769,851	2,373,216
Finance income		19,744	28,851
Finance costs	22	(464,671)	(327,113)
Share of profit of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	8	247,994	444,133
Foreign exchange differences	24	378,819	212,823
Profit for the period before tax		1,951,737	2,731,910
Income tax expense	5	(1,240,823)	(1,617,339)
Profit for the period		710,914	1,114,571
Profit (loss) attributable to:			
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		721,927	1,073,204
Profit (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	18.b	(11,013)	41,367
Profit for the period		710,914	1,114,571

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (Continuation)

For the twelve-month periods ended as of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	Notes	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
		12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Profit/ (loss) for the period		710,914	1,114,571
Components of other comprehensive income (loss), before tax:			
Exchange differences on conversion			
Gain (loss) on exchange differences on conversion, before tax		(6,983)	(389)
Other comprehensive income, before tax, exchange differences on conversion		(6,983)	(389)
Cash flow hedges			
Gain (loss) on cash flow hedges, before tax		12,918	(7,992)
Other comprehensive income, before tax, cash flow hedges		12,918	(7,992)
Other comprehensive income, before tax, gains (losses) for defined benefit plans		(315,225)	(28,181)
Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method, before tax		(1,816)	(1,592)
Other comprehensive income (loss), before tax		(311,106)	(38,154)
Income tax related to other comprehensive income:			
Income tax related to cash flow hedges of other comprehensive income	5	(7,656)	4,961
Income tax relating to defined benefit plans other comprehensive income		208,049	16,908
Aggregated income tax related to components of other comprehensive income		200,393	21,869
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(110,713)	(16,285)
Reclassifiable other comprehensive income items to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(3,537)	(5,012)
Other comprehensive income for items not reclassifiable to profit or loss in subsequent periods		(107,176)	(11,273)
Total comprehensive income		600,201	1,098,286
Comprehensive income attributable to:			
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of the parent		611,214	1,056,919
Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests	18.b	(11,013)	41,367
Total comprehensive income		600,201	1,098,286

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS – DIRECT METHOD

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

	Notes	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
		12/31/2014	12/31/2013
ash flows provided by (used in) operating activities:			
Cash receipts provided by operating activities			
Cash flows provided by sales of goods and rendering of services		14,153,053	15,106,68
Other cash flows provided by operating activities	25	1,655,763	2,139,68
Types of cash payments			
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(7,881,636)	(9,092,233
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(2,091,504)	(2,049,725
Other cash flows used in operating activities	25	(2,251,720)	(2,684,856
Dividends received		495,690	604,85
Income taxes paid		(578,946)	(887,094
Net cash flows provided by operating activities		3,500,700	3,137,32
Cash flows provided by (used in) investing activities:			
Other payments to acquire equity or debt instruments of other entities		(22,502)	(14,999
Purchases of property plant and equipment Purchases of intangible assets		(3,799,708)	(4,437,366 (9,983
Interest received		4,651	22,74
Other inflows (outflows) of cash		(705)	(34,184
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		(3,818,264)	(4,473,789
Cash flows provided by (used in) financing activities:			
Total amounts from loans		3,885,490	4,038,60
Repayments of loans		(1,910,687)	(2,053,841
Dividends paid		(660,582)	(775,801
Interest paid		(468,177)	(363,410
Other cash inflows (outflows)		-	(37,610
Net cash flows from (used in) financing activities		846,044	807,94
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before foreign exchange difference		528,480	(528,523
Effect of exchange rate changes		31,466	15,37
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		559,946	(513,153
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1	750,670	1,263,82
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1	1,310,616	750,67

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish - see Note I.2)

December 31, 2014	Issued capital	Foreign currency conversion reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Reserve of actuarial gains and losses in defined benefits plans Note 17	Other miscellaneous reserves	Total other reserves Note 18	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interests Note 18	Total Equity
Initial balance as of 1/1/2014	2,524,423	1,220	(8,704)	(113,519)	5,366,710	5,245,707	2,590,388	10,360,518	2,047,102	12,407,620
Opening balance reformulated	2,524,423	1,220	(8,704)	(113,519)	5,366,710	5,245,707	2,590,388	10,360,518	2,047,102	12,407,620
Changes in equity										
Profit for the period							721,927	721,927	(11,013)	710,914
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(6,983)	5,262	(107,176)	(1,816)	(110,713)		(110,713)	-	(110,713)
Comprehensive income								611,214	(11,013)	600,201
Dividends Paid							(660,582)	(660,582)		(660,582)
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes	-	-	-	-	208,803	208,803	(858,176)	(649,373)	(172,354)	(821,727)
Total increase (decrease) in equity	-	(6,983)	5,262	(107,176)	206,987	98,090	(796,831)	(698,741)	(183,367)	(882,108)
Final balance as of 12/31/2014	2,524,423	(5,763)	(3,442)	(220,695)	5,573,697	5,343,797	1,793,557	9,661,777	1,863,735	11,525,512

CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$)

(Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

December 31, 2013	Issued capital	Foreign currency conversion reserve	Cash flow hedge reserve	Reserve of actuarial gains and losses in defined benefits plans Note 17	Other miscellaneous reserves	Total other reserves Note 18	Retained earnings	Equity attributable to owners of the parent	Non-controlling interests Note 18	Total Equity
Initial balance as of 1/1/2013	2,524,423	1,609	(5,673)	(102,246)	3,368,247	3,261,937	4,293,246	10,079,606	2,099,406	12,179,012
Opening balance reformulated	2,524,423	1,609	(5,673)	(102,246)	3,368,247	3,261,937	4,293,246	10,079,606	2,099,406	12,179,012
Changes in equity										
Profit for the period							1,073,204	1,073,204	41,367	1,114,571
Other comprehensive income (loss)		(389)	(3,031)	(11,273)	(1,592)	(16,285)		(16,285)	-	(16,285)
Comprehensive income								1,056,919	41,367	1,098,286
Dividends Paid							(775,801)	(775,801)		(775,801)
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes	-	-	-	-	2,000,055	2,000,055	(2,000,261)	(206)	(93,671)	(93,877)
Total increase (decrease) in equity	-	(389)	(3,031)	(11,273)	1,998,463	1,983,770	(1,702,858)	280,912	(52,304)	228,608
Final balance as of 12/31/2013	2,524,423	1,220	(8,704)	(113,519)	5,366,710	5,245,707	2,590,388	10,360,518	2,047,102	12,407,620

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Corporate Information

Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile, Codelco (hereinafter referred to as "Codelco", "Codelco - Chile", or the "Corporation"), is the largest copper producer in the world. It's most important product is refined copper, primarily in the form of cathodes. The Corporation also produces copper concentrates, blister and anode copper and by-products such as molybdenum, anode slime and sulfuric acid. Codelco also manufactures wire rods in Germany, a semi-manufactured product that uses copper cathodes as raw material through an associated company (discussed in Note 8).

The Corporation trades its products based on a policy with the objective of selling refined copper to manufacturers or producers of semi-manufactured products.

These products contribute to diverse fields of community development, particularly those intended to improve areas such as public health, energy efficiency, and sustainable development, among others.

Codelco is registered under Securities Registry No. 785 of the Chilean Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (the "SVS") and is subject to the supervision of said SVS. According to Article 10 of Law No. 20.392 (on the new Corporate Governance of Codelco), such supervision will be on the same terms as publicly traded companies, notwithstanding the provisions in Decree Law (D.L.) No. 1.349 of 1976, which created the Comisión Chilena del Cobre ("Chilean Copper Commission").

Codelco's head office is located in Santiago, Chile, at 1270 Huérfanos, telephone number (56-2) 26903000.

Codelco Chile was formed as stipulated by D.L. No. 1.350 of 1976, which is the statutory decree of the Corporation. In accordance with the statutory decree, Codelco is a state-owned mining, industrial and commercial company, which is a separate legal entity with its own equity. Codelco Chile currently carries out its mining business through its divisions Chuquicamata, Radomiro Tomic, Salvador, Andina, El Teniente, Ventanas and Gabriela Mistral. The Gabriela Mistral division is in charge of the ore deposit of the same name, whose operations were, until December 31, 2012, the responsibility of its subsidiary Minera Gaby SpA., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Corporation which was absorbed by Codelco on that date.

In 2010 the Corporation was authorized by its Board of Directors to invest in the operation of the new division Ministro Hales Mine, who commenced operations in the first half of 2014 (at 2013 year end the division had completed its pre-stripping and concentrator testing, and was beginning its operations missing only the roasting plant tests). The Corporation also carries out similar activities in other mining deposits in association with third parties.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

In accordance with letter e) of Article 10 of Law No. 20.392, Codelco is governed by its organic standards set forth in Decree Law No. 1.350 (D.L. No. 1.350) and that of its statutes, and in matters not covered by them and, insofar as they are compatible and do not go against the provisions of these rules, the rules that govern publicly traded companies and the common laws as applicable to them.

In accordance with D.L. No. 1.350 Section IV related to the Company's Exchange and Budget Regulations, Codelco's financial activities are conducted following a budgeting system that is composed of an Operations Budget, an Investment Budget and a Debt Amortization Budget.

The tax system applicable to Codelco's income is in accordance with Article 26 of D. L. No. 1.350, which refers to Decree Laws No. 824 on Income Tax of 1974 and Decree Law No. 2.398 (Article 2) of 1978, as applicable. The Corporation's income is also subject to a Specific Mining Tax in accordance with Law No. 20.026 of 2005.

The Corporation is subject to Law No. 13.196, which mandates the payment of a 10% tax over the foreign currency return on the actual sale revenue of copper production, including its by-products.

The subsidiaries whose financial statements are included in these consolidated financial statements correspond to companies located in Chile and abroad, which are detailed in Note II 2.d of Section II to the Summary of Significant Accounting Policies.

The associates correspond to companies located in Chile and abroad, which are detailed in the Explanatory Notes Section III Note 8.

2. Basis of Presentation of the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Corporation's consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of US dollars and were prepared based on the accounting records maintained by Codelco Chile and its subsidiaries, and have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (hereinafter "IASB"), except for the effects of higher deferred taxes – in the wake of the tax reform according to the Law No. 20.780 – in the reported equity, according to the instructions of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance ("SVS") in their circulated report No. 856 of October 17, 2014 described in note 5: Deferred Taxes and Income Tax.

Responsibility for the Information and Use of Estimates

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has been informed of the information included in these financial statements and expressly states its responsibility for the consistent and reliable nature of the information included in the consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2014, for the effects of which IFRS principles issued by the IASB have been applied in full; except for the effects of higher deferred taxes – following the tax reform according to Law N° 20.780 –

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registered in equity, according to the instructions of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS) in their circulated report No.856. The December 31, 2014 Consolidated Financial Statements were approved by the Board of Directors in a meeting on March 26, 2015.

Accounting Principles

These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position of Codelco Chile and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, also, the results of their operations for the twelve-month periods ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, the changes in net equity and cash flows for the twelve-month periods ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and their related notes, all of which have been prepared and presented in accordance with IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements" which considers the respective regulations of the Chilean Superintendency of Securities and Insurance ("SVS"), which do not conflict with IFRS, except for the effects of higher deferred taxes – following the tax reform according to Law N° 20.780 – recorded in equity, as instructed by the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS) in their circulated report No.856 of October 17, 2014.

For the convenience of the reader, these consolidated financial statements and their accompanying notes have been translated from Spanish to English.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

II. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Significant Accounting Judgments, Estimates and Assumptions

The preparation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with the instructions of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS), which fully prescribe the International Financial Reporting Standards issued by the IASB, except for the effects of higher deferred taxes – to tax reform according to Law N° 20.780 – registered in equity, according to the instruction of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS) in their circulated report No. 856 requiring the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities recognized as of the date of financial statements and the amounts of income and expenses during the reporting period. It also requires the Corporation's Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Corporation's accounting principles. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements as follows:

a) Useful economic lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment - The useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment assets that are used for calculating the depreciation are determined based on technical studies prepared by specialists (internal or external). When there are indicators that could lead to changes in the estimated useful lives of such assets, these changes are determined by using technical estimates considering specific factors related to the use of the assets.

The studies consider specific factors related to the use of assets.

b) Ore reserves - The measurements of ore reserves are based on estimates of the ore resources that are economically exploitable, and reflect the technical considerations of the Corporation regarding the amount of resources that could be exploited and sold at prices exceeding the total cost associated with the extraction and processing.

The Corporation applies judgment in determining the ore reserves, and as such, possible changes in these estimates could significantly impact the estimates of net revenues over time. For such reason, these changes would lead to modifications in the usage estimates of certain assets and of the amount of certain decommissioning and restoration costs.

The Corporation estimates its reserves and mineral resources based on the information composed by the Competent Persons of the Corporation, defined and regulated by the Chilean Law N° 20.235. The estimates are based on the JORC (Joint Ore Reserves Committee) methodology, taking into consideration the historical information of the cost of goods sold and copper prices in the international market.

The Corporation also periodically reviews such estimates, supported by world-class external experts, who certify the determined reserves.

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c) Impairment of assets - The Corporation reviews the carrying amount of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss with regard to the carrying amount. In the evaluation of impairment, the assets are grouped into cash generating units ("CGU's") to which the assets belong. The recoverable amount of these assets or CGU's is calculated as the present value of the cash flows expected to be derived from such assets, considering a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of the assets is less than their carrying amount, an impairment loss exists.

The Corporation defines the CGU's and also estimates the timing and cash flows that such CGU's should generate. Subsequent changes in the grouping of the CGU, or changes in the assumptions supporting the estimates of cash flows or the discount rate, could impact the carrying amounts of the corresponding assets.

Estimation of factors influencing the calculation of cash flows, such as the price of copper or treatment charges and refining charges, among others, are determined based on studies conducted by the Corporation, which are in turn supported by certain standards over time. Any changes to these criteria may impact the recoverable amount of the assets on which is performing the impairment tests. The Corporation has evaluated and defined the CGU are made at the level of each of its current operating divisions.

The Corporation has assessed and defined that the CGU's are constituted at the level of each of its current operating divisions.

The review for impairment includes subsidiaries, associates and joint arrangements.

d) Provisions for decommissioning and site restoration costs - The Corporation is obligated to incur in decommissioning and site restoration costs when environmental disturbance is caused by the development or ongoing production of a mining property. Costs are estimated on the basis of a formal closure plan and are reassessed annually or as of the date such obligations become known.

For these purposes, a defined list of mine sites, installations and other equipment assigned to this process, considered at the engineering level profile, the cubing of assets that will be subject to removal and restoration, weighted by a structure of market prices of goods and services, reflecting the best knowledge at the time to carry out such activities, as well as techniques and more efficient construction procedures to date. In the process of valuation of the activities mentioned, the assumptions of the exchange rate for tradable goods and services must be made, and the discount rate applied to update the relevant cash flows over time, which reflects the time value of money and includes the risks associated with liabilities, which is determined based on the currency in which disbursements will be made.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The provision as of a reporting date represents management's best estimate of the present value of the future decommissioning and site restoration costs required. Changes to estimated future costs are recognized in the statement of financial position by either increasing or decreasing the rehabilitation liability and rehabilitation asset if the initial estimate was originally recognized as part of an asset measured in accordance with IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment. Any reduction in the decommissioning and site restoration liability and therefore any deduction from the decommissioning and site restoration asset may not exceed the carrying amount of that asset. If it does, any excess over the carrying value is taken immediately to profit or loss.

If the change in estimate results in an increase in the decommissioning and site restoration liability and therefore an addition to the carrying value of the asset, the entity is required to consider whether this is an indication of impairment of the asset as a whole and test for impairment in accordance with IAS 36. If the revised asset net of decommissioning and site restoration provisions exceeds the recoverable value, that portion of the increase is charged directly to profit or loss statement. Any decommissioning and site restoration costs that arose as a result of the production phase of a mine should be expensed as incurred.

The costs arising from the installation of a plant or other site preparation projects are discounted at net present value, provided for and capitalized at the beginning of each project, as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. These decommissioning costs are charged to net income over the life of the mine, through depreciation of the asset. The depreciation is included in operating costs, while the unwinding of the discount in the provision is included in finance costs.

e) Accrual for employee benefits - Employee benefits costs for severance payments and health benefits for services rendered by the employees are determined based on actuarial calculations using the Projected Unit Credit Method, and are charged to profit or loss on an accrual basis.

The Corporation uses assumptions to determine the best estimate for these benefits. Such estimates, as well as assumptions, are determined together with an external actuary. These assumptions include demographic assumptions, mortality and morbidity, discount rate and expected salary increases and rotation levels, among other factors. Although the Corporation believes that the assumptions used are appropriate, a change in these assumptions could affect net income.

- f) Accruals for open invoices The Corporation uses information on future copper prices, through which it recognizes adjustments to its revenues and trade receivables, due to the conditions of its provisional invoicing. These adjustments are updated on a monthly basis and the accounting principle on "Revenue recognition" is referred to in letter q) of the section 2 "Significant accounting policies" of the current document.
- g) Fair Value of Derivatives and Other Instruments Management may use its judgment to choose an adequate and proper valuation method for the instruments that are not quoted in

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an active market. The Corporation applies customary valuation techniques used by other professionals in the industry. In the case of derivative financial instruments, assumptions are based on the observable market inputs, adjusted in conformity with the specific features of the instruments.

h) Lawsuits and contingencies - The Corporation assesses the probability of lawsuits and contingency losses on an ongoing basis according to estimates performed by its legal advisors. For cases in which management and the Corporation's legal advisors believe that a favorable outcome will be obtained or when the results are uncertain and the lawsuits are still pending resolution, no provisions are recognized.

Although these above-mentioned estimates have been made based on the best information available as of the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements, it is possible that future developments may force the Corporation to modify these estimates in upcoming periods. Such modifications, if occurred, would be adjusted prospectively, recognizing the effects of the change in estimate on the corresponding future consolidated financial statements, as required by IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

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2. Significant accounting policies

- a) **Period covered -** The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile include:
 - Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.
 - Statements of Comprehensive Income for the twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2014 and 2013.
 - Statements of Changes in Equity for the twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2014 and 2013.
 - Statements of Cash Flows for the twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2014 and 2013.
- b) Basis of preparation The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the period ended as of December 31, 2014 have been prepared in accordance with the instructions from the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS) which prescribe fully with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), as issued by the IASB, except for the effects of higher deferred taxes following the tax reform according to Law No. 20.780 recorded in equity, as instructed by the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance (SVS) in their circulated report No. 856 emitted on October 17, 2014.

The consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2013, and the statements of comprehensive income for the twelve-month periods ending December 31, 2013, statements of net equity and of cash flows for the twelve-month period ended December 31, 2013, included for comparative purposes, have been prepared in conformity with IFRS, on a consistent basis with the criteria used by the Corporation for the period ended December 31, 2014.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared based on the accounting records kept by the Corporation.

c) Functional Currency - The functional currency of Codelco is the US dollar, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Corporation operates and the currency in which it receives its revenues. Transactions other than those in the Corporation's functional currency are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transactions. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency are retranslated at closing exchange rates. Gains and losses from foreign currency conversion are included in the period profit or loss within the line item "Foreign Exchange differences".

The presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements of Codelco is the US dollar.

The functional currency of subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures, likewise corresponds to the currency of the primary economic environment in which those entities operate and

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the currency in which they receive their revenues, as established in IAS 21. However, regarding those subsidiaries and associates that correspond only to an extension of the operations of Codelco (entities that are not self-sufficient and whose main transactions are performed with Codelco), the functional currency is also the US dollar, as this is the functional currency of Codelco.

When the indicators are mixed and the functional currency is not obvious, management uses its judgment to determine the functional currency that most faithfully represents the economic effects of the underlying transactions, events and conditions under which each entity operates.

d) Basis of consolidation - The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Corporation and its subsidiaries.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Corporation obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases. The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the parent company, using consistent accounting policies.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries of the Corporation are prepared for the same reporting period as Codelco, using the same accounting principals.

In the consolidation process, all significant balances and transactions between the consolidated companies have been fully eliminated, and the equity share of non-controlling interests has been recognized and presented as "Non-controlling Interests" The consolidated financial statements take into account the elimination of intercompany balances, transactions and unrealized profit and loss between the consolidated companies, including foreign and local subsidiaries. The companies incorporated in the consolidation are detailed as follows:

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					12/31/2014		12/31/2013	
Taxpayer Number	Company	Country	Currency	Entity Share Percentage			Entity Share Percentage	
				Direct	Indirect	Total	Total	
Foreign	Chile Copper Limited	England	GBP	100.00	-	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	CK Metall Agentur GmbH	Gemany	EURO	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco do Brasil Mineracao	Brazil	BRL	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Group Inc.	United States of America	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco International Limited	Bermuda	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Kupferhandel GmbH	Germany	EURO	100.00	-	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Metals Inc.	United States of America	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Services Limited	England	GBP	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Shanghai Company Limited	China	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco Technologies Ltd.	Bermuda	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Codelco USA Inc.	United States of America	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Ecometales Limited	Anglonormandars	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	Exploraciones Mineras Andinas Ecuador EMSAEC S.A.	Ecuador	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.0	
Foreign	S.A. Cobrex Prospeccao Mineral	Brazil	BRL	-	51.00	51.00	51.0	
78.712.170-5	Compañía Minera Picacho (SCM)	Chile	USD	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
78.860.780-6	Compañía Contractual Minera los Andes	Chile	USD	99.97	0.03	100.00	100.	
79.566.720-2	Isapre Chuquicamata Ltda.	Chile	CLP	98.30	1.70	100.00	100.	
81.767.200-0	Asociación Garantizadora de Pensiones	Chile	CLP	96.69	-	96.69	96.	
88.497.100-4	Clinica San Lorenzo Limitada	Chile	CLP	99.90	0.10	100.00	100.	
76.521.250-2	San Lorenzo Institución de Salud Previsional Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	100.00	100.00	99.	
89.441.300-K	Isapre Río Blanco Ltda.	Chile	CLP	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
96.817.780-K	Ejecutora Hospital del Cobre Calama S.A.	Chile	USD	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
96.819.040-7	Complejo Portuario Mejillones S.A.	Chile	USD	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
96.854.500-0	Instituto de Innovación en Mineria y Metalurgia S.A.	Chile	USD	99.93	0.07	100.00	100.	
96.876.140-4	Santiago de Rio Grande S.A.	Chile	USD	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
76.024.442-2	Ecosea Farming S.A.	Chile	USD	-	85.03	85.03	85.	
	Biosigma S.A.	Chile	USD	66.67	-	66.67	66.	
99.569.520-0	Exploraciones Mineras Andinas S.A.	Chile	USD	99.90	0.10	100.00	100.	
99.573.600-4	Clinica Río Blanco S.A.	Chile	CLP	99.00	1.00	100.00	100.	
76.064.682-2	Centro de Especialidades Médicas Río Blanco Ltda.	Chile	CLP	99.00	1.00	100.00	100.	
77.773.260-9	Sociedad de Inversiones Copperfield Ltda.	Chile	USD	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.	
76.883.610-8	Energía Minera S.A.	Chile	USD	99.00	1.00	100.00	100.	
76.043.396-9	Innovaciones en Cobre S.A.	Chile	USD	0.05	99.95	100.00	100.	
76.148.338-2	Sociedad de Inversiones Copperfield Ltda.	Chile	USD	99.90	0.10	100.00	100.	
76.167.903-1	Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA	Chile	USD	-	67.80	67.80	67.	
	Inversiones Gacrux SpA	Chile	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.	
	Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux SpA	Chile	USD	-	67.80	67.80	67.	
	Inversiones Mineras Los Leones SpA	Chile	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.	
76.173.783-K	Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA	Chile	USD	-	67.80	67.80	67.	
76.124.156-7	Centro de Especialidades Médicas San Lorenzo Ltda.	Chile	USD	-	100.00	100.00	100.	
76.255.061-K	Central Eléctrica Luz Minera SpA	Chile	USD	100.00	-	100.00	100.	
76.255.054-7	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA (1)	Chile	USD	-	-	-	100.	
76.255.667-7	MCM Equipos S.A.	Chile	USD	-	-	-	100.	
70.905.700-6	Fusat	Chile	CLP	-	-	-		
76.334.370-7	Inst. de Salud Previsional Fusat. Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.70	99.70	99.	
78.394.040-K	Centro de Servicios Médicos Porvenir Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.00	99.00	99.	
96.796.530-8	Inmobiliaria Centro de Especialidades Torre Médica S.A.	Chile	CLP	-	-	-	75.	
77.928.390-9	Inmobiliaria e Inversiones Rio Cipreces Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.90	99.90	99.	
	Prestaciones de Servicios de la Salud Intersalud	Chile	CLP		99.00	99.00	99.	

For the purposes of these consolidated financial statements, subsidiaries, associates, acquisitions and disposals and joint ventures are defined as follows:

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- Subsidiaries A subsidiary is an entity over which the Corporation has power to govern its operating and financial policies in order to obtain benefits from its activities under the conditions of IFRS 10. The consolidated financial statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses and cash flows of Codelco and its subsidiaries, after eliminating all inter-company balances and transactions. For partially owned subsidiaries, the net assets and net earnings attributable to non-controlling shareholders are presented as "Non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statements of financial position and consolidated statement of income.
 - (1) This society is presented only for comparison purposes, as at December 31, 2013 it was still considered in the consolidation of the Corporation.
- **Associates** An associate is an entity over which Codelco is in the position to exercise significant influence, but not to control or jointly control, through the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of that entity.

Codelco's share of the net assets of such entities is included in the consolidated financial statements by using the equity method. This requires recording the initial investment at cost and then, in subsequent periods, adjusting the carrying amount of the investment to reflect Codelco's share in the income of associates, less any impairment of goodwill and any other changes in the associate's net assets.

The Corporation makes adjustments to the proportional gains or losses obtained by the associate after the acquisition, in order to consider the effects that may exist in the depreciation of fair value of the assets according to the date of acquisition.

 Acquisitions and Disposals - The results of businesses acquired are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements from the acquisition date; the results of businesses sold during the period are incorporated into the consolidated financial statements up to the effective date of disposal. Gains or losses from the disposal are calculated as the difference between the sale proceeds (net of expenses) and the net assets attributable to the ownership interest that has been sold.

Upon the occurrence of operations that generate a loss of control over a subsidiary, the valuation of investment which results from the loss of control in the subsidiary must be based on the fair values of such companies.

If at the time of acquisition of an investment in an associate, Codelco's share in the net fair value of identifiable assets and liabilities of the associate is higher than the cost of the investment, the Corporation recognizes revenue in the period in which such purchase was made.

• **Joint Ventures** - The entities that qualify as joint ventures, in which joint control exists over the operating and financial decisions, are accounted for using the equity method.

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e) Foreign currency transactions - Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency have been translated into U.S. dollars at the closing exchange rate of the period.

At the reporting period-end, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in currency other than the functional currency, indexed in unidades de fomento (UF or inflation index-linked units of account) (12-31-2014: US\$40.63; 12-31-2013: US\$44.52), are expressed in U.S. dollars at the closing exchange rates of each period.

Income and expenses denominated in Chilean pesos have been translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rate at the date when the transaction was recorded in the accounting records.

Exchange differences are recognized in net income in accordance with IFRS.

The financial statements of subsidiaries, associates and jointly controlled entities, whose functional currency is different from the presentation currency of Codelco, are translated using the following procedures:

- Assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented shall be translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position.
- Income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income shall be translated at average exchange rates of the reporting period.
- All resulting exchange differences are recognized as a separate component of net equity.

Relation	Exchange rates				
Relation	12/31/2014	12/31/2013			
USD / CLP	0.00165	0.00191			
USD / GBP	1.55618	1.65153			
USD / BRL	0.37622	0.42452			
USD / EURO	1.21640	1.38064			

The exchange rates used in each period are as follows:

f) Offsetting Balances and Transactions: As a general standard, assets and liabilities, income and expenses, are not offset in the financial statements, except for those cases in which offsetting is required or is allowed by some standard and the presentation is a reflection of the transaction.

Income or expenses arising from transactions which, for contractual or legal reasons, consider the possibility of offsetting and which the Corporation intends to liquidate for their net value or realize the assets and pay the liabilities simultaneously, are stated net in the statement of income.

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g) Property, plant and equipment and depreciation - Property, plant and equipment items are initially recognized at cost. After their initial recognition, they are recorded at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The costs of property, plant and equipment items related to the extension, modernization or improvement representing an increase of the productivity, capacity or efficiency or an increase in the useful life of the assets is capitalized as cost of the corresponding assets.

Furthermore, investments in assets acquired under finance lease contracts are not legally owned by the Corporation until the corresponding purchase option is exercised.

The assets included in property, plant and equipment are depreciated, as a general rule, under a criterion of production units when the activity that executes that asset can clearly be identified with a production process of copper extraction. In other cases, a straight-line depreciation is used.

Assets included in property, plant and equipment are depreciated linearly over their economic useful lives, which are summarized in the following table:

Items	useful life
Land	Without depreciation
Land on mine site	Production units
Buildings	Linear depreciacion 20-50 years
Buildings in groundwater level mines	Production unit level
Vehicles	Linear depreciacion 3-7 years
Plant and equipment	Production units
Foundries	Linear depreciacion
Refinieries	Production unit
Mining rights	Production unit
Support teams	Production unit
Intangibles - Softwares	Linear depreciación until 8 years
Exploratioin Costs, evaluation and development	Production unit, Life of Mine or resource

The assets maintained under finance leases are depreciated during the estimated period of the lease contract or in accordance with the useful life of the assets, whichever is lower.

Estimated useful lives, residual values and the depreciation method are reviewed at each year end, recording prospectively the effect of any change in estimates.

Additionally, depreciation criteria and the estimated useful lives of the various assets, especially plants, facilities and infrastructure are likely to be revised at the beginning of each year and according to changes in the structure of reserves of the corporation and productive long-term plans that are updated as of that date.

This review can happen at any time if the conditions of ore reserves change significantly as a result of new information, confirmed and officially recognized by the Corporation.

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The profit or loss from disposal or withdrawal of an asset is calculated as the difference between the price obtained in the disposal and the value recorded in the ledgers recognizing the charge or credit to net income for the year.

Work in progress includes the amounts invested in the construction of property, plant and equipment assets and in mining development projects. Works in progress are transferred to assets in operation once the testing period has terminated and when they are available for use, and start to be depreciated as of that moment.

The ore deposits owned by the Corporation are recorded in the accounting records at US\$1 (one US dollar).

Without prejudice to the foregoing, reserves and resources acquired as part of acquisitions of shares in companies where the economic value of such properties differs from the carrying amount are recorded at fair value less any accumulated losses for impairment, and deducting the value associated with the use and/or consumption of such reserves.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of assets that require a substantial period of time before they are ready for use or sale will be considered as part of the cost of property, plant and equipment.

h) Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets - Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite useful life are reviewed for impairment, in order to verify whether there is any indication that the carrying value cannot be recovered. If such an indicator exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss. Where the asset does not generate cash flows independently from other assets, Codelco estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs.

For assets with indefinite useful lives, the estimated recoverable amount is performed at the end of each year.

If the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, Codelco determines the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

For such purposes, each division of the Corporation has been defined as a cash generating unit.

The measurement of impairment includes subsidiaries and associates.

The recoverable amount of an asset will be the higher of the fair value less costs to sell the asset and its value in use. When evaluating the value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted using an interest rate, before taxes, that shows the market evaluations corresponding to the time value of money and the specific risks of the asset, for which the future cash flow estimates have not been adjusted.

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If the recoverable value of an asset or cash generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, an impairment loss is immediately recognized, reducing the carrying amount up to its recoverable amount with a charge to net income. In case of a subsequent reversal of the impairment, the carrying amount increases to the reviewed estimate of the recoverable amount, but only to the point that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined if no impairment had been recognized previously. A reversal is recognized as a decrease in the charge for depreciation for the year.

For CGU's, future cash flow estimates are based on the estimates of future production levels, future prices of basic products and future production costs. IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets" includes a series of restrictions to the future cash flows that can be recognized regarding the restructurings and future improvements related to expenses. When calculating the value in use, it is also necessary to base the calculations on the current exchange rates at the moment of the measurement.

i) Exploration, mine development and mining operations costs and expenses - The Corporation has defined an accounting criterion for each of these costs and expenses.

Development expenses for deposits under exploitation whose purpose is to maintain production levels are charged to net income when incurred.

Expenses for exploration and drillings of deposits include the expenses destined to locate mineralized areas to determine their potential for commercial exploitation. The accounting policy for these expenses has been defined by the Corporation in accordance with IFRS 6 paragraph 9, which will mainly be treated as expenses in profit or loss in the period when the expenses occurred until there is certainity that the project is economically viable.

Pre-operating and mine development expenses (PP&E) incurred during the execution of a project and until its start-up are capitalized and amortized in relation to the future production of the mine. These costs include extraction of waste material, constructing the mine's infrastructure and other works carried out prior to the production phase.

Finally, the costs for the delimitation of new areas or deposit areas in exploitation and of mining operations (PP&E) are recorded in property, plant and equipment and are charged to net income during the period in which the benefits are obtained.

- j) Deferred stripping Costs that arise by removing mine waste materials (overburden) to gain access to mineral ore deposits in open pits that are in production, incurred in order to access mineral deposits that are in production, or incurred in order to access mineral deposits are recognized in property, plant and equipment, provided they meet the following criteria set out in IFRIC 20:
 - It is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the stripping activity will flow to the entity.

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- It is possible to identify the component of an ore body for which access has been improved as a result of the stripping activity.
- The costs relating to the improved access to that component can be measured reliably.

The amounts recognized in property, plant and equipment are depreciated according to units of production method extracted from the ore body related to the stripping activity which generated this amount.

k) Income taxes and deferred taxes - Codelco and its Chilean subsidiaries record Income Tax based on the net taxable income determined as per the standards established in the Income Tax Law and Article 2 of the D.L. 2.398, as well as the specific tax on mining referred to in Law 20.026 of 2005. Its foreign subsidiaries record income tax according to the taxation standards of each country.

Deferred taxes due to temporary differences and other events that generate difference between the accounting and tax bases for assets and liabilities are recorded in accordance with the standards established in IAS 12 "Income taxes".

In accordance with the established in the circulated report No. 856 of the SVS, emitted on October 17, 2014, the variations in the deffered tax assets and deferred tax liabilities which arise from the progressive increase in the tax rate on the first category income, introduced with the Law No 20.780, issued on September 29, 2014 and which affect Codelco, were exceptionally registred in the equity of the retained earnings item.

In addition, a deferred tax is recognized for the net income of subsidiaries, associates, special purpose entities and joint ventures, originated by withholding taxes on remittances of dividends paid by such companies to the Corporation.

The tax reform, established by the Law No 20.780, implied a change in the rates for the determination of the income tax, which effect has a prospective impact in the Financial Statements. The detail of the effect of the tax reform is described in note 5 of deferred taxes and income tax.

- I) Inventory Inventory is stated at cost, which does not exceed its net realizable value. The net realizable value represents the estimated sales price less all finishing costs and marketing, sales and distribution expenses. Costs have been determined according to the following methods:
 - **Finished products and products in process:** This inventory is stated at average production cost, according to the absorption costing method, including labor and the depreciation of property, plant and equipment, the amortization of intangible assets and the indirect expenses of each period.

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- **Materials in warehouse:** This inventory is stated at acquisition cost, and the Corporation determines an allowance for obsolescence considering the permanence in stock of slow moving materials in the warehouse.
- **Materials in transit:** This inventory is stated at cost incurred until the period-end date. Any difference, due to the estimate of a lower net realizable value of the inventory, in relation to its accounting value, is adjusted with a charge to net income.
- m) Dividends The payment obligation of net revenues presented in the financial statements, as determined in Article 6 of D.L. 1.350, is recognized based on the accrued payment obligation.
- n) **Employee benefits** Codelco recognizes accruals for employee benefits when there is a current obligation as a result of the services provided.

The contract conditions stipulate, subject to compliance with certain conditions, the payment of an employee termination benefit when an employment contract ends. In general, this corresponds to one monthly salary per year of service and considers the components of the final remunerations which are contractually defined as the basis for the indemnity. This benefit has been defined as a long-term benefit.

Codelco has also agreed to post-employment medical care for certain employees, which are paid based on a fixed percentage of the monthly tax base of the employees covered by this agreement. This benefit has been defined as a post-employment medical care benefit.

The employee termination benefit obligation and the post-employment medical plans are calculated in accordance with valuations performed by an independent actuary, using the projected unit credit method, which are updated on a regular basis. The obligation recognized in the statement of financial position represents the net present value of the employee termination benefit obligation and the post-employment medical benefit. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in the statement of other comprehensive income.

Management uses assumptions to determine the best estimate of these benefits. Such assumptions include an annual discount rate, mortality and morbidity tables, expected increases in compensation and future permanence, among other factors.

In accordance with its operating optimization programs to reduce costs and increase labor productivity by incorporating new current technologies and/or practical management best practices, the Corporation has established employee retirement programs by means of related addenda to employee contracts or collective union agreements with benefits that encourage employees to retire. Accordingly, the required accruals are established based on the accrued obligation at current value. In case of employee retirement programs which involve multiyear periods, the provisioned obligations for these concepts are updated

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considering a discount rate determined by financial instruments for the same currency used to pay the obligations and similar maturities.

o) Provisions for dismantling and restoration costs – A legal or constructive obligation occurs when dismantling and restoration costs are incurred as a result of alterations caused by a mining activity (in development or in production). Costs are estimated on the basis of a formal closure plan and are subject to yearly reviews.

The costs arising from the obligation to dismantle the installation of a plant or other project for the preparation of the site, discounted at their net present value, are accrued and capitalized at the beginning of each project, at which time the obligation to incur such costs is arises.

These dismantling costs are recorded in income via the depreciation of the asset that gave rise to this cost, and the provision is used when the dismantling takes place. Subsequent changes in the estimates of liabilities related to dismantling are added to or deducted from the costs of the related assets in the period in which the adjustment is made.

The restoration costs are accrued at their net present value against operating income, and the provision is used in the period during which the restoration works are performed. Changes in measurement of the liability related to the location of the mining activity (discount rate or time) are recorded in operating income and depreciated based on the useful lives of assets which give rise to these changes.

The effects of updating the liability, due to the discount rate and/or time, are recorded as finance costs.

p) Leases – (Codelco as a lessee) Leases are classified as finance leases when the terms of the lease transfer all risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases. Lease costs under operating leases are charged to income over the lease term. Assets acquired under finance leases are recognized as assets at the start of the lease at either the fair value or the present value of minimum lease payments for the discounted lease at the contracted interest rate, whichever is lower. Interest is charged in the finance costs, at a fixed periodic rate, in the same depreciation period of the asset. The lease obligations net of financing costs are included in other current or non-current liabilities, as appropriate.

Under the provisions of International Financial Reporting Interpretations the Committee (IFRIC 4) titled "Determining whether an Arrangement Contains a Lease", an arrangement is, or contains a lease at the start date, if it uses a specific asset or assets or if it grants the right to use the asset, even if that right is not explicitly specified. For agreements occurring before January 1, 2005, the start date is considered as January 1, 2005 in accordance with the transitional requirements of IFRIC 4.

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All "take-or-pay" contracts and any other service and supply contracts that meet the conditions established in IFRIC 4, are reviewed for indicators of an embedded leasing.

q) Revenue recognition - Revenue is recorded when ownership rights and obligations have been substantially transferred to the purchaser, according to the shipment or dispatch of the products, in conformity with the agreed upon conditions and are subject to variations related to the content and/or sales price at their liquidation date. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there are certain contracts for which the rights and obligations are substantially transferred based on receipt of the product at the buyer's destination point, and for these contracts revenue is recorded at the moment of transfer.

Sales contracts include a provisional price at the shipment date, whose final price is generally based on the price recorded in the London Metals Exchange ("LME"). In the majority of cases, the recognition of sales revenue for copper and other commodities is based on the estimates of the future spread of metal price on the LME and/or the spot price at the date of shipment, with a subsequent adjustment made upon final determination and presented as part of "Revenue". The terms of sales contracts with third parties contain provisional pricing arrangements whereby the selling price for metal in concentrate is based on prevailing spot prices on a specified future date after shipment to the customer (the "quotation period"). As such the final price will be fixed on the dates indicated in the contracts. Adjustments to the sales price occurs based on movements in quoted market prices on the LME up to the date of final settlement. The period between provisional invoicing and final settlement can be between one and nine months. Changes in fair value over the quotation period and up until final settlement are estimated by reference to forward market prices for the applicable metals.

Sales in the national market are recorded in conformity with the regulations that govern domestic sales as indicated in Articles 7, 8 and 9 of Law No. 16.624, modified by Article 15 of Decree Law No. 1.349 of 1976, on the determination of the sales price for the internal market.

As indicated in the note related to hedging policies in the markets of metal derivatives, the Corporation enters into operations in the markets of metal derivatives. The net results of these contracts are added to or discounted from revenues.

Additionally the Corporation recognizes revenue for providing services, mainly related to the processing of minerals bought from third parties. Revenue is recognized when the amounts can be measured reliably and when the services have been provided.

r) **Derivative contracts -** Codelco uses derivative financial instruments to reduce the risk of fluctuations in the sales prices of its products and of exchange rates.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date on which the derivative is entered into and subsequently updated at fair value at each reporting date.

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The effective part of the changes in fair value of the derivatives that are allocated as "effective cash flow hedges", is recognized directly in equity, net of taxes, in the item "Cash flow hedge reserves", while the ineffective part is recorded in the statements of comprehensive income on lines Finance expenses or Finance income depending on the effect generated by the ineffectiveness. The amount recognized in net equity is not transferred to other comprehensive income account until the results of the hedged operations are recorded in the statements of comprehensive income or until the maturity date of such operations.

A hedge is considered highly effective when the changes in fair value or in the cash flows of the underlying item attributable to the hedged risk, are offset with the changes in the fair value or in the cash flows of the hedge instruments, with effectiveness between a ranges of 80% - 125%. The corresponding unrealized profit or loss is recognized in comprehensive income for the period, only in those cases in which the contracts are liquidated or when they no longer comply with hedging characteristics.

The total fair value of the hedge derivatives is classified as a non-current asset or liability, if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is greater than 12 months, and as a current asset or liability, if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is lower than 12 months.

All derivatives designated as hedge instruments are classified as current or non-current assets or liabilities, respectively, depending on the maturity date of the derivative.

The derivative contracts entered into by the Corporation are originated by the application of the risk hedge policies indicated below, and are recorded as indicated for each case:

- Hedging policies for exchange rates

From time to time the Corporation enters into exchange rate and interest rate hedge transactions to cover exchange rate variations between the US dollar and the other currencies its transactions are conducted in. Pursuant to the policies established by the Board of Directors these operations are only performed when there are recognized assets or liabilities, the forecast of highly probable transactions or firm commitments, and not for investment or speculative reasons.

The results of foreign exchange insurance operations are recorded at the maturity or liquidation date of the respective contracts.

Hedging policies in the metal derivatives markets

In accordance with the policies approved by the Board of Directors the Corporation entered into contracts in order to hedge future metal prices, backed by physical production, in order to minimize the inherent risks in price fluctuations.

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The hedging policies seek to protect expected cash flows from the sale of products by fixing the prices for a portion of future production, while to the extent necessary adjusting physical contracts to its standard commercial policies. When the sales agreements are fulfilled and the derivative contracts are settled, income from sales and derivative operations is offset.

At each reporting date, these derivative contracts are recorded and adjusted to markedto-market and recorded at the settlement date of the hedging operations, as a part of the sales revenue of the products.

Hedging operations carried out by the Corporation are not of a speculative nature.

Embedded derivatives

The Corporation has established a procedure that allows for evaluation of the existence of embedded derivatives in financial and non-financial contracts. Where there is an embedded derivative, and if the host contract is not recorded at fair value, the procedure determines whether the characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the host contract, in which case it requires a separate recording.

The procedure consists of an initial characterization of each contract that allows for distinguishing of those in which an embedded derivative could exist. In that case, the contract is submitted to a more in-depth analysis. If as a result of this evaluation it is determined that the contract has an embedded derivative that needs to be recorded separately, it is valued and the movements in its fair value are recorded in comprehensive income in the consolidated financial statements.

- s) Financial information by segment For the purposes of IFRS 8, Operating Segments the segments are defined as Codelco's Divisions, plus the Ministro Hales Division, whose starting of operations occurred during the first half of 2014 (at the end of the year 2013, the mine is operating with its pre-stripping, its concentrator finished loading tests and is now beginning its operational phase; only missing the roasting plant). Income and expenses of the Head Office are distributed in the defined segments.
- t) Presentation of Financial Statements For the purposes of IAS 1, Presentation of the Financial Statements, the Corporation establishes the presentation of its statement of financial position classified in "current and non-current" and of its statements of income in conformity with the "by function" method and its cash flows using the direct method.

With respect to the Statements of Other Comprehensive Income (loss) on currency exchange rate cash flow hedges and share of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method, could have an effect of future Statements of Comprehensive Income (loss), while the Statement of Other Comprehensive Income (loss) of actuarial defined benefit plans will not have future effects on the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

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u) Current and non-current financial assets - The Corporation determines the classification of its investments upon initial recognition and reviews these at each closing date. This classification depends on the purpose for which such investments were acquired.

In this section the following categories are observed:

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

This category includes those financial assets acquired for trading or sale in the short term. Their initial and subsequent recognition is performed at fair value, which is obtained as of the observable date in the market. The gains and losses from variations in fair value are included in net income for the period.

Loans granted and accounts receivable:

These correspond to financial assets with fixed or determined payments, and which are not quoted in an active market. Their initial recognition is at fair value, which includes the transaction costs that are directly attributed to the issuance of it. Subsequent to the initial recognition, these are stated at amortized cost, recognizing in the statements of comprehensive income the accrued interest according to the effective interest rate and the possible losses in value of these assets.

A loss in value of the financial assets stated at amortized cost is caused when there is objective evidence that the Corporation will not be able to recover all amounts in accordance with the original terms.

The amount of loss in value is the difference between the carrying amount and the net present value of the future cash flows discounted at the effective interest rate, and it is recognized as an expense in the statements of comprehensive income.

If in subsequent periods there is evidence of a recovery in the value of the financial asset stated at amortized cost, the recognized impairment loss will be reversed as long as it does not generate an amount in the financial asset ledgers that exceeds the one recorded prior to the loss. The accounting of the reversal is recognized in net income for the period.

Finally, an account receivable is not considered recoverable when situations arise such as the dissolution of the company, lack of identifiable assets for its execution or a legal pronouncement.

v) Financial liabilities - Financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value, net of the incurred transaction costs. As the Corporation does not own any financial liabilities held for trading, subsequent to their initial recognition, the financial liabilities are valued at amortized

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cost, using the effective interest rate method, recognizing the interest expenses based on the effective profitability.

The effective interest rate method is a method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and of allocating interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or when appropriate, a shorter period when the associated liability has a prepayment option that is considered to be exercised.

Trade accounts payable and other payables are financial liabilities that do not explicitly accrue interest and are recorded at their nominal value.

The financial liabilities are derecognized when the liabilities are paid or expire.

- w) Allowance for doubtful accounts The Corporation maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts, based on the experience and analysis of Management regarding the portfolio of trade accounts receivable and the aging of the items.
- x) Cash and cash equivalents and Statement of Cash Flows prepared by direct method -Cash equivalents are comprised of highly liquid investments, which have a limited risk in relation to possible changes in value, and maturities of which are less than 90 days from date of purchase.

For the purposes of preparing the statement of cash flows, the Corporation has defined the following:

Cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position include cash at banks and on hand, and short term deposits and other highly liquid short term investments with an original maturity of three months or less. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are classified as external resources in current liabilities.

- **Operating activities:** These are the activities that constitute the main source of operating income for the Corporation, as well as other activities that cannot be classified as investment or financing activities.
- **Investing activities:** These correspond to acquisition or sale activities or disposal through other methods of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.
- **Financing activities:** These are activities that cause changes in the size and composition of net equity and of financial liabilities.
- y) Law No. 13.196 According to Law No. 13.196, the return on foreign currency of Codelco's copper export sales based on the actual sales revenue, including byproducts is

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taxed at 10%. The amount for this concept is presented in the statement of income in the item other expenses, by function.

- z) Cost of sales Cost of sales is determined according to the absorption cost method, including the direct and indirect costs, depreciation, amortization and any other expenses associated with the production process.
- **aa) Environment** The Corporation adheres to the principles of sustainable development, which foster the economic development while safekeeping the environment and the health and safety of its collaborators. The Corporation recognizes that these key principles for the well being of its collaborators, care for the environment and success in its operations.
- **ab)** Classification of current and non-current balances In the consolidated statement of financial position, the balances are classified according to their maturities, that is, as current those with a maturity equal to or less than twelve months and as non-current those with a greater maturity. Where there are obligations whose maturity is less than twelve months, but whose long-term refinancing is insured upon a decision by the Corporation, through credit agreements available unconditionally with long-term maturity, these could be classified as non-current liabilities.

3. New standards and interpretations adopted by the Corporation

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the annual consolidated financial statements of the Corporation for the year ended December 31, 2013; except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective from January 1, 2014, which are:

a) IFRIC 21-Liens.

This rule interprets the provisions of IAS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" with respect to the criteria for recognition of a liability (existence of present obligation as a result of a past event), for the case of taxes, which occurs when the activity described in the relevant legislation triggers the payment of tax. The application of IFRIC 21 has not materially affected the measurements made by the Corporation.

4. New accounting pronouncements

As of the issuance date of these consolidated financial statements, the following IFRS and IFRIC interpretations have been issued by the IASB. Their application was not mandatory:

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New IFRS	Date of mandatory application	Summary
IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018	Financial assets must be entirely classified on the basis of the business model of the entity for financial asset management and the characteristics of contractual cash flows of financial assets. Financial assets under this standard are measured either at amortized cost or fair value. Only financial assets classified as measured at amortized cost must be tested for impairment.
IFRS 14 - Deferred Regulatory Accounts.	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	Standard for the comparability of financial information from entities that are involved in activities with regulated prices. Entities and IFRS financial statements presented should not implement this standard.
IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Clients	Annual Periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017	Provides a new model for revenue recognition, which stresses the concept of the transfer to the customer "control" of assets sold instead of the concept of transferring "risk" alluded to in IAS 18. In addition it requires more detail in disclosures and refers to more detailed sales contracts with multiple elements.

Amendments to IFRS	Date of mandatory application	Summary Indicates that it is not appropriate to use methods of depreciation of an asset based on income, because such methods generally reflect factors other than consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset.	
IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment IAS 38 – Intangible Assets IFRIC 12 – Agreements of Service Concessions	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016		
IAS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment IAS 41 – Agriculture	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	Instructs on the implementation of IAS 16 criteria for biological assets considered plants to produce fruit.	
IFRS 11 – Joint Agreements	Annual periods beginning on or before January 1, 2016	Referring to the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation which constitutes a business, noting that the purchasers must apply all the principles of accounting for business combinations of IFRS 3 Business Combinations and other rules that are not in conflict with guidelines IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements.	
IAS 27 - Seperate Financial Statements	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	Permites the use of the equity method for recognizing investments in affiliates, joint ventures and associates en the separate financial statements	

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IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements IAS 28 – Investments in Associates with Joint Ventures	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	The recognition of profits or losses of sales of assets between an investor and an associate or a joint venture, which are recognized for the total when the transaction involves assets, wich constitute business, will be partial.
IAS 1 – Presentation of Financial Statements	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	Allowed to exercise professional judgement in applying certain topics on presentation and disclosure
IFRS 10 – Consolidated Financial Statements	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2016	Changes to the accounting treatment of investment institutions are included.
IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities		
IAS 28 – Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures		

IAS, International Accounting Standard, IFRS, International Financial Reporting Standard, IFRIC, International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee.

Management believes that these standards, amendments and interpretations described above, shall be adopted in the consolidaded financial statements of the Corporation in the respective years. Codelco is still evaluating the impacts that could be generated from such rules and changes, anticipating that they will not have significant impacts.

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III. EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are detailed as follows:

Items	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
nems	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash on hand	4,400	9,281
Bank balances	142,166	38,256
Time deposits	1,159,852	701,195
Mutual funds – Money market	-	1,431
Resale agreements	4,198	507
Total Cash and cash equivalents	1,310,616	750,670

Valuation of time deposits is made on an accrual basis with an interest rate associated with each of these instruments.

The Corporation does not maintain any significant amounts of cash and cash equivalents that are not available for use.

2. Trade and other receivables

a) Accrual for open sales invoices

As mentioned in the Article of Summary of Significant Accounting Policies, the Corporation adjusts its revenues and balances from trade accounts receivable, based on future copper prices, by recording an accrual for open sales invoices.

When the future price of copper is lower than the provisional invoice amount, this provision is presented in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

- Customers that have debt balances with the Corporation are presented in Current Assets, decreasing the amounts owed by these customers.
- Customers that do not have debt balances with the Corporation are presented in the item Trade and other payables under Current Liabilities.

When the future copper price is higher than the provisional invoice price, the provision is presented in current assets, increasing the amounts owed by customers.

Based on the above-mentioned, trade receivables as of December 31, 2014 and of December 31, 2013 include a negative accrual of ThUS\$ 60,330 and a positive accrual of ThUS\$ 124,905, respectively, related to the accrual of open invoices.

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b) Trade and other receivables

The following chart shows the amounts of Trade and other receivables, with their corresponding allowances:

	Cur	rent	Non-current		
ltems	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	
Items	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Trade receivables (1)	1,598,528	1,591,384	1,391	1,882	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (3)	(2,218)	(2,694)	-	-	
Subtotal trade receivables, net	1,596,310	1,588,690	1,391	1,882	
Other receivables (2)	586,778	602,495	123,284	137,014	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (3)	(5,306)	(5,003)	-	-	
Subtotal other receivables, net	581,472	597,492	123,284	137,014	
Total	2,177,782	2,186,182	124,675	138,896	

(1) Trade receivables are generated by sales of the Corporation, which are generally sold for cash or by bank guarantee.

- (2) Other receivables include the amounts owed mainly by:
 - Personnel of the Corporation, including short-term loans and mortgage loans, payment for which is withheld on a monthly basis from employee paychecks. The mortgage loans are backed by mortgage guarantees.
 - Claims from insurance companies.
 - Liquidations to the Central Bank as per Law 13.196.
 - Advance payments to suppliers and contractors, to be discounted from the corresponding payment statements.
 - Accounts receivable for toll services (Ventanas' Smelter).
 - Tax credit exporter VAT remainder susceptible to refund and other taxes receivable in the amount of ThUS\$186,032 and ThUS\$163,642 at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, respectively.
- (3) The Corporation maintains an allowance for doubtful accounts, based on the experience and analysis of Management regarding the portfolio of trade accounts receivable and the aging of the entries.

The movement in the allowance for doubtful accounts in the twelve month period ended December 31, 2014 and in 2013 was as follows:

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Movements of allowance for	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
doubtful accounts	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	7,697	7,633
Increases	854	388
Write-offs/applications	(1,027)	(324)
Movement, subtotal	(173)	64
Final balance	7,524	7,697

Past due and not impaired balances are detailed as follows:

Maturity	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Maturity	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Less than 90 days	23,633	20,182
Between 90 days and 1 year	6,722	659
More than 1 year	5,861	4,217
Total past-due and not impaired	36,216	25,058

3. Balance and related party disclosures

a) Operations related to third parties

According to the New Corporate Governance Law, Codelco's Board Members were affected in business with related parties, as described in Title XVI of the Corporations law (regarding transactions with related parties in publically traded companies and their affiliates).

Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the provisions of the final paragraph of Article 147 b) of Title XVI, containing emergency regulations regarding the process of approval of transactions with related parties, the Corporation established a general policy of habituality (reported to the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance as material fact), which establishes which establishes common transactions ordinarily made with its related parties within their line of business, contributes to their social interest and are necessary for Codelco's normal developmental activities.

In addition, consistent with the legal framework, the Corporation maintains within its internal framework a specific policy about transactions with persons and companies related to Codelco personnel. Codelco Corporate Standard No. 18 (NCC No. 18), whose latest version currently in force was approved by the Executive President and the Board.

Codelco, without the authorization indicated in NCC No. 18 and of the Board of Directors, when required by Law or the Corporate Statute, shall not enter into contracts involving

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one or more Directors, Executive President, members of the Committee of Managing Directors, Vice President, Legal Counsel, General Auditor, General Manager, Senior Management or staff who must make recommendations and/or has the authority to resolve tenders, purchases and assignments and/or purchases of goods and services and the staff that holds management positions (until the fourth hierarchical level in the organization), including their spouses, children and other relatives up to the 2nd degree of relation, with an interest in itself, directly, or represented by third parties or on behalf of another person. The NCC No. 18 obligates the Corporation's contract to declare all such relationships, as well as remove related job responsibilities from any member within these positions who may be involved.

This prohibition also includes the companies in which such individuals are involved through ownership or management, whether directly or through representation of other natural persons or legal entities, or individuals who have ownership or management interests in those companies.

The Board of Directors has been informed of the transactions covered by Codelco Corporate Standard No. 18, and upon which it must decide, according to this standard.

Among these opera	ations are th	ose indicated	in the followir	ng chart, for th	e total amounts
indicated, which n	need to be	executed in	the periods	specified by	each contract.

	τ		Notice of the	December of the	1/1/2014 12/31/2014	1/1/2013 12/31/2013
Entity	Taxpayer Number	Country	Nature of the relationship	Description of the transaction	Amount	Amount
	Number		relationship	transaction	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Ecometales Limited (Chilean agency)	59.087.530-9	Chile	Affiliate	Services	39.644	45,753
Fundación Orguesta Sinfónica Infantil de los Andes	65.018.784-9	Chile	Founder	Services	563	45,755
Club de Deportes Cobresal	70.658.400-5	Chile	Employee P de. Club	Services	505	355
Centro de Capacitación y Recreación Radomiro Tomic	75.985.550-7	Chile	Other Relations	Services	918	
Codelco Shanghai Company Limited.	Foreigner	China	Affiliate	Services	1.610	1,375
Centro de Especialidades Médicas Río Blanco Ltda.	76.064.682-2	Chile	Affiliate	Services	6,985	6,954
Sociedad de Procesamiento de Molibdeno Ltda.	76.148.338-2	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	20,836
Consultor Jannet Troncoso Carvajal E.I.R.L	76.174.237-K	Chile	Employee Relative	Services	-	137
Inversiones Raul Martinez E.I.R.L	76.791.980-8	Chile	Employee of Ejecutive	Services	-	125
Prestaciones de Servicios de la Salud Intersalud Ltda.	77.270.020-2	Chile	Affiliate	Services	21	3,428
Fundacion Educacional Chuguicamata	72.747.300-9	Chile	Founder	Services	-	2,650
Cosando Construcción y Montaje Ltda.	77.755.770-K	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	2,182	10,778
Anglo American Sur S.A.	77.762.940-9	Chile	Investee	Services	-	20
Inmobiliaria e Inversiones Rio Cipreses Ltda.	77.928.390-9	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	276
Hatch Ingenieros y Consultores Ltda.	78.784.480-4	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	12,180	-
Institución de Salud Previsional Chuquicamata Ltda.	79.566.720-2	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	52,000
Empresa Nacional de Telecomunicaciones S.A	92.580.000-7	Chile	Director's family	Services	2,890	515
CIS Ingenieros Asociados S.A.	88.422.600-7	Chile	Director's ownership	Services	18	1,044
CIS Asociados Consultores en Transporte S.A.	78.306.360-3	Chile	Director's ownership	Services	25	-
Institución de Salud Previsional Rio Blanco Ltda.	89.441.300-K	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	43,552
Salomón Sack S.A.	90.970.000-0	Chile	Director's ownership	Supplies	1,440	301
				Purchase of rights		
Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	96.701.340-4	Chile	Investee	of the use of GNL	-	10,005
				terminal		
Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	96.701.340-4	Chile	Investee	Supplies	210	-
S y S Ingenieros Consultores Ltda.	84.146.100-2	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	35	-
B.Bosch S.A.	84.716.400-K	Chile	Employee's relative	Supplies	-	5,352
Clínica Río Blanco S.A	99.573.600-4	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	28
Finning Chile S.A	91.489.000-4	Chile	Employee's relative	Supplies	53,795	310,398
Exploraciones Mineras Andinas S.A.	99.569.520-0	Chile	Affiliate	Services	-	128,537
Inversiones Gacrux SpA Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA	76.173.357-5	Chile Chile	Affiliate Affiliate	Services	-	118 117
Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA Inversiones Mineras Becrux S.A.	76.167.903-1 76.173.783-K	Chile	Affiliate	Services Services	-	117
Complejo Portuario Mejillones S.A.	96.819.040-7	Chile	Affiliate	Services	13,785	111
Fundación Educacional el Salvador	73.435.300-0	Chile	Foundry	Services	13,765	-
	10.400.000-0	Cline	i ouriury	OCIVICES	40	- 1

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Asesorías y Consultorías Domingo Jeréz EIRL	76.312.085-6	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	220	-1	
Miji Asesorías y Consultorías EIRL	76.219.287-K	Chile	Affiliate	Services	108	-	
Fundación Sewell	65.493.830-K	Chile	Founder	Services	39	-	
Ferront y cia Ltda.	77.395.540-9	Chile	Employee's relative	Supplies	66	-	
Arcadis Chile S.A.	89.371.200-3	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	482	-	
Incxa S.A.	99.513.620-1	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	799	-	
Coya Country Club	82.840.200-5	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	94	-	
Capacitación y Eventos Club Ansco Ltda.	70.258.300-4	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	94	-	
RSA Seguros Chile S.A.	99.017.000-2	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	28,770	-	
Sonda S.A.	83.628.100-4	Chile	Employee's relative	Services	2,573	-	
Ingenieria de Protección S.A.	89.722.200-0	Chile	Employee's relative	Supplier	2,773	-	
Xtreme Mining Ltda.	96.953.700-1	Chile	Employee's relative	Supplier	11,900	-	
Corporación Club de Deportes Cobreloa	70.413.000-7	Chile	Director's ownership	Services	1.989	-	

b) Key Personnel of the Corporation

In accordance with the policy established by the Board of Directors and its related regulation, those transactions affecting the Directors, its Executive President, Vice presidents, Corporate Auditor, the members of the Divisional Management Committees and Divisional General Managers should be approved by this Board.

During the periods of 2014 and 2013, the members of the Board of Directors have received the following amounts as per diems, salaries and fees:

Name	Taxpayer Number	Country	Nature of the relationship	Description of the relationship	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 Amount ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 Amount ThUS\$
Augusto González Aguirre	6.826.386-7	Chile	Director	Director's fees	101	111
Augusto González Aguirre	6.826.386-7	Chile	Director	Payroll	187	133
Blas Tomic Errázuriz Dante Contreras Guajardo	5.390.891-8 9.976.475-9	Chile Chile	Director Director	Director's fees Director's fees	101 66	58 -
Gerardo Jofré Miranda	5.672.444-3	Chile	Director	Director's fees	118	166
Laura Albornoz Pollmann Marcos Büchi Buc (1)	10.338.467-2 7.383.017-6	Chile Chile	Director Director	Director's fees Director's fees	66 -	-
Marcos Lima Aravena	5.119.963-4	Chile	Director	Director's fees	126	138
Oscar Landerretche Moreno	8.366.611-0	Chile	Chairman of the Board	Director's fees	100	-
Raimundo Espinoza Concha	6.512.182-4	Chile	Director	Director's fees	101	111
Raimundo Espinoza Concha	6.512.182-4	Chile	Director	Payroll	40	71
Andrés Tagle Domínguez	5.895.255-9	Chile	Director(*)	Director's fees	35	111
Fernando Porcile Valenzuela	4.027.183-K	Chile	Director(*)	Director's fees	35	111
Jorge Bande Bruck	5.899.738-2	Chile	Director(*)	Director's fees	-	39
Juan Luis Ossa Bulnes	3.638.915-K	Chile	Director(*)	Director's fees	35	109

(1) During the period between January 1st and December 31, 2014 and 2013, the company has not issued any payment of wages to Mr. Marcos Büchi Buc, stemming from his participation as a Director of the Corporation, as he has expressly and irrevocably waived such payments, in addition to any collection of wages present or future in relation to this participation.

Through Supreme Decree of the Treasury Department No. 458, dated March 14, 2014, the method for determining the remunerations of the Corporation's Directors was updated. This document details the calculation method of such remunerations, as per the following:

a. The monthly salary of the Directors of Codelco for participating in Board meetings fixed in the amount of Ch\$ 3,618,736 - (three million six hundred eighteen thousand, seven hundred and thirty six Chilean pesos).

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- b. A unique monthly salary of Ch\$ 7,237,472 (Seven million two hundred thirty seven thousand, four hundred seventy two Chilean pesos) is established for the Chairman of the Board.
- c. Directors that shall participate in a Board Committee, whether the one referred to in Article 50 bis) of law No. 18.046 or another established by the by-laws of the Corporation, receive a single additional monthly amount of Ch\$ 1,206,245 (one million two hundred and six thousand, two hundred and forty five Chilean pesos) for their participation, notwithstanding the number of committees in which they participate. In addition, the director holding the chair of the Directors' Committee shall receive a single monthly remuneration for his participation in committees of Ch\$ 2,412,491 (two million four hundred and twelve thousand, four hundred ninety one Chilean pesos).
- d. The established salaries are in effect for a timeframe of two years, as of March 1, 2014. They will be adjusted on January 1, 2015, in accordance to the same provisions that govern the general wage adjustments of officials of the Public Sector.

On the other hand, in relation to the short term benefits from the executives who form the administrative line of the Corporation; paid during the period of January – December 2014, a total amount of ThUS\$8,751 (January – December 2013: ThUS\$10,641)

The criterias that determine the wages for the executives were established by the Board of Directors by agreement of January 29, 2003.

During the period of January through December of 2014 and 2013, payments were made to the Principle Executives of Codelco as compensation for years of service, equal to ThUS\$1,572 and ThUS\$1,081 respectively.

There were no payments for other noncurrent benefits during the period of January through December 2014 and 2013, other then those mentioned in the previous paragraph.

There are no share based benefit plans.

c) Transactions with companies in which Codelco has participation

In addition, the Corporation performs necessary commercial and financial transactions with entities in which it has capital ownership. The financial transactions correspond mainly to loans in checking accounts.

The commercial operations with related companies refer to the purchase and sale of products or services, at market conditions and prices and which do not consider interest or indexation. These companies, for the period January – December 2014 and 2013, are the following: Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A., Copper Partners Investment Corporation Ltd., Copper for Energy, Sociedad Contractual Minera Purén, Sociedad Contractual Minera El

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Abra, Agua de La Falda S.A., Ecosea Farming S.A., Comotech S.A., Deutsche Geissdraht GmbH, Inca de Oro S.A. and Anglo American Sur S.A.

The Corporation does not establish an allowance for doubtful accounts for the main items receivable from their related companies, as these have been registered by including the relevant safeguards in the respective debt contracts.

Accounts receivable from and payable to relate companies as of December 31, 2014 and of December 31, 2013, are detailed as follows:

Accounts receivable from related companies:

Taxpayer		Nature of the		Nature of the Indexation		Cur	rent	Non-c	urrent
Number	Entity	Country	relationship			12/31/2013 ThUS\$	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$	
76.775.710-7	GNL Mejillones S.A.	Chile	Associate	USD	-	23,125	-	-	
73.063.022-5	Inca de Oro	Chile	Associate	USD	20	-	-	-	
76.255.054-7	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Chile	Associate	USD	1,258	-	-	-	
96.701.340-4	Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	Chile	Associate	USD	120	17	-	-	
96.801.450-1	Agua de la Falda S.A.	Chile	Associate	USD	-	-	224	224	
76.133.034-9	Copper for Energy S.A.	Chile	Associate	USD	-	6	-	-	
Foreign	Copper Partners Invest. Company Ltd.	Bermuda	Joint venture	USD	8,090	7,735	-	-	
	Total					30,883	224	224	

Accounts payable to related companies:

Taxpayer		Nature of the		Indexation	Cur	rent	Non-cu	urrent
Number	Entity	Country	relationship	currency	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
76.775.710-7	GNL Mejillones S.A.	Chile	Associate	USD	530			
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Chile	Associate	USD	35,276	65,153	-	-
96.701.340-4	Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	Chile	Associate	USD	60,640	51,370	-	-
Foreign	Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd.	Bermuda	Joint venture	USD	33,611	33,610	193,710	230,692
Foreign	Deutsche Geissdraht GmbH	Germany	Associate	EURO	20,583	3,816	-	-
	Total					153,949	193,710	230,692

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The transactions performed between the Corporation and its related companies during the periods of 2014 and 2013 are detailed in the next chart together with their corresponding effects on profit or loss:

						/2014 1/2014		2013 /2013
Taxpayer number	Entity	Nature of the relationship	Country	Indexation currency	Amount	Effects on net income (charges) / credits	Amount	Effects on net income (charges) / credits
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Foreign	Copper Partners Investment Co. Ltd.	Product Sales	Bermuda	USD	122,883	122,883	117,626	117,626
Foreign	Copper Partners Investment Co. Ltd.	Dividends received	Bermuda	USD	147,000	-	165,000	-
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Dividends received	Chile	USD	68,467	-	280,252	-
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Product Purchase	Chile	USD	234,237	(234,237)	574,006	(574,006)
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Product Sales	Chile	USD	783	783	2,349	2,349
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Purchase of energy	Chile	USD	-	-	12,921	(12,921)
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Collection of loans	Chile	USD	23,125	23,125	37,112	1,423
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Loan interests	Chile	USD	358	358	-	-
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Retention services	Chile	USD	(891)	(891)	-	-
76.775.710-5	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Inventory retention	Chile	USD	891	891	-	-
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Reimbursement	Chile	USD	(6,174)	(6,174)	-	-
76.775.710-7	Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	Fee Guarantee	Chile	USD	-	-	63	63
96.701.340-4	SCM El Abra	Dividends Recieved	Chile	USD	279,300	-	158,760	-
96.701.340-4	SCM El Abra	Product Purchase	Chile	USD	557,875	(557,875)	549,308	(549,308)
96.701.340-4	SCM El Abra	Product Sales	Chile	USD	25,682	25,682	23,850	23,850
96.701.340-4	SCM El Abra	Purchase of Services	Chile	USD	1,478	(1,478)	6,206	(6,206)
96.701.340-4	SCM El Abra	Comissions received	Chile	USD	203	203	189	189
Foreign	Deutsche Geissdraht GmbH	Dividends received	Germany	EURO	923	-	943	-
76.063.022-5	Inca de Oro S.A.	Contribution	Chile	USD	153	-	1,547	-
76.255.054-7	Planta Recuperadora de Metales	Contribution	Chile	USD	3,954	-	-	-

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

d. The current and non-current accounts payable for the entity Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd., corresponds to the balance of the advance payment received (US\$550 million) due to the trade agreement with Minmetals.

Transactions for the purchase and sales of products with Anglo American Sur S.A., correspond on the one hand, to the normal operation that both companies made to acquire copper and other products, while on the other hand, there exist certain transactions that are associated with the contract between the afiliate Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux SpA (the non-controlling shareholder is Mitsui) and Anglo American Sur S.A., in which the latter agrees to sell a portion of its annual copper output to said subsidiary.

On August 24, 2012, the Corporation, with the approval of their respective board of Directors, purchased the shares of Anglo American Sur S.A., of Inversiones Anglo American Sur S.A., Rut: 77.762.890-9. The price paid by the Corporation via its subsidiary Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA was ThUS\$2,799,795. Out of the above-mentioned amount ThUS\$1,100,000 relates to the interest acquired by Mitsui.

4. Inventories

Inventories as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are detailed as follows:

Items	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Finished products	645,734	639,034
Subtotal finished products, net	645,734	639,034
Products in process	1,297,113	1,166,900
Subtotal products in process, net	1,297,113	1,166,900
Material in warehouse and other	523,464	488,198
Obsolescence allowance adjustment	(60,099)	(50,121)
Subtotal material in warehouse and other, net	463,365	438,077
Total Inventory	2,406,212	2,244,011

Inventories recognized as cost of operation for the periods ended at December 31, 2014 and 2013 correspond to finished goods and amount to ThUS\$10,040,684 and ThUS\$10,760,122 respectively.

In the materials category "warehouse and others", the Corporation discloses a reclassification of strategic inventories to Property, Plant and Equipment on December 31, 2014 with an amount of ThUS\$27,302 and ThUS\$83,763 on December 31, 2013.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The change in the obsolescence provision is described in the following table:

Obsolescence allowance movements	ThUS\$
Initial Balance 1/1/2014	(50,121)
Period allowance	(11,777)
Allowance reversal	1,799
Final Balance 12/31/2014	(60,099)

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013 Codelco has not written off inventory that has been recognized in the Statements of Comprehensive Income.

At the end of the financial period ended December 31, 2014, the book value of inventories under evaluation of the concept of net realizable value under IAS 2 - amounted to ThUS \$399,601 (December 31, 2013: ThUS\$229,047). Product of the evaluation, the Corporation adjusted inventories on those assets whose book value exceeds its net realizable value, reaching the balance of this adjustment to the date indicated in the amount of ThUS\$50,905 (December 31, 2013: ThUS\$25,354), which is deducted from the aforementioned figure.

Codelco, along with Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra, purchase and sell copper. At December 31, 2014, the value of finished goods inventories for this category did not have a provision for unrealized profit. At December 31, 2013, an unrealized provision of ThUS\$6,238 was filed.

The Corporation realizes operations for the purchase and sale of copper with Anglo American Sur S.A. The value of finished goods inventories for this category at December 31, 2014, has an unrealized profit provision of ThUS\$172. At December 31, 2013, the Corporation had an unrealized provision of ThUS\$3,336.

5. Deferred taxes and income taxes

This provision is stated in the item Current Tax Assets, in current assets, net of monthly provisional tax payments and other tax credits (Note 6).

For the Specific Tax on Mining Activities, in accordance with Law 20.469, a tax rate of 5% was estimated for this fiscal period.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Deferred tax assets	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Provisions	1,099,498	1,145,649
Unrealized gains	21,704	32,046
Finance lease	18,054	18,706
Derivatives – futures	-	8,535
Advances from clients	152,371	163,380
Hedged Swap derivatives of exchange rates	15,222	4,892
Health care plans	14,654	14,654
Other	8,679	3,132
Total deferred tax assets	1,330,192	1,390,994

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are detailed as follows:

Deferred tax liabilities	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
IFRIC 20 First adoption	14,971	13,820
Taxes from Mining Activity	57,553	61,802
Price-level restatement of PP&E IFRS first time adoption	897,536	1,041,494
Valuation of employee termination benefits	47,686	82,757
Accelerated depreciation	3,628,132	2,780,984
Anglo American Sur S.A. investment	735,713	669,230
Income from fair value of mining properties	108,509	80,377
Derivatives Hedging future contracts	9,451	-
Other	34,650	58,574
Total deferred tax liabilities	5,534,201	4,789,038

The effect of deferred taxes affecting equity is summarized as follows:

Deferred taxes affecting Equity	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	
Belefica taxes affecting Equity	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Cash Flow Hedge	(7,656)	4,961	
Defined Benefit Plans	208,049	16,908	
Total deferred taxes affecting equity	200,393	21,869	

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	12/31/2014								
Items	Taxable Base 21%	Taxable Base 40%	Tax rate 21%	Additional Tax rate 40%	Total				
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$				
Profit (losses) before taxes	1,965,104	1,965,104	(412,672)	(786,042)	(1,198,714)				
Profit before taxes affiliates	(13,367)	(13,367)	2,807	5,347	8,154				
Profit before taxes consilidated	1,951,737	1,951,737	(409,865)	(780,695)	(1,190,560)				
Permanent differences									
Taxes of first category (21%)	(108,086)	-	22,698	-	22,698				
Specific tax for government firms Art. 2 D.L. 2.398 (40%)	-	(39,405)	-	15,763	15,763				
Subtotal determined tax	-	-	-	-	(1,152,099)				
Exchange Rate Effect catagory 1	-	-	-	-	(13,298)				
Fair value amortization Anglo American Sur S.A.	-	-	-	-	25,574				
Specific mining tax	-	-	-	-	(101,001)				
Total tax expense				(1,240,823)					

A reconciliation of taxes considering the legal tax rate and the calculation of the taxes actually paid is detailed as follows:

		12/31/2013								
Items	Taxable Base 20%	Taxable Base 40%	Tax rate 20%	Additional Tax rate 40%	Total					
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$					
Profit (losses) before taxes	2,655,932	2,655,932	(531,186)	(1,062,373)	(1,593,559)					
Profit before taxes affiliates	75,978	75,978	(15,196)	(30,391)	(45,587)					
Profit before taxes consilitadated	2,731,910	2,731,910	(546,382)	(1,092,764)	(1,639,146)					
Permanent differences										
Taxes of first category (21%)	(302,107)	-	60,421	-	60,421					
Specific tax for government firms Art. 2 D.L. 2.398 (40%)	-	(158,319)	-	63,329	63,329					
Subtotal determined tax	-	-	-	-	(1,515,396)					
Fair value amortization Anglo American Sur S.A.	-	-	-	-	29,222					
Specific mining tax	-	-	-	-	(131,165)					
Total tax expense					(1,617,339)					

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Tax Reform in Chile

On September 29, 2014, the Law N° 20.780 was published named "Tax Reform which modifies the Tax System on the income and which introduces various adjustments on the Tax System."

Among the principal changes, the creation of two optional tax systems stand out: The Attributed Income System, which establishes the progressive increase of the tax rate of the first category for the commercial years 2014, 2015, 2016 and 2017 inreasing to 21%, 22.5%, 24%, 25%, respectively; and in the partially integrated system, which establishes a progressive increase of the tax rate of the first category for the commercial years 2014, 2015, 2016, 2016, 2017 and 2018 increasing to 21%, 22.5%, 24%, 25.5% and 27% respectively.

For the calculation of the deferred taxes, the Corporation, notwithstanding the above, has applied a General Taxation Regime, with tax rates notched for commercial years 2014, 2015, 2016, and 2017 onwards, increasing it to 21%, 22.5%, 24% and 25%, respectively. There exists the option to avail of the schemes provided for in Article 14, as the Company of the state. Meanwhile, subsidiaries and associates for the calculation of deferred taxes were applied to the partial integrated tax system by default. Through extraordinary meeting of the shareholders, which will be held in the second half of 2016, the Corporation may choose the change of the system of the Attributed income.

The change of the rate from 20% to 21% originated during the period January to December 2014, which implies an increased current tax expense of ThUS\$6,979, which is registered as income tax in the income statement.

In relation to deferred tax provisions, the circulated report No. 856 of the Superintendency of Securities and Insurances is considered, which states that the differences of deferred tax assets and liabilities arising as a direct effect of the increased tax rate in the first category will be recorded in the respective year against equity. The amount recorded in equity corresponds to ThUS\$646,897, recorded in the accompanying financial statements as of December 31, 2014.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

6. Current tax assets and liabilities

In both areas the income tax receivables and tax liabilities to net income of monthly provisional payments are recorded respectively.

Current Tay Acasta	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	
Current Tax Assets	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Recoverable Taxes	149,847	148,407	
Affiliates	40,036	31,352	
Total Current Tax Assets	189,883	179,759	

	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Current Tax Liabilities	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Provision for Income Tax	483,466	1,012,241
Provision for Mining Tax	89,490	110,599
Provision PPM	9,805	12,774
Credits on Current Taxes	(581,144)	(853,466)
Reclasification	-	(263,914)
Others	608	(2,511)
Total Current Tax Liabilities	2,225	15,723

7. Property, Plant and Equipment

a) The balances of Property, plant and equipment at December 31, 2014 compared with December 31, 2013, are as follows:

Property, Plant and Equipment, gross	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Work in progress	6,573,785	7,710,714
Land	125,699	126,792
Buildings	4,871,036	3,598,214
Plant and equipment	13,928,510	11,873,805
Fixtures and fittings	52,420	47,599
Motor vehicles	1,874,770	1,646,457
Land improvements	4,302,421	3,943,872
Mining operations	5,194,551	4,451,724
Mine development	1,164,442	1,163,561
Other assets	1,389,232	1,258,693
Total Property, Plant and Equipment, gross	39,476,866	35,821,431

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Property, Plant and Equipment, accumulated depreciation	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$	
Work in progress	-	-	
Land	-	-	
Buildings	2,425,302	2,252,824	
Plant and equipment	8,067,566	7,388,801	
Fixtures and fittings	35,231	32,058	
Motor vehicles	972,491	845,974	
Land improvements	2,459,842	2,256,779	
Mining operations	2,428,777	1,965,717	
Mine development	678,495	573,777	
Other assets	356,145	378,690	
Total Property, Plant and Equipment, accumulated depreciation	17,423,849	15,694,620	

Property, Plant and Equipment, net	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Work in progress	6,573,785	7,710,714
Land	125,699	126,792
Buildings	2,445,734	1,345,390
Plant and equipment	5,860,944	4,485,004
Fixtures and fittings	17,189	15,541
Motor vehicles	902,279	800,483
Land improvements	1,842,579	1,687,093
Mining operations	2,765,774	2,486,007
Mine development	485,947	589,784
Other assets	1,033,087	880,003
Total Property, Plant and Equipment, net	22,053,017	20,126,811

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of the Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

- Movement of Property, plant and equipment:

Movements	Work in progress	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Land improvements	Mining operations	Mine development	Other assets	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as of											
1/1/2014	7,710,714	126,792	1,345,390	4,485,004	15,541	800,483	1,687,093	2,486,007	589,784	880,003	20,126,811
Additions	3,114,300	-	2,882	148,688	459	1,600	1,771	498,244	-	61,004	3,828,948
Disposals	(29,323)	-	-	(15,379)	(387)	(2,556)	-	-	-	(5,690)	(53,335)
Capitalizations	(4,046,017)	437	1,286,581	1,711,208	4,476	233,389	340,389	395,566	882	73,089	-
Depreciation and											
amortization	-	-	(165,810)	(626,430)	(3,297)	(134,758)	(197,315)	(547,093)	(148,865)	(82,216)	(1,905,784)
Reclassifications	(158,060)	-	(34,223)	25,575	334	4,172	(1,223)	(66,380)	44,147	87,933	(97,725)
Impairment	-	-	15,314	133,156	68	4	11,656	-	-	-	160,198
Others	(17,829)	(1,530)	(4,400)	(878)	(5)	(55)	208	(570)	(1)	18,964	(6,096)
Total movements	(1,136,929)	(1,093)	1,100,344	1,375,940	1,648	101,796	155,486	279,767	(103,837)	153,084	1,926,206
Final balance 12/31/2014	6,573,785	125,699	2,445,734	5,860,944	17,189	902,279	1,842,579	2,765,774	485,947	1,033,087	22,053,017

Movements	Work in progress	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixtures and fittings	Motor vehicles	Land improvements	Mining operations	Mine development	Other assets	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance as of											
1/1/2013	5,515,165	119,265	1,302,373	4,804,873	8,362	627,312	1,668,923	1,755,009	510,866	755,801	17,067,949
Additions	4,294,697	1	-	2,261	28	1,668	-	455,900	-	9,001	4,763,556
Disposals	(2,158)	-	(1,367)	(7,625)	(153)	(9,762)	-	(920)	-	(4,938)	(26,923)
Capitalizations	(1,833,635)	8,655	102,281	563,044	896	263,342	183,102	514,332	193,260	4,723	-
Depreciation and											
amortization	-	-	(129,229)	(640,509)	(3,341)	(100,888)	(219,786)	(401,832)	(114,342)	(78,091)	(1,688,018)
Reclassifications	(230,736)	-	71,973	(105,460)	9,895	18,682	33,775	158,113	-	127,521	83,763
Dismantling Asset	-	-	(8,618)	(74,935)	(38)	(2)	(6,560)	-	-	-	(90,153)
Others	(32,619)	(1,129)	7,977	(56,645)	(108)	131	27,639	5,405	-	65,986	16,637
Total movements	2,195,549	7,527	43,017	(319,869)	7,179	173,171	18,170	730,998	78,918	124,202	3,058,862
Final balance 12/31/2013	7,710,714	126,792	1,345,390	4,485,004	15,541	800,483	1,687,093	2,486,007	589,784	880,003	20,126,811

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

- The value of construction in progress, is directly associated with the operating activities of the Corporation and its subsidiaries, and relates to the acquisition of equipment and projects in construction.
- The Corporation has contracted insurance policies to cover the potential risks to which the various elements of property, plant and equipment are subject, and any claims that could arise from their activities during the period, these policies provide adequate coverage of the potential risks.
- Borrowing costs capitalized for the period from January 1 to December 31, 2014 amounted to ThUS\$112,801 calculated on an annual capitalization rate of 3.50% and while the amount corresponding to December 31, 2013 was ThUS\$178,412 on an annual rate of 3,81% capitalization.
- The costs of exploration and drilling of deposits are recognized in profit or loss in accordance with the accounting policy for Codelco and cash outflows disbursed by the same concepts that are presented in the following table:

Expenditure on exploration and drilling reservoirs	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Profit or (loss)	59,215	67,856
Cash outflows	68,759	60,949

- The item "Other assets" under "Property, plant and equipment" includes:

Other assets, net	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Other assets, net	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Leasing assets	96,296	66,061
Mining properties from purchase of Anglo American Sur S.A. shares	402,000	402,000
Others	534,791	411,942
Total other assets, net	1,033,087	880,003

- With the exception of assets under lease whose legal title corresponds to the lessor, the Corporation currently has no ownership restrictions relating to assets belonging to Property, plant and equipment.
- The Corporation at December 31, 2014 had strategic inventory reclassification for property, plant and equipment, equal to the amount of ThUS\$27,302. At December 31, 2013 it amounted to ThUS\$83,763.
- The estimate of the total variation of 2014 between the two criteria of depreciation, production units versus linear system (estimated) is ThUS\$135,033.

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Codelco has not granted "Property, plant and equipment" assets as collateral to third parties in order to enable the realization of its normal business activities or as a commitment to support payment obligations.

8. Investments accounted for using the equity method

The following table sets forth the carrying amount and the share of profit of the investments accounted for using the equity method:

	Equity Method		Accrued Net Income	
Items	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Investments in associates accounted for using the	11035	mosø	mosø	11059
equity method	6,665,113	7,341,196	121,187	304,549
Joint Ventures	133,593	153,786	126,807	139,584
Total	6,798,706	7,494,982	247,994	444,133

a) Associates

Agua de la Falda S.A.

As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 43.28% interest in Agua de la Falda S.A., with the remaining 56.72% owned by Minera Meridian Limitada.

The line of business of this company is to exploit deposits of gold and other minerals, in the third region of the country.

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra was formed in 1994. As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 49% interest in Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra, with the remaining 51% owned by Cyprus El Abra Corporation, a subsidiary of Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Inc.

Company activities involve the extraction, production and marketing of copper cathodes.

Sociedad Contractual Minera Purén

As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 35% interest in Sociedad Contractual Minera Purén, with the remaining 65% owned by Compañía Minera Mantos de Oro.

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This company's line of business is to explore, identify, survey, investigate, develop and exploit mineral deposits in order to extract, produce and process ore.

Mining Industry Robotic Solutions S.A.

Until the May 17, 2013, Codelco had a 36% stake of its capital shares, 53% was owned by Support Company Limited, 9% by Nippon Mining & Metals Co. Ltd., and 2% by Kuka Roboter GmbH.

On May 17, 2013, Codelco and Support Company Limited, agreed to enter into a transaction whereby the Corporation sold its stake to Support Company Limited. The result of this operation before tax was ThUS\$731.

Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.

As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 37% interest in Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A., with the remaining 63% owned by Suez Energy Andino S.A. These interests were established on November 5, 2010 when the Corporation did not increase the capital agreed upon by the meeting of shareholders of such company. Before the actual increase, both the Corporation and Suez Energy Andino S.A. had a 50% interest each.

This company's line of business is the production, storage, marketing, transportation and distribution of all types of fuel, and the acquisition, construction, maintenance and operation of infrastructure facilities and construction projects necessary for transport, reception, processing and storage both in Chile and abroad, singly or in partnership with third parties.

Comotech S.A.

As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 48.19% interest in Comotech S.A. through its indirect subsidiary Innovaciones en Cobre S.A.

The company's line of business is to carry out research activities to increase the demand for molybdenum at the national and international level through new and better applications, uses and/or markets.

Inca de Oro S.A.

On June 1st, 2009 Codelco's Board authorized the formation of a company destined to developing studies to allow continuity of the Inca de Oro Project.

On February 15, 2011, the association of Codelco and Minera PanAust IDO Ltda. was approved in respect to the Inca de Oro deposit, with 66% of the share of Inca de Oro S.A. held by Minera PanAust IDO Ltda. and Codelco maintains a 34% share. Before the materialization of this association, Codelco owned the 100% of the society.

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The financial effects from this operation generated a profit before income tax of ThUS\$ 33,668 during the period ended at December 31, 2011.

At December 30, 2014, in the Extraordinary Shareholders' meeting held on that date, it was agreed to increase the capital share of ThUS\$102,010, reducing Codelco to 33.19%

At December 31, 2014, the company has reduced the values of the mineral property exploration and evaluation expenses resulting from an impairment analysis of assets according to accounting standards.

Copper for Energy S.A.

As of December 31, 2014, Codelco has a 25% interest in the share capital of International Copper Association Ltd., a 25% interest in Fundación Chile and a 25% interest in Universidad de Chile.

Copper for Energy S.A.'s line of business is to develop and commercialize new products and applications for copper, destined to make the most efficient use of energy and/ or to generate and utilize renewable energy; conducting and ordering research, carrying out studies and projects, rendering of training services and activities.

Deutsche Giessdraht GmbH

As of December 31, 2014, Aurubis and Codelco through its affiliate, Codelco Kupferhandel GmbH, have a 60% and 40% interest, respectively.

The company produces wire rods in its Emmerich, Germany facility.

Anglo American Sur S.A.

On August 24, 2012, the company Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA., (Acrux) and its affiliates (the shares divided between Mitsui & Co. Ltd. (Mitsui) and Codelco, but with Codelco maintaining control), acquired a 29.5% share interest in Anglo American Sur S.A. (AAS), of which, 24.5% corresponds to the indirect ownership of Codelco on AAS.

Subsequently, on November 26, 2012, Codelco sold 44,900 of its shares of Acrux to its partner Mitsui, generating a profit before tax of ThUS\$7,626.

After the above mentioned sale, Codelco reduced its indirect share interest in AAS to 20%, while Mitsui increased its participation to 9.5%. This situation remains without changes as of December 31, 2012.

At December 31, 2014, the control of Anglo American Sur belongs to Inversiones Anglo American Sur S.A. with a 50.06% share interest, while the non-controlling interest corresponds to Acrux through its subsidiary Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA., with a 29.5% and Mitsubishi group with a 20.44%.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The principal activities of the Company are the exploration, extraction, exploitation, production, processing and trading of minerals, concentrates, precipitates, copper bars and all metallic and non-metallic minerals, all fossil substances and liquid and gaseous hydrocarbons naturally presented. This includes the exploration, exploitation and use of all natural energy sources capable of industrial use and the products or by-products obtained, as well as any other related, connected or complementary activities in which the shareholders agree.

Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA

On December 3, 2012, Planta Recuperadora Metales SpA was established, with Codelco owning 100% of the entity.

On July 7, 2014, Codelco reduced their participation in the total equity of the firm Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA to a 51%. LS-Nikko Copper Inc. holds the remaining 49% of the equity. At December 31, 2014, the control of the entity is based on the control elements that are described in the shareholders agreement.

The principal activity of the company is the processing of intermediate products of the refining and processing of copper and other metals, with the aim to recover copper, the other metals and other containing sub products, their transformation in commercial products and to commercialize and distribute all class of goods or inputs which stand in relation with the mentioned process.

			Equity	Interest	Equity	Method	Accrued N	let Income
Associates	Taxpayer Number	Functional Currency	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	12/31//2014	12/31/2013	1/1/2014 12/31/2014	1/1/2013 12/31/2013
			%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Deutsche Geissdraht GmbH	Foreign	EURO	40.0%	40.0%	3,688	3,627	1,842	1,311
Agua de la Falda S.A.	96.801.450-1	USD	43.3%	43.3%	4,948	5,589	(641)	(86)
Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	96.701.340-4	USD	49.0%	49.0%	701,990	838,225	149,258	169,433
Minera Purén SCM	76.028.880-2	USD	35.0%	35.0%	8,628	8,833	(205)	(263)
Sociedad GNL Mejillones S.A.	76.775.710-7	USD	37.0%	37.0%	59,052	56,582	2,247	8,699
MI Robotic Solutions S.A.	76.869.100-2	CLP	-	36.0%	-	-	-	(270)
Inca de Oro S.A.	73.063.022-5	USD	33.2%	34.0%	22,616	53,423	(30,871)	(90)
Anglo American Sur S.A.	77.762.940-9	USD	29.5%	29.5%	5,860,559	6,374,917	101	126,095
Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other	76.255.054-7	USD	51.0%	-	3,632	-	(537) (7)	- (280)
TOTAL					6,665,113	7,341,196	(7) 121,187	304,549

The following table demonstrates the equity value and accrued results of investments in associates:

In respect of investments in associates accounted for under the equity method, the following tables with details of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are presented as well as the major movements and respective results for the periods ended December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	1,552,967	1,912,177
Non-Current assets	6,604,262	6,759,726
Current liabilities	766,139	1,145,842
Non-Current liabilities	1,245,761	1,290,594

Net Income	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Revenue Cost of sales	4,010,079 (3,408,128)	4,566,849 (3,314,082)
Profit for the period	601,951	1,252,767

Movements of Investment in Associates	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Opening balances	7,341,196	7,478,310
Contributions	4,107	1,547
Tax Reform Effect	(455,233)	-
Dividends	(348,690)	(439,955)
Net income for the period	121,187	304,549
Foreign exchange differences	(539)	(561)
Sales of entities	-	270
Other comprehensive income	6,983	(486)
Inca de Oro S.A. Deterioration	(30,827)	-
Other	26,929	17,522
Final balance	6,665,113	7,341,196

From the tables associated with significant breakdown of assets and liabilities at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 are presented as well as the major movements and their results for the year ended December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Anglo American Sur S.A.

Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Current assets	958,450	1,097,744
Non-Current assets	4,745,935	4,867,265
Current liabilities	616,481	1,004,062
Non-Current liabilities	652,672	831,799

	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
Net Income	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	2,791,891	3,295,507
Cost of sales	(2,355,681)	(2,417,262)
Profit for the period	436,210	878,245

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra

Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Current assets	553,212	764,600
Non-Current assets	1,380,837	1,347,536
Current liabilities	117,482	106,474
Non-Current liabilities	314,860	186,001

Net Income	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Revenue	1,140,775	1,133,969
Cost of sales	(885,606)	(781,681)
Profit for the period	255,169	352,288

b) Joint ventures

At December 31, 2014, the Corporation participates in the Copper Partners Investment Company Limited Joint venture. This partnership dates from March 2006 when Codelco Chile through its subsidiary Codelco International Ltd., executed the agreement with Album Enterprises Limited (a subsidiary of Minmetals) to form the company, in which both companies hold equal interests.

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Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Current assets	75,302	43,089
Non-current assets	198,620	272,299
Current liabilities	6,736	7,822
Non-current liabilities	-	-

Net Income	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Revenue and other comprehensive income	388,390	407,925
Cost of sales	(134,776)	(128,757)
Profit (losses)	253,614	279,168

Movements of the investment in joint ventures	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Opening balance	153,786	178,326
Net income for the period	126,807	139,583
Dividends	(146,999)	(165,000)
Other Intregal Net Income	-	875
Other	(1)	1
Final balance	133,593	153,786

Additional Information	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$		
Cash and cash equivalent	10,868	12,369		

c) Additional information about unrealized profit

The Corporation has recognized unrealized profit for purchases and sales of products, mining properties, property, plant and equipment and ownership rights. The most significant transactions include the transaction carried out in 1994 for the initial contribution of mining properties to Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra.

The balance of unrealized profit at December 31, 2014 corresponds to ThUS\$53,409 (December 31, 2013: ThUS\$53,409), an amount which represents deductions of investments in this entity.

Codelco carries out copper purchase and sales with the Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra. At December 31, 2014, the value of finished products inventories category presents

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no unrealized gain provisions. On December 31, 2013, there was an unrealized gain accrual of ThUS\$6,238.

Codelco carries out copper purchases and sales with Anglo American Sur S.A., the value of finished products for the category Inventories at December 31, 2014, has a provision for unrealized gain of ThUS\$172. At December 31, 2013, the company has a provision unrealized gain for ThUS\$3,336.

The Company has recorded unrealized gains for the purchase of rights to use GNL terminal of Contractual Minera El Abra in the amount of ThUS\$3,920 at December 31, 2014. As of December 31, 2013 it amounts to ThUS\$3,920.

d) Share in companies acquired at fair value versus carrying amount

The acquisition by Codelco of its participation in Anglo American Sur S.A., on August 24, 2012, was recorded based on the acquisition method, which involved the initial recognition of an investment in the amount of ThUS\$6,490,000, corresponding to the percentage of the share interest acquired (29.5%) over the fair value of the net assets of the company, while the book value at the acquisition date was ThUS\$1,699,795.

In determining the fair value of the net assets of the acquired share interest, the Corporation considered both the resources and mineral reserves that can be recovered reliably and the assessment of intangibles and all other considerations about assets and contingent liabilities was performed.

The allocation of the purchase price at fair value between the identifiable assets and liabilities has been prepared by management using best estimates and taking into account all relevant and available information at the time of the acquisition of Anglo American Sur S.A.

The transaction has not resulted in the acquisition of control of the acquired company.

The Corporation used the model of discounted cash flows to estimate cash flow projections, based on the life of the mines. These projections are based on estimated production and future prices of minerals, operating costs and capital costs at the date of acquisition, among other estimates. Additionally, resources and potential resources to explore are not included in the plan because they have been valued separately using a market model. These resources include the concept of "Mineral Resources". As part of this process and the application of the discounted cash flow model, the fair value of the net assets of Anglo American Sur S.A. valued at US\$22,646 million in proportion to the ownership by Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA (29.5%) which amounts to US\$6,681million at fair value.

On December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 neither the amount recognized for the total consideration transferred, nor the range of estimates or assumptions used to determine reasonable values at the acquisition date have changed.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The earnings before tax, corresponding to the proportion of the gains of Anglo American Sur S.A. recognized for the period ended December 31, 2014 was ThUS\$128,682, while the adjustment for depreciation and decrease in the fair value of the net assets of the company recognized at the acquisition date, meant an effect of lower profit before tax of ThUS\$122,950 and is decreasing the item "Equity in gains (losses) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method" of the comprehensive income statement.

9. Subsidiaries

The following tables present a detail of the assets, liabilities and results of the Corporation's subsidiaries, prior to consolidation adjustments:

Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current Assets	464,496	423,173
Non-current Assets	6,457,799	6,923,084
Current Liabilities	315,797	251,115
Non-current Liabilities	1,129,120	1,093,414

	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
Net Income	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	1,790,344	2,022,221
Cost of sales	(1,722,089)	(1,811,126)
Profit (losses) for the period	68,255	211,095

10. Other non-current non-financial assets

Other non-current non-financial assets included in the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 is detailed as follows:

Other new aurrent new financial acceta	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Other non-current non-financial assets	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Law No. 13.196 asset (1)	23,532	27,230
Other	12,383	12,432
Total	35,915	39,662

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(1) Corresponds to the recording of the commitment related to Law No. 13.196, for the advance payment received for the copper sales contract signed with Copper Partners Investment Company Limited. This amount will be amortized according to the shipments made.

11. Current and non-current financial assets

Current and non-current financial assets included in the statement of financial position are detailed as follows:

		12/31/2014							
Classification in the statement of financial posiion	At fair value though profit and loss	Loans and receivables	Hedging derivatives	Avalaible for sale	Total financial assets				
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$				
Cash and cash equivalents	-	1,310,616	-	-	1,310,616				
Trade and other current receivables	(60,330)	2,238,112	-	-	2,177,782				
Accounts receivables, non – current	-	124,675	-	-	124,675				
A/R due from related companies, current	-	9,488	-	-	9,488				
A/R due from related companies, non – current	-	224	-	-	224				
Other current financial assets	-	17,904	13,844	-	31,748				
Other non - current financial assets	-	6,587	55,826	-	62,413				
Total	(60,330)	3,707,606	69,670	-	3,716,946				

		12/31/2013							
Classification in the statement of financial posiion	At fair value though profit and loss ThUS\$	Loans and receivables ThUS\$	Hedging derivatives ThUS\$	Avalaible for sale	Total financial assets ThUS\$				
Cash and cash equivalents	1,431	749,239			750,670				
Trade and other current receivables	124,905	2,061,277	-	-	2,186,182				
Accounts receivables, non – current	-	138,896	-	-	138,896				
A/R due from related companies, current	-	30,883	-	-	30,883				
A/R due from related companies, non – current	-	224	-	-	224				
Other current financial assets	-	3,899	1,728	-	5,627				
Other non - current financial assets	-	9,829	83,878	-	93,707				
Total	126,336	2,994,247	85,606	-	3,206,189				

• Financial assets designated at fair value through profit or loss: At December 31, 2014, this category mainly includes unfinished product sale invoices and mutual fund investments made by Codelco Chile subsidiaries.

The effects on results of open invoices are determined by the differences between the provisional price at the date of shipment and the futures price curve of products, as explained under the title Accounting policies (letter p of number 2 of Chapter II), while mutual funds affect the result by the change in fair value of shares.

• Loans granted and receivables: These correspond to financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not traded in an active market.

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The effects on the period's statements of comprehensive income generated by these assets, come mainly from financial interest gains and from the exchange rate differences related to the balances in currencies other than the functional currency.

No material impairments were recognized in accounts receivable.

- **Hedging derivatives:** Correspond to the receivable balances for derivative contracts for the exposure generated by existing operations and which affect the period profit and loss from the liquidation of these operations. The detail of derivative transactions is included in Note 27.
- Available-for-sale financial assets: These correspond primarily to non-derivative financial assets that are specifically designated as available for sale or are not classified as: a) loans and receivables, b) investments held to maturity or c) financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss.

Within the period presented, there was no reclassification of financial instruments among the different categories established under IAS 39.

12. Interest-bearing borrowings

Current and non-current interest-bearing borrowings correspond to Borrowings from financial institutions, Bond obligations and Finance leases, which are recorded by the Corporation at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The tables below show the composition of the other financial liabilities, current and noncurrent.

		12/31/2014								
		Current		Non-current						
Items	Loans and other payables	Total		Total Loans and other payables		Total				
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$ ThUS\$					
Loans from financial entities	828,554	-	828,554	3,367,757	-	3,367,757				
Bonds	122,552	-	122,552	9,316,632	-	9,316,632				
Financial Lease	20,721	-	20,721	96,317	-	96,317				
Hedge obligations	-	10,513	10,513	-	96,626	96,626				
Other financial liabilities	3,828	-	3,828	73,910	-	73,910				
Total	975,655	10,513	986,168	12,854,616	96,626	12,951,242				

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		12/31/2013							
		Current		Ν	Non-current				
	Loans and other payables	lota		Loans and other payables	Hedging derivatives	Total			
Items	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$			
Loans from financial entities	520,893	-	520,893	3,030,057	-	3,030,057			
Bonds	611,929	-	611,929	7,662,388	-	7,662,388			
Financial Lease	21,243	-	21,243	76,240	-	76,240			
Hedge obligations	-	5,125	5,125	-	1,245	1,245			
Other financial liabilities	1,111	-	1,111	77,912	-	77,912			
Total	1,155,176	5,125	1,160,301	10,846,597	1,245	10,847,842			

These items are generated by the following situations:

- Borrowings from financial institutions:

The loans obtained by the Corporation to finance its production operations oriented towards the foreign market.

On August 23, 2012, the subsidiary Inversiones Gacrux SpA (Gacrux), agreed to funding from Oriente Copper Netherlands BV (a subsidiary of Mitsui & Co. Ltd.) for approximately US\$1,863 million, renewable monthly until November 26, 2012, after which, if not paid or renegotiated, will automatically become a loan with a 7.5 years maturity from the date of disbursement, and an annual rate of Libor + 2.5%. This credit has no personal guarantees ("non-recourse") on Codelco's part.

Codelco's indirect subsidiary Codelco Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA used this funding for the acquisition of 24.5% of the shares of Anglo American Sur S.A. and other related expenses.

On October 31, 2012, new terms of the amended Credit Agreement were agreed, which remains without personal guarantees of Codelco ("non-recourse"), and establish a fixed rate of 3.25% per annum and a duration 20 years, to be payable in 40 semi-annual quotas of principal and interest. Under previous agreements, Mitsui is entitled to additional interest equivalent to one-third of the savings that result to Gacrux from the difference between refinanced credit and the Credit Agreement originally signed. Furthermore, Mitsui (through a subsidiary) held an option to purchase from Gacrux an additional 15.25% of the shares issued by the company Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA ("Acrux"), at a fixed price by approximately US\$998 million, to be used in full to prepay Gacrux's debt under the Credit Agreement.

Subsequently, on November 26, 2012, Mitsui materialized the purchase of additional 15.25% share interest in Acrux, so Codelco reduced its debt with Mitsui, which at December 31, 2014, has a balance of ThUS\$770,980.

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Bond obligations:

On October 15, 2004, the Company issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000. These bonds mature in a single installment on October 15, 2014, with an interest rate of 4.750% per annum with interest paid semiannually.

On May 10, 2005, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the domestic market for a nominal amount of UF6,900,000, in a single series denominated Series B, and consists of 6,900 bonds for UF1,000 each. These bonds are payable in a single installment on April 1, 2025, with a 4% annual interest rate and with bi-annual interest payments.

On September 21, 2005, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000. These bonds are payable in a single installment on September 21, 2035, with a 5.6250% annual interest rate and with bi-annual interest payments.

On October 19, 2006, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000. These bonds are payable in a single installment on October 24, 2036, with a 6.15% annual interest rate and with bi-annual interest payments.

On January 20, 2009, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$600,000. These bonds mature in a single installment on January 15, 2019, at an interest rate of 7.5% per annum with interest paid bi-annually.

On November 4, 2010 the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$1,000,000. These bonds mature in a single installment on November 4, 2020, at an interest rate of 3.75% per annum with interest paid bi-annually.

On November 3, 2011, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$1,150,000. These bonds mature in a single installment on November 4, 2021, with an interest rate of 3.875% per annum, with interest paid bi-annually.

On July 17, 2012, the Company issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$2,000,000. The ThUS\$1,250,000 with an interest rate of 3% per annum mature on July 17, 2022 and the ThUS\$750,000 with an interest rate of 4.25% mature on July 17, 2042, and each have interest paid annually.

On August 13, 2013, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$750,000, which will mature in

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of Consolidated Financial Statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

a single installment on August 13, 2023, with a coupon of 4.5% per annum with interest paid semiannually.

On October 18, 2013, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$950,000, which will mature in a single installment on October 18, 2043, with a coupon of 5.625% per annum with interest paid semiannual.

On July 9, 2014, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the International Financial Markets, under rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of EUR\$600,000,000, which will mature in a single installment on July 9, 2024, with a coupon of 2.25% per annum with the interest paid annually.

On November 4, 2014, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under rule 144-A y Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$980,000, which will mature in a single installment on November 4, 2044, with a coupon of 4.875% per annum with interest paid semiannually.

• Financial debt commissions and expenses:

Obtaining financial resources generates, in addition to the interest rate, fees and other expenses charged by the financial institutions, and the Corporation receives the net value of the loans. These expenses are amortized based on the effective interest rate determined using the amortized cost method.

• Finance leases:

Finance lease transactions are generated for service contracts, principally for buildings and machinery.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			12/31/2014										
Taxpayer number	Country	Loans with financial entities	Institution	Maturity	Rate	Currency	Amount	Type of amortization	Payment of Interest	Nominal rate	Effective rate	Current ThUS\$	Non-curren ThUS\$
97036000-k	Chile	Bilateral Credit	Banco Santander S.A.	11/30/2015	Floating	US\$	75,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.08%	1.20%	75,013	
Foreign	Bermudas	Bilateral Credit	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited	12/17/2015	•	US\$	162,500,000		Quarterly	1.09%	1.21%	162.404	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	12/22/2015		US\$	100,000,000		Quarterly	1.00%	1.09%	99,923	
97036000-k	Chile	Bilateral Credit	Banco Santander S.A.	12/23/2015	•	US\$	100,000,000		Quarterly	1.10%	1.22%	99,919	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export. Dev. Canada	12/28/2015		US\$	250,000,000		Quarterly	1.06%	1.18%	249,746	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	2/18/2016		US\$	100,000,000		Quarterly	1.07%	1.09%	42	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	10/13/2016		US\$	100,000,000		Quarterly	0.83%	1.11%	178	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi Ltd.	10/14/2016		US\$	250,000,000		Quarterly	0.73%	1.04%	392	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	HSBC Bank USA, N.A.	10/11/2016	•	US\$	250,000,000		Quarterly	0.83%	1.14%	481	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev Canada	11/3/2016		US\$	250,000,000		Quarterly	0.73%	1.10%	321	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	9/16/2018	•	US\$	300,000,000		Quarterly	0.86%	1.09%	101	- 1
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of America N.A.	10/11/2018		US\$	300,000,000		Quarterly	0.88%	1.08%	598	
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	5/24/2019	•	US\$		Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.88%	1.01%	1,095	
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	5/24/2019	•	US\$		Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.89%	1.03%	3,761	
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Japan Bank International	5/24/2022	•	US\$		Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.78%	0.79%	1,466	
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Japan Bank International	5/24/2022		US\$		Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.79%	0.79%	5,026	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi Ltd.	7/19/2018	•	US\$	300,000,000		Quarterly	0.85%	0.95%	536	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev Canada	7/20/2018	•	US\$	300,000,000		Quarterly	0.86%	0.96%	486	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	6/10/2019		US\$	95,000,000		Quarterly	0.86%	1.09%	52	
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev Canada	6/16/2019	•	US\$	300,000,000		Quarterly	0.85%	0.94%	589	
Foreign	Netherlands	Bilateral Credit	Oriente Copper Netherlands B.V	11/26/2032	•	US\$		Semi-annual principal installments at maturity.	Semi-annual	3.25%	3.60%	55,103	
Foreign	Germany	Credit Line	HSBC Trinkaus &		Floating	EURO	0. 1,000,000	oon anda phopa naannone a naanty.	com unitud	1.36%	1.36%	30,236	
Foreign	Germany	Credit Line	Deutsche Bank		Floating	EURO				1.37%	1.37%	31,229	
	Contaily	01000 2000	Other		· .coung	20110						9,857	
	1	1		1	1	TOT	AL		1	1	1	828,554	

As of December 31, 2014, the details of Borrowings from financial institutions and bond obligations are as follows:

Bonds	Country	Maturity	Rate	Currency	Amount	Type of amortization	Payment of	Nominal	Effective	Currenct	Non-current
Donas	ocumy	matarity	100	ourronoy	7 ano ano		interest	rate	rate	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
114-A REG.S	USA	1/15/2019	Fixed	US\$	600,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	7.50%	7.79%	20,788	594,093
114-A REG.S	USA	11/4/2020	Fixed	US\$	1,000,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.75%	3.98%	6,215	988,506
114-A REG.S	USA	11/4/2021	Fixed	US\$	1,150,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.88%	4.07%	7,386	1,136,984
144-A REG.S	USA	7/17/2022	Fixed	US\$	1,250,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.00%	3.16%	17,221	1,235,352
144-A REG.S	USA	8/13/2023	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.75%	12,861	737,038
BCODE-B	Chile	4/1/2025	Fixed	U.F.	6,900,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.00%	3.24%	2,844	298,453
144-A REG.S	USA	9/21/2035	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.78%	8,080	490,762
144-A REG.S	USA	10/24/2036	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	6.15%	6.22%	5,998	496,036
144-A REG.S	USA	7/17/2042	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.25%	4.40%	14,638	731,466
144-A REG.S	USA	10/18/2043	Fixed	US\$	950,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.76%	11,010	932,183
144-A REG.S	USA	11/4/2044	Fixed	US\$	980,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.88%	5.01%	7,613	959,689
144-A REG.S	England	7/9/2024	Fixed	EURO	600,000,000	Maturity	Annual	2.25%	2.48%	7,898	716,070
	TOTAL										

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.

At December 31, 2013, the detail of Borrowings from financial institutions and Bond obligations is as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			12/31/2013										
Taxpayer Number	Country	Loans with financial entities	Institution	Maturity	Rate	Currency	Amount	Type of amortization	Payment of interest	Nominal rate	Effective rate	Current balance ThUS\$	Non-current balance ThUS\$
Foreign	USA	Syndicated Credit	BBVA Bancomer	9/27/2014	Floating	US\$	400,000,000	3 annual installments of principal at maturity	Quarterly	0.45%	0.50%	133,254	-
97036000-K	Chile	Bilateral Credit	Banco Santander S.A.	11/30/2015	Floating	US\$	75,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.09%	1.21%	82	74,849
Foreign	Bermuda	Bilateral Credit	HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited	12/17/2015	Floating	US\$	162,500,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.09%	1.21%	76	162,172
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi	12/22/2015	Floating	US\$	100,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.00%	1.09%	22	99,824
97036000-K	Chile	Bilateral Credit	Banco Santander S.A.	12/23/2015	Floating	US\$	100,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.10%	1.21%	25	99,794
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	12/28/2015	Floating	US\$	250,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.05%	1.16%	7	249,489
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	2/18/2016	Floating	US\$	100,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	1.07%	1.17%	39	99,819
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	10/13/2016	Floating	US\$	100,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.84%	1.12%	186	99,260
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank Of Tokyo Mitsubishi Ltd.	10/14/2016	Floating	US\$	250,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.74%	1.05%	411	247,930
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	HSBC Bank USA. N.A.	10/11/2016	Floating	US\$	250,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.84%	1.15%	501	247,965
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev Canada	11/3/2016	Floating	US\$	250,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.74%	1.10%	334	247,543
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	9/16/2018	Floating	US\$	300,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.86%	1.09%	111	297,022
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Bank of America N.A.	10/11/2018	Floating	US\$	300,000,000	Maturity	Quarterly	0.89%	1.10%	592	297,273
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi	5/24/2019	Floating	US\$	8,700,000	Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.90%	1.01%	8	8,668
Foreign	Japan	Bilateral Credit	Japan Bank International Cooperation	5/24/2022	Floating	US\$	20,300,000	Semi-annual principal installments from 2015 until maturity	Semi-annual	0.80%	0.81%	17	20,221
97036000-K	Chile	Bilateral Credit	Banco Santander S.A.	1/29/2014	Floating	US\$	300,000,000	Maturity	Monthly	0.06%	0.06%	300,001	
Foreign	Netherland	Bilateral Credit	Oriente Copper Netherlands B.V	11/26/2032	Fixed	US\$	874,959,000	Semi-annual principal installments	Semi-annual	3.25%	3.60%	45,509	767,337
Foreign	Germany	Credit Line	HSBC Trinkaus &		Floating	Euro				1.42%	1.42%	18,374	-
Foreign	Germany	Credit Line	Deutsche Bank		Floating	Euro				1.42%	1.42%	16,620	-
			Other Institutions									4,724	10,891
			TOTAL									520,893	3,030,057
	I	Bonds	Country	Maturity	Rate	Currency	Amount	Type of amoritzation	Payment of	Nominal rate	Effective rate	Current	Non-current
								<u> </u>	interest			balance ThUS\$	balance ThUS\$
		144-A REG.S	USA	10/15/2014	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.75%	4.99%	504,359	-
		114-A REG.S	USA	1/15/2019	Fixed	US\$	600,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	7.50%	7.79%	21,035	592,912
		114-A REG.S	USA	11/4/2020	Fixed	US\$	1,000,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.75%	3.98%	6,215	986,344
		114-A REG.S	USA	11/4/2021	Fixed	US\$	1,150,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.88%	4.07%	7,386	1,135,353
		144-A REG.S	USA	7/17/2022	Fixed	US\$	1,250,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	3.00%	3.16%	17,221	1,233,848
		144-A REG.S	USA	8/13/2023	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.75%	12,931	735,854
		BCODE-B	Chile	4/1/2025	Fixed	U.F.	6,900,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	4.00%	3.24%	3,117	328,541
		144-A REG.S	USA	9/21/2035	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000		Semi-annual	5.63%	5.78%	8,080	490,537
		144-A REG.S	USA	10/24/2036	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	Maturity	Semi-annual	6.15%	6.22%	5,997	495,953
			USA	7/17/2042	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	,	Semi-annual	4.25%	4.40%	14,638	731,138
		144-A REG.S	USA	10/18/2043	Fixed	US\$	950,000,000		Semi-annual	5.63%	5.76%	10,950	931,908
	l		•	•	•		TOTAL					611,929	7,662,388

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.

The undiscounted amounts due to the Corporation maintained with financial institutions, is as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			Current			Non-c	urrent				
Debtor's Name	Currency	Effective Interest Rate	Nominal Rate	Payments of Interest	Less than 90 days	More than 90 days	Current total	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Non-current total
Banco Santander S.A.	US\$	1.20%	1.08%	Quarterly	205	75,632		-	-	-	-
HSBC Bank Bermuda Limited	US\$	1.21%	1.09%	Quarterly	444	163,856	164,300	-	-	-	-
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	US\$	1.09%	1.00%	Quarterly	251	100,763	101,014	-	-	-	-
Banco Santander S.A.	US\$	1.22%		Quarterly	276	100,842	101,118	-	-	-	-
Export. Dev. Canada	US\$	1.18%		Quarterly	660	252,018	252,678	-	-	-	-
Sumitomo Mitsui Banking	US\$	1.09%	1.07%	Quarterly	268	810	1,078	100,185	-	-	100,185
Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	US\$	1.11%	0.83%	Quarterly	212	629	841	100,844	-	-	100,844
Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi Ltd.	US\$	1.04%	0.73%	Quarterly	469	1,391	1,860	251,865	-	-	251,865
HSBC Bank USA. N.A.	US\$	1.14%	0.83%	Quarterly	1,050	1,587	2,637	251,581	-	-	251,581
Export Dev Canada	US\$	1.10%	0.73%	Quarterly	468	1,389	1,857	251,862	-	-	251,862
Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	US\$	1.09%	0.86%	Quarterly	647	1,977	2,624	5,255	301,970	-	307,225
Bank of America N.A.	US\$	1.08%	0.88%	Quarterly	1,319	2,015	3,334	4,681	302,674	-	307,355
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	US\$	1.01%	0.88%	Semi-annual	-	1,167	1,167	4,459	3,292	-	7,751
Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi Ltd.	US\$	1.03%	0.89%	Semi-annual	-	4,006	4,006	15,372	11,351	-	26,723
Japan Bank International Cooperation	US\$	0.79%	0.78%	Semi-annual	-	1,604	1,604	6,040	5,948	7,307	19,295
Japan Bank International Cooperation	US\$	0.79%	0.79%	Semi-annual	-	5,510	5,510	20,840	20,519	25,200	66,559
Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi Ltd.	US\$	0.95%	0.85%	Quarterly	647	1,941	2,588	5,197	301,948	-	307,145
Export Dev Canada	US\$	0.96%	0.86%	Quarterly	672	1,951	2,623	5,225	301,923	-	307,148
Mizuho Corporate Bank Ltd	US\$	1.09%		Quarterly	203	621	824	1,650	96,235	-	97,885
Export Dev Canada	US\$	0.94%		Quarterly	1,284	1,950	3,234	4,532	304,369	-	308,901
ORIENTE COPPER NETHERLANDS B.V	US\$	3.60%	3.25%	Semi-annual	-	78,471	78,471	152,685	146,852	814,097	1,113,634
BONO 144-A REG. 2019	US\$	7.79%	7.50%	Semi-annual	22,500	22,500	45,000	90,000	667,500	-	757,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2020	US\$	3.98%	3.75%	Semi-annual	-	37,500	37,500	75,000	75,000	1,037,500	1,187,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2021	US\$	4.07%	3.88%	Semi-annual	-	44,563	44,563	89,125	89,125	1,239,125	1,417,375
BONO 144-A REG. 2022	US\$	3.16%	3.00%	Semi-annual	18,750	18,750	37,500	75,000	75,000	1,362,500	1,512,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2023	US\$	4.75%	4.50%	Semi-annual	16,875	16,875	33,750	67,500	67,500	885,000	1,020,000
BONO 144-A REG. 2035	US\$	5.78%	5.63%	Semi-annual	14,063	14,063	28,126	56,250	56,250	950,000	1,062,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2036	US\$	6.22%	6.15%	Semi-annual	-	30,750	30,750	61,500	61,500	1,022,750	1,145,750
BONO 144-A REG. 2042	US\$	4.40%	4.25%	Semi-annual	15,938	15,938	31,876	63,750	63,750	1,483,125	1,610,625
BONO 144-A REG. 2043	US\$	5.76%	5.63%	Semi-annual	26,719	53,438	80,157	106,875	106,875	1,255,781	1,469,531
BONO 144-A REG. 2044	US\$	5.01%	4.88%	Semi-annual	-	47,775	47,775	95,550	95,550	1,170,488	1,361,588
	-			Total ThUS\$	123,920	1,102,282	1,226,202	1,962,823	3,155,131	11,252,873	16,370,827
BONO BCODE-B 2025	U.F.	3.24%	4.00%	Semi-annual	138,000	138,000	276,000	552,000	552,000	8,418,000	9,522,000
	•			Total U.F.	138,000	138,000	276,000	552,000	552,000	8,418,000	9,522,000
				Subtotal ThUS\$	5,601	5,601	11,202	22,405	22,405	341,673	386,482
BONO 144-A REG. 2024	EUR	2.48%	2.25%	Semi-annual	-	13,500,000	13,500,000	27,000,000	27,000,000	667,500,000	721,500,000
	•			Total EUR	-	13,500,000	13,500,000	27,000,000	27,000,000	667,500,000	721,500,000
				Subtotal ThUS\$	-	16,421	16,421	32,843	32,843	811,946	877,632
				Total ThUS\$	129,521	1,124,304	1,253,825	2,018,071	3,210,379	12,406,492	17,634,941

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			Current			Non-ci	urrent				
Debtor's Name	0	Effective	Nominal Rate	Payments of	Less than 90	More than 90	Quantative	Current total 1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	More than 5	Non-current
Debtors Name	Currency	Interest Rate	Nominal Rate	Interest	days	days	Currentiotal			years	total
BBVA BANCOMER	US\$	0.50%	0.45%	Quarterly	149	133,642	133,791	-	-	-	-
BANCO SANTANDER S.A.	US\$	1.21%	1.09%	Quarterly	206	632	838	75,827	-	-	75,827
HSBC BANK BERMUDA LIMITED	US\$	1.21%	1.09%	Quarterly	444	1,363	1,807	164,302	-	-	164,302
THE BANK OF TOKYO M.	US\$	1.09%	1.00%	Quarterly	252	755	1,007	101,010	-	-	101,010
BANCO SANTANDER S.A.	US\$	1.21%	1.10%	Quarterly	277	833	1,110	101,110	-	-	101,110
EXPORT DEVELOP CANADA	US\$	1.16%	1.05%	Quarterly	662	1,977	2,639	252,653	-	-	252,653
SUMITOMO MITSUI BANKING	US\$	1.17%	1.07%	Quarterly	268	811	1,079	101,359	-	-	101,359
MIZUHO CORPORATE BANK LTD	US\$	1.12%	0.84%	Quarterly	215	639	854	101,712	-	-	101,712
BANK OF TOKYO-MITSUBISHI LTD.	US\$	1.05%	0.74%	Quarterly	475	1,410	1,885	253,775	-	-	253,775
HSBC BANK USA, N.A.	US\$	1.15%	0.84%	Quarterly	1,066	1,072	2,138	254,281	-	-	254,281
EXPORT DEVELOP CANADA	US\$	1.10%	0.74%	Quarterly	471	1,397	1,868	253,741	-	-	253,741
MIZUHO CORPORATE BANK LTD	US\$	1.09%	0.86%	Quarterly	654	1.977	2,631	5,256	304.595	-	309,851
BANK OF AMERICA N.A.	US\$	1.10%	0.89%	Quarterly	1.363	1,363	2,726	5.444	305.436	-	310,880
BANK OF TOKYO MITSUBISHI LTD.	US\$	1.01%	0.90%	Semi-annual	-	79	79	3,406	4.419	1.092	8,917
JAPAN BANK INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION	US\$	0.81%	0.80%	Semi-annual	-	162	162	4.643	5,999	10.273	20,915
BANCO SANTANDER S.A.	US\$	0.06%	0.06%	Quarterly	300.015	-	300.015	-	-	-	
ORIENTE COPPER NETHERLANDS B.V	US\$	3.60%	3.25%	Semi-annual	-	79.913	79,913	155.568	149.735	886.802	1,192,105
BONO 144-A REG. 2014	US\$	4.99%	4.75%	Semi-annual	-	523,750	523,750	-	-	-	-
BONO 144-A REG. 2019	US\$	7.79%	7.50%	Semi-annual	22,500	22,500	45,000	90.000	90.000	622,500	802.500
BONO 144-A REG. 2020	US\$	3.98%	3.75%	Semi-annual	,	37,500	37,500	75,000	75.000	1,075,000	1,225,000
BONO 144-A REG. 2021	US\$	4.07%	3.88%	Semi-annual	-	44,563	44,563	89,125	89,125	1,283,688	1,461,938
BONO 144-A REG. 2022	US\$	3.16%	3.00%	Semi-annual	18.750	18,750	37,500	75.000	75.000	1,400,000	1,550,000
BONO 144-A REG. 2023	US\$	4.75%	4.50%	Semi-annual	16.875	16,875	33.750	67.500	67,500	918.750	1,053,750
BONO 144-A REG. 2035	US\$	5.78%	5.63%	Semi-annual	14,063	14,063	28,126	56,250	56,250	978,125	1.090.625
BONO 144-A REG. 2036	US\$	6.22%	6.15%	Semi-annual	-	30,750	30,750	61,500	61,500	1,053,500	1,176,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2042	US\$	4.40%	4.25%	Semi-annual	15,938	15,938	31,876	63,750	63,750	1,515,000	1,642,500
BONO 144-A REG. 2043	US\$	5.76%	5.63%	Semi-annual		53.438	53,438	106.875	106.875	1,309,219	1,522,969
				Total ThUS\$	394,643	1,006,152	1,400,795	2,519,087	1,455,184	11,053,949	15,028,220
BONO BCODE-B 2025	U.F.	3.24%	4.00%	Semi-annual	138,000	138,000	276,000	552,000	552,000	8,694,000	9,798,000
				Total U.F.	138,000	138,000	276,000	552,000	552,000	8,694,000	9,798,000
				Subtotal ThUS\$	6,132	6,132	12,263	24,526	24,526	386,288	435,341
				Total ThUS\$	400,775	1,012,284	1,413,058	2,543,613	1,479,710	11,440,237	15,463,561

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.

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Payment commitments for financial leasing transactions are summarized in the following table:

		12/31/2014		12/31/2013				
Financial Leasing	Gross	Interest	Net	Gross	Interest	Net		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Less than 90 days	7,505	(2,265)	5,240	6,994	(2,446)	4,548		
Between 90 days and 1 year	22,327	(6,846)	15,481	24,195	(7,500)	16,695		
Between 1 and 2 years	24,151	(6,833)	17,318	34,723	(13,433)	21,290		
Between 2 and 3 years	18,972	(6,106)	12,866	21,978	(9,640)	12,338		
Between 3 and 4 years	18,009	(6,025)	11,984	28,833	(11,590)	17,243		
Between 4 and 5 years	17,773	(6,054)	11,719	20,126	(5,369)	14,757		
More than 5 years	52,284	(9,854)	42,430	16,954	(6,342)	10,612		
Total	161,021	(43,983)	117,038	153,803	(56,320)	97,483		

Commitment to future payments for operating leases and lease payments recognized in the statements of comprehensive income are summarized in the following table:

Futrure payments for operating issues	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Less than one year	928,510	900,787
Between one and five years	516,932	492,528
More than five years	224,053	297,745
TOTAL	1,669,495	1,691,060

Rental fees recognized in the Statement of Comprehensive Income	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Minimum payments for operatings leases	238,857	282,029

13. Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities

As the carrying amount of financial assets is a reasonable approximation of their fair value, no incremental disclosures are required in accordance with IFRS 7.

Regarding to financial liabilities, the following table shows a comparison to December 31, 2014 between the book value and the fair value of financial liabilities other than those whose book value is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Comparison between book value & fair value As of December 31, 2014	Accounting treatment for valuation	Book value ThUS\$	Fair value ThUS\$
Financial Liabilities			
Bond Obligations	Amortized cost	9,136,632	10,025,600

The fair value of loans from financial institutions is a reasonable approximation of their book value. Liabilities arising from hedging are valued in the financial statements at fair value.

14. Fair value hierarchy

Each of the estimated market values for the Corporation's portfolio of financial instruments is based on a calculation and data input methodology. Each of these methodologies has been analyzed to determine to which of the following levels they can be assigned:

- Level 1 corresponds to Fair Value measurement methodologies through market quotes (unadjusted) in active markets and considering the same valued assets and liabilities.
- Level 2 corresponds to Fair Value measurement methodologies using market quote data, not included in Level 1, that are either directly (prices) or indirectly (derived from the prices) observable for the valued assets and liabilities.
- Level 3 corresponds to Fair Value measurement methodologies that use valuation techniques that include data on the valued assets and liabilities that are not supported by observable market data.

Based on the methodologies, inputs, and previous definitions the following market levels have been established for the financial instruments portfolio held by the Corporation at December 31, 2014:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value	12/31/2014				
with effect in profit and loss statement	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
with enect in pront and loss statement	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Financial Assets					
Provisionally priced sales contracts	-	(60,330)	-	(60,330)	
Cross Currency Swap	-	53,405	-	53,405	
Mutua funds units	-	-	-	-	
Metals futures	16,264	-	-	16,264	
Financial Liabilities					
Metals Futures	771	-	-	771	

No transfers between different levels of market values were observed for the reporting period.

15. Trade and other payables

Total trade and other payables, current and non-current, are detailed as follows:

	Current Liabilities			
Items	12/31/2014	12/31/2013		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Trade payables	1,222,597	1,287,112		
Payables to employees	2,483	18,796		
Withholdings	89,728	109,767		
Tax withholdings	36,879	70,943		
Other payables	91,963	86,079		
Total	1,443,650	1,572,697		

16. Other provisions

Other short-term accrued expenses and provisions as of the indicated dates are detailed as follows:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	Cur	rent	Non-current		
Other Provisions	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Trade (1)	12,568	9,859	-	-	
Operating (2)	143,334	79,732	-	-	
Law No. 13.196	169,856	65,773	-	-	
Sundry	109,607	66,028	2,299	2,502	
Closure, decommissioning and restoration (3)	-	-	1,395,008	1,336,842	
Contingencies	-	-	41,518	48,546	
Total	435,365	221,392	1,438,825	1,387,890	

	Cur	rent	Non-current		
Accrual for employee benefits	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Employees' collective bargaining agreements	201,384	218,964	-	-	
Employee termination benefit	43,735	51,005	762,146	790,939	
Bonus	4,056	6,113	-	-	
Vacation	145,206	162,125	-	-	
Medical care programs (4)	805	820	492,277	349,339	
Retirement plans (5)	46,630	118,652	99,834	147,512	
Other	11,936	9,876	8,984	10,577	
Total	453,752	567,555	1,363,241	1,298,367	

(1) Corresponds to a sales-related accrual, which includes charges for freight, loading, and unloading that were not invoiced at the end of the period.

(2) Corresponds to a provision for customs duties, freight on purchases, electricity, among others.

(3) Corresponds to future asset retirement provision costs primarily related to tailing dams, closures of mine operations and other assets. The value is calculated in present value discounted at a real annual discount rate before tax of 2.01% in Chilean pesos, and reflects the corresponding assessments of the value of money in time, that the market is being affected. The discount rate includes the risks associated to the liability that is being determined, except those that are included in the cash flows. The discount period varies between 11 and 82 years.

The Company determines and records the liability in accordance with the accounting policies mentioned in note II.1 letter d) and II.2 letter o) of the Accounting Policies.

(4) Corresponds to an accrual for contributions to medical care institutions agreed upon with current and former employees.

(5) Corresponds to an accrual for employees who have agreed or expected to agree to retire in accordance with plans in force for personnel retirement.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	1/1/2014 12/31/2014				
Movements	Provision for mine closure	Contingencies	Other Provisions, non-current	Total	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$			
Opening balance	1,336,842	48,546	2,502	1,387,890	
Annual cost	2,514	-	(53)	2,461	
ARO Adjustments	160,198	-	-	160,198	
Financial expenses	41,222	-	-	41,222	
Payment of liabilities	(8,228)	(1,694)	(140)	(10,062)	
Foreign exchange rate differences	(129,912)	(5,469)	388	(134,993)	
Other variations	(7,628)	135	(398)	(7,891)	
Final balance	1,395,008	41,518	2,299	1,438,825	

Movements of Other provisions were as follows:

17. Employee benefits

a. Provisions for post employment benefits and other long term benefits

Provision for post employment benefits mainly corresponds to employee termination benefits, registered to reflect the obligations for severance, and medical care plans, intended to cover the payment obligations that the Corporation has contracted with its employees, according to contracts or collective bargaining agreements, to partially cover the costs of medical services.

Both long term benefits are based on the agreements in the employment contracts or collective bargaining agreements signed between the Corporation and workers.

These accruals are recorded in the statement of financial position, at the present value of estimated future obligations. The discount rate applied is determined on the basis of the rates of financial instruments in the same currency in which the obligations are to be paid and with similar maturities.

The basis for the registration of these obligations are denominated in Chilean pesos, therefore the amount include in the Corporation's financial statements represents exposure to financial risk of exchange rate.

The results from adjustments and changes in actuarial variables are charged or credited to the statements of other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur.

During the period of January to December 2014, there were no significant changes in postemployment benefits plans.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	12/31	/2014	12/31/2013	
Assumptions	Retirement	Health plan	Retirement	Health plan
	plan	r lealth plan	plan	nealti pian
Annual Discount Rate	4.65%	4.76%	5.60%	6.00%
Voluntary Annual Turnover Rate for Retirement (Men)	4.66%	4.66%	3.11%	3.11%
Voluntary Annual Turnover Rate for Retirement (Women)	5.51%	5.51%	0.25%	0.25%
Salary Increase (real annual average)	4.00%	4.00%	1.08%	1.08%
Future Rate of Long-Term Inflation	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%	3.00%
Inflation Health Care	5.05%	5.05%	4.08%	4.08%
Mortality tables used for projections	RV-2009	RV-2009	RV-2009	RV-2009
Average duration of future cash flows (years)	9.04	18.42	9.11	20.41
Expected Retirement Age (Men)	65	65	65	65
Expected Retirement Age (Women)	60	60	60	60

Actuarial assumptions for calculating the employee termination benefit accrual are as follows:

The discount rates correspond to the price in the secondary market of government bonds issued in Chile. Annual inflation corresponds to the long-term goal publicly declared by the Central Bank of Chile. Rotation rates were determined by reviewing the experience of the Corporation, by studying the cumulative expenditures for the last three years on the current (analysis executed by causal) behavior. Growth rates of compensable revenues respond to the long-term trend observed in reviewing the historical salaries paid by the Corporation. The mortality tables used for the actuarial calculations correspond to numbers issued by the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance, and these are used because they are an appropriate representation of the Chilean market and the lack of comparable statistical series to develop own studies. Financial liabilities term corresponds to average maturity of payment flows of the respective defined benefit. Retirement ages are defined in the scheduled withdrawal of AFP, which is a parameter generally accepted in the Chilean market.

Reconciliation of post employment benefit and other long term benefits provision:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	1/1/2014 12/31/2014			
Movements	Retirement plan	Health plan		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Opening balance	841,944	350,159		
Service cost	75,087	2,734		
Financial cost	20,543	10,199		
Paid contributions	(130,845)	(36,268)		
Actuarial (gains) / losses	120,578	194,647		
Subtotal	927,307	521,471		
(Gains) / Losses on foreign exchange rate	(121,426)	(28,389)		
Final Total	805,881	493,082		

A technical revaluation has been carried out for the liability of severance benefits for years of service, with a net effect of ThUS\$120,578 in equity as of December 31, 2014, which decomposes in a Actuarial gain of ThUS\$994, which corresponds to changes in demographic assumpsions, a loss of ThUS\$85,897 by the revaluation of financial assumptions; and a loss of ThUS\$35,675, for the effect of the historical behavior of severance payments, the fair value exceeded the actuarial valuation assumptions. Similarly, the liability arising from health benefit plans has resulted in an actuarial loss of ThUS\$194,647.

The balance at December 31, 2014 comprises a portion of ThUS\$43,735 and ThUS\$805 in the short term, corresponding to compensation for years of service and Health Plans respectively. At December 31, 2014 a balance of ThUS\$795,360 is projected for the provision of compensation and ThUS\$474,376 for health benefits. The compensation payments flow over the next twelve months reach an expected monthly average of ThUS\$3,645 for severance and of ThUS\$67 per concept of health benefit plans.

The next table shows a review of the sensitivities performed over the provisions, from an average scenario, at low or high scenario with unit percentage change, respectively, and the two separate effects of reduction or increase of the book value of these provisions states:

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(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Severence Benefits for Years of Service	Low	Medium	High	Reduction	Increase
Financial effect on interest rates	3.648%	4.648%	5.648%	7.66%	-6.73%
Financial effect on the real increase in income	3.504%	4.004%	4.504%	-2.93%	3.19%
Demographic effect of job rotations	4.245%	4.745%	5.245%	0.04%	-0.03%
Demographic effect on mortality tables	-25.00%	RV09 SVS, Chile	25.00%	-0.01%	0.11%
Health Benefits and Other	Low	Medium	High	Reduction	Increase
Financial effect on interest rates	3.761%	4.761%	5.761%	15.39%	-12.88%
Financial effect on health inflation	4.550%	5.050%	5.550%	-7.49%	8.31%
Demographic effect, planned retirement age	58/63	60/65	62/67	4.68%	-4.65%
Demographic effect on mortality tables	-25.00%	RV09 SVS, Chile	25.00%	6.69%	-8.51%

b. Provision for termination benefits

The Corporation under its operational optimization programs seeks to reduce costs and increased labor productivity, facilitated by the incorporation of modern technologies and/or best management practices, has established personnel severance programs, using the corresponding addendum to contracts or collective bargaining agreements, with benefits that encourage retirement, for which necessary provisions are made based on the accrued obligation at present value.

At December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, a running balance is presented by these obligations ThUS\$46,630 and ThUS\$118,652 respectively, while non-current balance represents ThUS\$105,264 and ThUS\$147,512 respectively, the latter associated with the provision related to the term of the collective bargaining process that the Administration argued Codelco Chuquicamata during the month of December 2012 with workers Unions that Division. These values have been discounted using a discount rate equivalent to that used for calculating employee benefits provisions and whose outstanding balances are part of the accounting balances at December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013.

c. Employee benefits expenses by nature of the benefits

The costs associated with employee benefits classified by their nature, are:

Expenditure by Nature of Employee Benefits	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Benefits - Short term	1,755,622	1,957,895
Benefits - Post employment	2,734	2,439
Benefits - Termination	61,742	71,192
Benefits by years of service	75,087	70,793
Total	1,895,185	2,102,319

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18. Net equity

In accordance with article 6 of Decreto Law 1.350 of 1976, it is established that, before March 30 of each year, the Board must approve the corporation's Business and Development Plan for the next three-year period. Taking that plan as a reference, and keeping in mind the Corporation's balance sheet for the immediate previous year, in order to ensure its competitiveness, before June 30 of each year the amounts that the Corporation shall allocate to the formation of capitalization funds and reserves shall be determined by founded decree from the Ministries of Mining and Treasury.

Net income shown in the balance sheets, after deducting the amounts referred to in the previous paragraph, shall belong to the State and becomes part of the Nation's general income.

Pursuant to the Exempt Finance Decree No. 217 of June 28, 2013 of the Ministry of Finance, the Corporación authorized capitalization amounting to US\$1,000 million, under the accounting profits generated by the purchase of shareholding Anglo American Sur S.A., arising from the fair value measurement of this operation, in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

On December 13, 2013 and by Exempt Finance Decree No. 415, the Corporation authorized capitalization of US\$1,000 million under the accounting profits generated by the purchase of shares of Anglo American Sur S.A., arising from the fair value measurement of this operation, in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

Pursuant to the Exempt Finance Decree No. 184 of June 27, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance, the Corporación authorized capitalization amounting to US\$200 million of the net profit of the prior financial statements. Those resources will be charged to the profits of 2014.

On October 24, 2014, the President of the Republic signed the Law No. 20,790. Such Law establishes an extraordinary capital contribution up to US\$3 billion to the Corporation during the period 2014-2018, whose resources, together with the earning capitalization – up to US\$1 billion – generated in that period, will serve to boost the Investment Plan in mining projects, sustainability, mining development and renewal of equipment and industrial plants. At December 31, 2014, there are no capitalized resources under such statute.

As of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, no dividends payable were provisioned.

In the financial statement "Statement of Changes in Net Equity" the changes experienced in the Corporation's equity are disclosed.

Due to the bylaws that govern the Corporation, these financial statements do not consider disclosure of information related to earnings per share.

The movement and composition of other equity reserves is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Net Consolidated Equity.

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Reclassification adjustments from other comprehensive income to profit or loss meant a gain of ThUS\$3,023 and ThUS\$1,780 for the period January-December 2014 and 2013, respectively.

a) Other reserves

Other equity reserves are listed in the table below, as of the dates indicated in each case.

Other reserves	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Other reserves	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Foreign exchange differences on conversion reserves	(5,763)	1,220
Cash flow hedge reserves	(3,442)	(8,704)
Capitalization fund and reserves	4,938,359	4,729,556
Reserve of gains (losses) of defined benefit plans	(220,695)	(113,519)
Other reserves	635,338	637,154
Total other reserves	5,343,797	5,245,707

b) Non-controlling equity interests

The details of non-controlling equity interests, included in liabilities and net income, are listed in the table below, as of the dates indicated in each case.

	Non-controllin	controlling participation Net equity Profit (loss)		Net equity		(loss)		
Subsidiaries	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	10/21/2012	10/01/0010	12/31/2014	12/31/2013	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
Subsidialies	12/31/2014		12/31/2014	12/31/2013	12/31/2014	12/31/2013		
	%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Biosigma S.A.	33.30%	33.30%	636	439	(804)	(1,119)		
Inversiones Gacrux SpA	32.20%	32.20%	1,862,844	2,046,231	(9,968)	42,471		
Ecosea Farming S.A.	14.97%	14.97%	245	420	(241)	15		
Other	-	-	10	12	-	-		
Total			1,863,735	2,047,102	(11,013)	41,367		

Between January 1 and December 31, 2014, Inversiones Gacrux SpA did not report any dividends paid to non-controlling participations.

The percentage of non-controlling interest over the assets of Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA is equal to 32.2% and generates a non-controlling interest in the affiliated company Inversiones Gacrux SpA, which had the following figures in its statement of financial position, income statements and cash flow statement:

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(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Assets and liabilities	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Current Assets	151,275	182,195
Non-current assets	5,860,559	6,374,917
Current liabilities	92,660	86,475
Non-current liabilities	720,267	771,727

Results	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Revenues	239,794	181,675
Expenses	(274,805)	(95,872)
Profit (loss) of the period	(35,011)	85,803

Cash flow	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Net cash flow from operating activities	530	188,730
Net cash flow from investing activities	45,322	174
Net cash flow from financing activities	(79,987)	(81,285)

19. Operating income

The following table shows the sources of the Corporation's consolidated revenue.

Item	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Revenue from sales of own copper	10,720,801	12,022,179
Revenue from sales of third-party copper	1,858,630	1,897,401
Revenue from sales of molybdenum	669,686	493,389
Revenue from sales of other products	564,968	544,650
Loss in futures market	12,592	(1,336)
Total	13,826,677	14,956,283

20. Expenses by nature

The Corporation's consolidated expenses by nature are detailed as follows:

	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
Item	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Personnel expenses	1,755,622	1,957,895
Depreciation	1,171,158	1,152,739
Amortization	775,699	595,281
Total	3,702,479	3,705,915

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(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

21. Other revenues and expenses by function

Other revenues and expenses by function are detailed in the following tables:

a) Other income by function

Item	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Penalties to suppliers	8,498	14,290
Delegated Administration	4,491	4,655
Miscellaneous sales (net)	17,875	23,499
Compensations by insurance companies	50	380
Realized profit in subsidiaries	19,563	19,563
Other Expenses	47,869	100,165
Total	98,346	162,552

b) Other expenses by function

Item	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Law No. 13.196	(1,081,259)	(1,156,637)
Research expenses	(84,215)	(67,856)
Bonus for the end of collective bargaining	(260,539)	(103,093)
Retirement plan	(61,742)	(71,192)
Penalty fixed assets	(13,438)	(11,739)
Medical care plan	(2,734)	(2,439)
Impairment of assets	(12,000)	(96,170)
Other Expenses	(105,050)	(4,308)
Total	(1,620,977)	(1,513,434)

22. Finance costs

Finance costs are detailed as follows:

Item	1/1/2014 12/31/2014	1/1/2013 12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Bond interests	(286,810)	(168,362)
Bank loan interests	(66,083)	(55,241)
Exchange differences on severance indemnity provision	(18,154)	(21,344)
Exchange differences on other non-current provisions	(64,171)	(55,300)
Other	(29,453)	(26,866)
Total	(464,671)	(327,113)

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

23. Operating segments

In Section II, "Summary of Significant Accounting Policies" it has been indicated that, in conformity with IFRS No. 8, "Operating Segments", the operating segments are determined according to the Divisions that make up Codelco. The revenues and expenses of the Head Office, are distributed among the defined opening segments.

Mining sites in operation, in which the Corporation performs extraction and processing, are organized in divisions: Chuquicamata, Radomiro Tomic, Salvador, Andina, El Teniente and Gabriela Mistral. Additionally the Ventanas division is added even though it is operating solely as a smelter and refinery, and Ministro Hales whose estimated date to start its operations has occured during the first half of 2014 (at the end of 2013, the mine was already operating its full pre-stripping and the concentrator finished loading tests and is about to start its operating phase, only missing the roasting plant). Those operations are administered independently and are reporting directly to the Executive President. The details and operations related to each mine are the following:

Chuquicamata

Types of mine sites: open pit mines Operating: since 1915 Location: Calama – Region II Products: electro refined and electrolytic (electro-obtained) copper cathodes and copper concentrate

Radomiro Tomic

Types of mine sites: open pit mines Operating: since 1997. Location: Calama – Region II Products: electro refined and electrolytic (electro-obtained) copper cathodes and copper concentrate

Salvador

Type of mine: underground mine and open pit mine Operating: since 1926 Location: Salvador – Region III Products: electro refined and electrolytic (electro-obtained) copper cathodes and copper concentrate

Andina

Type of mines: underground and open pit mines Operating: since 1970 Location: Los Andes – Region V

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Product: copper concentrate

El Teniente

Type of mine: underground mine Operating: since 1905 Location: Rancagua – Region VI Products: fire-refined copper and copper anodes

Ministro Hales

In charge of the future development of the open pit mine Ministro Hales whose authorization is dated November 19, 2010. The date for the start of operations has occurred during the first half of 2014.

Gabriela Mistral

Type of mine: open pit mine Operating: since 2008 Location: Calama – Region II Products: electrolytic (electro-obtained) cathodes

a) Head Office Distribution

Revenue and expenses controlled by the Head Office are allotted to operating segments based on the criteria detailed as follows.

Main items are allocated according to the following criteria:

Sales and Cost of Sales of Head Office commercial transactions

• Distribution to the operating segments made proportionally to the value of the products and sub-products invoiced by each division.

Other income, by function

- Other income by function, associated and identified with each operating segment, is allotted directly.
- Recognition of realized profits and other income by function of subsidiaries is distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.
- The remaining other income is distributed in proportion to the addition of balances of "other income" and "finance income" of the respective operating segment.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Distribution costs

- Expenses associated and identified with each operating segment are allotted directly.
- Distribution costs of subsidiaries are allotted in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.

Administrative Expenses

- Administrative expenses associated and identified with each segment are allotted directly.
- Administrative expenses are recorded in cost centers associated with the sales function. Administrative expenses of subsidiaries are distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.
- Administrative expenses recorded in cost centers associated with the supply function are allocated in relation to material account balances in each division warehouse
- The remaining administrative expenses are distributed in relation to operating cash expenses of each operating segment.

Other Expenses, by function

- Expenses associated and identified with each operating segment are allotted directly.
- Expenses for pre-investment studies and other expenses of subsidiaries by function are distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.

Other Earnings

- Other earnings associated and identified with each individual operating segment are allotted directly
- Other earnings of subsidiaries are distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.

Finance Income

- Finance income associated and identified with each operating segment is allotted directly.
- Finance income of subsidiaries is distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.
- The remaining finance income is distributed in relation to the operating cash expenses of each operating segment.

Finance costs

• Finance costs associated and identified with each operating segment in particular are allotted directly.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

• Finance costs of subsidiaries are distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.

Share in profit (losses) of Associates and joint ventures, which are accounted for using the equity method

• The share in profit or losses of associates and joint ventures identified for each individual operating segment is allotted directly.

Foreign currency conversion

- Foreign currency conversion identifiable with each individual operating segment is allotted directly.
- Foreign currency conversion of subsidiaries is distributed in proportion to the operating income of each operating segment.
- The remaining foreign currency conversion is distributed in relation to operating cash expenses of each operating segment.

Contribution to the Treasury of Chile Law No. 13.196

• The amount of the contribution is distributed and accounted for in relation to values invoiced and accounted for in the copper and sub-product exports of each operating segment, subject to taxation.

Income tax income (expenses)

- First category income tax (corporate), of D.L. 2.398 and specific mining tax are distributed based on the pre-tax income of each operating segment, considering for this purpose the income and expenses distribution criteria of the Head Office and subsidiaries mentioned above.
- Other tax expenses are distributed in proportion to the first category income tax, specific mining tax and D.L. 2.398 allotted to each operating segment.

b) Transactions between segments

Transactions between segments are made up mainly by products processing services (or maquilas), which are recognized as revenue for the segment that makes maquilas and as the cost of sales for the segment that receives the service. Such recognition is performed in the period in which these services are provided, as well as disposal of both factors on corporate financial statements.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

c) Cash flow from segments

The operating segments defined by the Corporation, maintain a cash management which refers mainly to operational activities that need to be covered periodically with fixed funds constituted in each of these segments and whose amounts are not significant in the context of the category Corporate balances cash and cash equivalents.

Conversely, activities such as obtaining financing, investment and payment of relevant duties are mainly based at the Head Office.

d) Impairment

There were no reversals of impairment made during the financial year ended December, 31 2014 and 2013, respectively.

e) Anglo American Sur S.A. participation

The effect of the result of the acquisition of Anglo American Sur S.A. on the assets and liabilities of the Corporation are shown separately.

The following tables detail the financial information organized by operating segments:

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			Fr	om 1/1/2014							
to 12/31/2014											
Segments	Chuquicamata	R. Tomic	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Total Segments	Subsidiaries, associates and Head Office, net	Total consolidated
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue from sales of own copper	2,153,944	2,087,070	642,120	1,395,840	2,934,752	76,652	830,038	635,489	10,755,905	(35,104)	10,720,801
Revenue from sales of third-party copper	-	-	-	1,372	-	136,373	-	-	137,745	1,720,885	1,858,630
Revenue from sales of molybdenum	281,686	27,204	18,168	178,469	164,159	-	-	-	669,686	-	669,686
Revenue from sales of other products	121,106	-	88,270	8,113	103,012	206,776	-	37,691	564,968	-	564,968
Revenue from futures market	2,383	2,056	315	43	546	3,970	2,515	493	12,321	271	12,592
Revenue between segments	121,016	-	49,856	195	6,840	76,877	-	-	254,784	(254,784)	-
Revenue	2,680,135	2,116,330	798,729	1,584,032	3,209,309	500,648	832,553	673,673	12,395,409	1,431,268	13,826,677
Cost of sales of own copper	(1,542,468)	(1,428,198)	(738,202)	(1,045,940)	(1,619,459)	(78,226)	(647,617)	(553,846)	(7,653,956)	(8,304)	(7,662,260)
Cost of sales of copper third-party copper	-	-	-	(323)	-	(142,530)	-	-	(142,853)	(1,709,386)	(1,852,239)
Cost of sales of molybdenum	(77,854)	(26,014)	(11,292)	(41,367)	(37,805)	-	-	-	(194,332)	-	(194,332)
Cost of sales of other products	(8,505)	-	(52,479)	(85)	(96,318)	(244,001)	-	(1,193)	(402,581)	-	(402,581)
Cost of sales between segments	(230,965)	63,210	(41,325)	14,515	22,387	(97,407)	-	14,801	(254,784)	254,784	-
Cost of sales	(1,859,792)	(1,391,002)	(843,298)	(1,073,200)	(1,731,195)	(562,164)	(647,617)	(540,238)	(8,648,506)	(1,462,906)	(10,111,412)
Gross profit	820,343	725,328	(44,569)	510,832	1,478,114	(61,516)	184,936	133,435	3,746,903	(31,638)	3,715,265
Other income, by function	16,149	14,413	14,472	5,753	17,134	417	3,224	(1,496)	70,066	28,280	98,346
Distribution costs	(420)	(37)	(266)	(280)	(358)	(556)	-	(60)	(1,977)	(7,366)	(9,343)
Administrative expenses	(57,987)	(23,809)	(17,241)	(35,043)	(77,758)	(10,901)	(29,182)	(29,987)	(281,908)	(169,214)	(451,122)
Other expenses, by function	(103,328)	3,931	(29,852)	(28,244)	(224,847)	(2,120)	(19,142)	(29,313)	(432,915)	(106,803)	(539,718)
Law No. 13.196	(241,493)	(210,466)	(70,988)	(139,870)	(260,036)	(19,597)	(82,711)	(56,098)	(1,081,259)	-	(1,081,259)
Other gains (losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	37,682	37,682
Finance income	2,336	787	796	326	2,099	80	90	223	6,737	13,007	19,744
Finance costs	(106,783)	(28,916)	(9,253)	(64,395)	(136,999)	(8,143)	(8,031)	(50,261)	(412,781)	(51,890)	(464,671)
Share in the profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted by the equity method	(515)	-	313	(3,092)	(11)	-	-	-	(3,305)	251,299	247,994
Exchange differences	127,385	40,527	26,063	34,741	133,429	13,587	12,901	16,226	404,859	(26,040)	378,819
Profit (loss) before taxes	455,687	521,758	(130,525)	280,728	930,767	(88,749)	62,085	(17,331)	2,014,420	(62,683)	1,951,737
Income tax expenses	(252,939)	(285,878)	93,451	(150,065)	(471,143)	(49,220)	(35,048)	(155,433)	(1,306,275)	65,452	(1,240,823)
Profit (loss)	202,748	235,880	(37,074)	130,663	459,624	(137,969)	27,037	(172,764)	708,145	2,769	710,914

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(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

	From 1/1/2013										
to 12/31/2013											
Segments	Chuquicamata	R. Tomic	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Total Segments	Subsidiaries, associates and Head office, net	Total Consolidated
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue from sales of own copper	2,434,670	2,557,653	752,018	1,634,777	3,242,284	476,663	909,419	-	12,007,484	14,695	12,022,179
Revenue from sales of third-party copper	-	-	-	51,856	-	83,083	-	-	134,939	1,762,462	1,897,401
Revenue from sales of molybdenum	141,172	26,524	21,944	145,070	158,679	-	-	-	493,389	-	493,389
Revenue from sales of other products	113,065	-	74,121	4,665	105,427	250,015	(2,643)	-	544,650	-	544,650
Revenue from futures market	1,248	922	(1,380)	(208)	(4,630)	-	1,309	-	(2,739)	1,403	(1,336)
Revenue between segments	128,815	-	20,530	392	651	61,505	-	-	211,893	(211,893)	-
Revenue	2,818,970	2,585,099	867,233	1,836,552	3,502,411	871,266	908,085	-	13,389,616	1,566,667	14,956,283
Cost of sales of own copper	(1,937,561)	(1,414,307)	(850,867)	(1,034,347)	(1,903,854)	(490,062)	(673,664)	-	(8,304,662)	5,653	(8,299,009)
Cost of sales of copper third-party copper	-	-	-	(37,528)	-	(84,045)	-	-	(121,573)	(1,753,086)	(1,874,659)
Cost of sales of molybdenum	(70,922)	(24,969)	(15,089)	(38,637)	(42,400)	-	-	-	(192,017)	-	(192,017)
Cost of sales of other products	(24,798)	-	(42,551)	(240)	(92,989)	(275,552)	-	-	(436,130)	-	(436,130)
Cost of sales between segments	(296,087)	166,538	(45,230)	19,991	56,074	(113,179)	-	-	(211,893)	211,893	-
Cost of sales	(2,329,368)	(1,272,738)	(953,737)	(1,090,761)	(1,983,169)	(962,838)	(673,664)	-	(9,266,275)	(1,535,540)	(10,801,815)
Gross profit	489,602	1,312,361	(86,504)	745,791	1,519,242	(91,572)	234,421	-	4,123,341	31,127	4,154,468
Other income, by function	36,167	6,343	11,045	4,228	12,406	2,334	3,982	4,498	81,003	81,549	162,552
Distribution costs	(181)	(41)	(36)	(218)	(256)	-	-	-	(732)	(10,325)	(11,057)
Administrative expenses	(45,428)	(20,965)	(23,787)	(29,470)	(77,532)	(12,252)	(47,891)	(10,884)	(268,209)	(203,353)	(471,562)
Other expenses, by function	29,885	(37,698)	(149,014)	(23,814)	(103,459)	(3,998)	(11,754)	(28)	(299,880)	(56,917)	(356,797)
Law No. 13.196	(247,072)	(256,475)	(81,071)	(148,883)	(284,482)	(48,477)	(90,177)	-	(1,156,637)	-	(1,156,637)
Other gains (losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	52,249	52,249
Finance income	2,229	1,004	774	341	3,156	423	150	32	8,109	20,742	28,851
Finance costs	(113,050)	(26,060)	(6,755)	(128,175)	(60,730)	(5,231)	(29,752)	93,012	(276,741)	(50,372)	(327,113)
Share in the profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures	CO		400	4 400					4 004	140 500	444.400
accounted by the equity method	62	-	426	1,136	-	-	-	-	1,624	442,509	444,133
Exchange differences	104,123	22,700	15,482	19,246	44,205	8,735	10,142	4,331	228,964	(16,141)	212,823
Profit (loss) before taxes	256,337	1,001,169	(319,440)	440,182	1,052,550	(150,038)	69,121	90,961	2,440,842	291,068	2,731,910
Income tax expenses	(125,759)	(628,972)	202,265	(284,678)	(673,730)	88,936	(38,522)	(7,325)	(1,467,785)	(149,554)	(1,617,339)
Profit (loss)	130,578	372,197	(117,175)	155,504	378,820	(61,102)	30,599	83,636	973,057	141,514	1,114,571

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The assets and liabilities related to each operating segment, including the Corporation's head office as of December 31, 2014 and of December 31, 2013 are detailed in the following tables:

	12/31/2014										
Category	Chuquicamata	Radomiro Tomic	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Subsidiaries, associates and Head Office, net	Total Consolidated	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Current assets	965,849	697,884	335,594	424,987	828,368	138,138	432,040	581,367	1,753,154	6,157,381	
Non-current assets	4,211,281	1,846,975	957,133	3,965,064	4,718,564	304,787	1,196,707	3,879,274	8,019,400	29,099,185	
Current liabilities	569,254	172,483	202,050	223,530	485,623	85,698	116,499	162,208	1,558,491	3,575,835	
Non-current liabilities	1,006,128	225,616	332,181	264,276	821,232	55,028	75,896	45,793	17,329,069	20,155,219	

	12/31/2013											
Category	Chuquicamata	Radomiro Tomic	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Subsidiaries, associates and Head Office, net	Total Consolidated		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Current assets	1,052,825	741,528	410,839	336,743	785,660	250,815	368,231	168,686	1,308,913	5,424,240		
Non-current assets	3,721,726	1,620,915	691,550	3,782,954	4,244,771	261,878	1,084,670	3,799,355	8,723,104	27,930,923		
Current liabilities	526,944	218,826	180,856	237,748	450,063	175,146	124,236	135,123	1,729,814	3,778,756		
Non-current liabilities	1,065,178	260,946	178,384	233,453	796,866	39,143	79,831	38,214	14,476,772	17,168,787		

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Revenue classified by geographical area is detailed as follows:

Revenue per geographical areas	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Total revenue from domestic customers	1,181,592	1,295,272
Total revenue from foreign customer	12,645,085	13,661,011
Total	13,826,677	14,956,283

Revenue per geographical areas	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
China	1,986,149	3,543,606
Rest of Asia	2,242,853	2,591,990
Europa	3,017,196	2,215,853
America	2,185,496	3,383,076
Other	4,394,983	3,221,758
Total	13,826,677	14,956,283

The main customers of the Corporation are listed in the following table:

Principal clients	Country	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$
Nexans France	France	734,611
Southwire Company	USA	637,813
Red Kite Master Fund Ltd.	Bermudas	504,511
Trafigura Pte Ltd.	Singapore	447,004
Mitsui & Co., Ltd.	Japan	356,461
Cobre Cerrillos S.A.	Chile	302,999
Kuniosa Metals Co. Ltd	Japan	287,072
N.V. Umicore S.A.	Belguim	275,618
Lg International (Hk) Ltd.	Hong.Kong	275,279
Wanxiang Resources (Singapore)	Singapore	268,212
Total	4,089,579	

Sales are allocated to different geographical areas depending on the residence of the clients that have signed sales contracts with Codelco.

Non-current assets other than financial instruments, deferred tax assets, Post-employment benefit assets, and rights arising under insurance contracts, are located mainly in Chile, with no significant exceptions, located in foreign subsidiaries, and which do not exceed more than 1% of such assets.

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(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

24. Foreign exchange differences

According to Decree Law 1.350, the Corporation maintains its accounting records in United States dollars (US\$), recording transactions in currencies other than U.S. dollars at the exchange rate current at the date of each transaction and subsequently updating them, when necessary, according to the exchange rate determined by the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance as of closing reporting for each of the financial statements.

The following table summarizes the foreign exchange differences included in the Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income:

Gain (loss) from foreign exchange differences	1/1/2014	1/1/2013
recognized in income	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Gain from foreign exchange differences	528,603	292,666
Loss from foreign exchange differences	(149,784)	(79,843)
Total exchange difference, net	378,819	212,823

25. Statement of cash flows

The following table shows the items that comprise other collections and payments from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows:

Other collections from operating activities	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
VAT Refund	1,395,278	1,807,834
Other	260,485	331,852
Total	1,655,763	2,139,686

Other payments for operating activities	1/1/2014 12/31/2014 ThUS\$	1/1/2013 12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Contribution to the Chilean Trasury (Law No. 13.196)	(989,032)	(1,197,555)
Finance hedge and sales	12,731	(50,808)
VAT and other similar taxes paid	(1,275,419)	(1,436,493)
Total	(2,251,720)	(2,684,856)

26. Financial risk management, objectives and policies

Codelco has created committees within its organization to generate strategies with which to minimize the financial risks to which it may be exposed.

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The risks to which Codelco is exposed are detailed as follows, along with a brief description of the management procedures that are carried out in each case.

- a. Financial risks
- Exchange rate risk:

According to IFRS 7, exchange rate risk is understood to be the risk that arises from financial instruments that are denominated in foreign currencies, that is, a currency other than the Corporation's functional currency (U.S. dollar).

Codelco's activities that generate this exposure correspond to funding in UF, accounts payable and receivable in Chilean pesos, other foreign currencies used in its business operations and obligations with employees.

The majority of transactions in currencies other than US\$ are denominated in Chilean pesos. Also, there is another portion in Euro, which corresponds mainly to a long-term loan through the issued in the international market, which exchange rate risk is mitigated with hedging instruments.

Taking the financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2014 as the base, a fluctuation (positive or negative) of 10 Chilean pesos against the U.S. dollar (keeping the other variables constant), could affect profits before taxes by US\$41 million of gains or losses, respectively. This result is obtained by identifying the principle areas affected by exchange rate, including assets and financial liabilities, in order to measure the impact on income that a variation of +/- 10 Chilean pesos would have to US\$, with respect to the real exchange rate as of the date of this financial statement.

Codelco has signed deposits in national currency to cover the effects of exchange rate fluctuations between the dollar and the Chilean peso due to the obligations of the Corporation held in Chilean pesos.

As of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, Codelco does not have balance of these deposits.

Interest rate risk:

This risk is generated by interest rate fluctuations in Codelco's investment and financing activities. This movement can affect future cash flows or the market value of fixed rate financial instruments.

These rate variations refer to U.S. dollar variations, mostly with respect to the LIBOR rate. To manage this risk, Codelco maintains an adequate combination of fixed and variable rate

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debt, which is complemented by the possibility of using interest-rate derivatives to meet the strategic guidelines defined by Codelco's Corporate Finance Department.

It is estimated that, on the basis of net debt as of December 31, 2014, a 1% change in interest rates on the financial liabilities subject to variable interest rates would mean approximately a US\$34 million change in finance costs, before tax. This estimation is made by identifying the liabilities assigned to variable interest, accrued at the end of the financial statements, which may vary with a change of one percentage point in variable interest rates.

Total fixed and variable interest rate obligations maintained by Codelco as of December 31, 2014, amount to ThUS\$10,210,164 and ThUS\$3,425,331, respectively.

- b. Market risks
 - Commodity price risk:

As a result of its commercial operations and activities, the Corporation's income is mainly exposed to the volatility of copper prices and certain sub-products such as gold and silver.

Copper and molybdenum concentrate sale agreements and copper cathode sale agreements generally provide for provisional pricing of sales at the time of shipment, with final pricing based on the monthly average market price for specified future periods. The host contract is the sale of metals contained in the concentrate or cathode at the provisional invoice price, and the embedded derivative is the forward contract for which the provisional sale is subsequently adjusted. At the reporting date, the provisionally priced metal sales are marked-to-market, with adjustments (both gains and losses) being recorded in revenues in the consolidated statements of comprehensive income. Forward prices at the period end are used for copper sales, while period-end average prices are used for molybdenum concentrate sales due to the absence of assets futures market.

At December 31, 2014, if the future price of copper will vary by + / - 5% (with the other variables constant), the result would vary + / - US\$183 million before taxes as a result of setting the mark to market of sales revenue to provisional prices in effect at December 31, 2014 (MTMF 570). To estimate indicated, all those physical sales contracts be valued according to the average of the month immediately following the close of the financial statements, and proceeds to estimate what the final settlement price if there is a difference of + / - 5% with respect to the future price known to date to this period.

In order to protect your cash flow and adjusted, where necessary, their sales contracts to trade policy, the Corporation has operations in future markets. At the date of presentation of the financial statements, these contracts are adjusted to fair value, recorded this effect, the settlement date of the hedging transactions as part of net product sales.

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Forward prices at the period-end are used for copper sales, while period-end average prices are used for molybdenum concentrate sales due to the absence of assets derivative market.

At December 31, 2014, a variation of U.S. \notin 1 in the price per pound of copper, considering derivatives contracted by the Corporation, involves a change in income or payments for existing contracts (exposures) of ThUS\$ 1 before taxes. This calculation is obtained from a simulation curves future copper prices, which are used to assess all those subscribed derivative instruments by the Corporation; estimating so, how would vary the exposure of these instruments, if there is an increase / U.S. \notin 1 decrease in the price per pound of copper.

No hedging transactions with the specific aim to mitigate the price risk caused by fluctuations in prices of production inputs.

c. Liquidity risk

The Corporation ensures that it has sufficient resources, such as pre-approved credit lines (including refinancing), in order to meet short-term requirements, after considering the necessary working capital for its operations and any other commitments it has.

In this sense, Codelco Chile maintains resources at its disposal sufficient to meet its obligations, whether in cash, liquid financial instruments or credit facilities.

In addition, the Finance Department constantly monitors the Corporation's cash flow projections based on short and long term projections and available financing alternatives. In addition, the Corporation estimates that it has enough room to increase the level of borrowing for the normal requirements of its operations and investments established in its development plan.

In this context, according to current existing commitments with creditors, the cash requirements to cover financial liabilities classified by maturity and presented in the statement of financial position are detailed as follows:

Maturity of financial liabilities as of December	Less than	Between one	More than
31.2014	one year	and five years	five years
51,2014	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Loans from financial institutions	828,554	2,568,382	799,375
Bonds	122,552	594,093	8,722,539
Finance leases	20,721	53,887	42,430
Derivatives	10,513	96,626	-
Other financial liabilities	3,828	73,910	-
Total	986,168	3,386,898	9,564,344

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d. Credit risk

This risk comprises the possibility that a third party does not fulfill its contractual obligations, thereby causing a loss for the Corporation.

Given the Corporation's sales policy, principally with cash and advance payments and bank letters of credit, the uncollectibility of client debt balances is minimal. This is complemented by the familiarity the Corporation has with its clients and the length of time it has operated with them. Therefore, the credit risk of these transactions is not significant.

The indications with respect to the payment conditions to the Corporation are detailed in every sales contract and the negotiation management is in charge of the Vice presidency of Commercialization.

In general, the Corporation's other accounts receivable have a high credit quality according to the Corporation's evaluations, based on each debtor's solvency analysis and payment history.

The maximum credit risk exposure as of December 31, 2014 is represented by the financial asset items presented in the Corporation's Statement of Financial Position.

The Corporation's accounts receivable do not include customers with balances that could be classified as a significant concentration of debt and would represent a material exposure for Codelco. This exposure is distributed among a large number of clients and other counterparties.

The client items include allowances, which are not significant, designed to cover possible insolvencies. These provisions are determined based on review of the debt balances and the clients' characteristics, to cover possible insolvencies.

Explanatory note 2 in "Trade and other receivables" presents overdue balances that have not been impaired.

The Corporation estimates that unimpaired amounts overdue over 30 days are recoverable based on clients' historical payment behavior and their existing credit ratings.

As of December 31, 2014 and 2013, there are no receivable balances that have been renegotiated.

Codelco works with major banks, which have high national and international ratings, and continually assesses them; therefore, the risk that could affect the availability of the Corporation's funds and financial instruments is not significant.

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Also, in some cases, to minimize credit risk, the Corporation has contracted credit insurance policies through which it transfers to third parties the commercial risk associated with some aspects of its business.

During the period January-December 2014 and 2013, no assets have been obtained as a result of the execution of guarantees contracted to insure the collection of third party debt.

Personnel loans are mainly generated by mortgage loans, according to programs included in collective agreements, which are guaranteed by housing mortgages which are paid for through payroll discounts.

27. Derivatives contracts

As stated in the Board of Directors' policy, ratified on March 27, 2009, the Corporation has operations to hedge cash flows, to minimize the risk of foreign exchange rate variations and sales price variations, detailed as follows:

a. Exchange rate hedges

The Corporation has protection measurements from exchange rate variations, whose net deferred tax exposure amounts to ThUS\$9,732.

The following table summarizes the exposure of the financial hedges contracted by the Corporation:

Hedge item	Bank	Type of derivative contract	Maturity	Currency	Amount	Financial obligation: hedgind instrument	Exposure	Asset	Liability
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Bond UF Maturity 2025	Credit Suisse (USA)	Swap	4/1/2025	US\$	279,771	208,519	53,405	331,861	(278,456)
Bond EUR Maturity 2024	Santander (Chile)	Swap	6/9/2024	US\$	364,920	409,650	(48,679)	421,024	(469,703)
Bond EUR Maturity 2024	Deustche Bank (UK)	Swap	6/9/2024	US\$	364,920	409,680	(47,918)	421,093	(469,011)
•	Total					1,027,849	(43,192)	1,173,978	(1,217,170)

December 31, 2014

December 31, 2013

Hedge item	Bank	Type of derivative contract	Maturity	Currency	Amount	Financial obligation: hedgind instrument	Exposure	Asset	Liability
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Bond UF Maturity 2025	Credit Suisse (USA)	Swap	4/1/2025	US\$	306,582	208,519	83,838	264,632	(348,470)
Total					306,582	208,519	83,838	264,632	(348,470)

As of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013 there are no balances which guarantee deposits in cash.

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The current methodology for valuing currency swaps uses bootstrapping technique from the mid - swap rate to construct the curves (zero) in UF and USD respectively, from market information.

b. Cash flows and commercial policy adjustment hedging contracts

The Corporation performs transactions in the metal derivatives market, recording their results at maturity. These results are added to or deduced from sales revenue. This addition or deduction is made because sales revenue incorporates the positive or negative effect of market prices. At December 31, 2014, these operations generated a higher net realized income of ThUS\$13,000 (plus an effect of lower net income equivalents to ThUS\$ 271 in subsidiaries), which is detailed below:

b.1. Commercial operations of current copper contracts

The purpose of these contracts is to adjust the price of shipments to the price defined in the Corporation's related policy, defined in accordance with the London Metal Exchange (LME). As of December 31, 2014, the Corporation performed derivative market transactions of copper that represent 287,475 metric tons of fine copper. These hedging operations are part of the Corporation's commercial policy.

The current contracts as of December 31, 2014 presenting a ThUS\$13,638 positive exposure, and their final result will only be known at their maturity, offsetting the hedging transactions with revenue from the sale of the hedged products.

The transactions completed between January 1st and December 31, 2014 generated a net positive effect on net income of ThUS\$9,030, which is deducted from the amounts paid for purchase contracts and added to the values received for sales contracts of the products affected by these pricing transactions.

b.2. Commercial Transactions of Current Gold and Silver Contracts

As of December 31, 2014 the Corporation maintains contracts for derivatives the sale of gold for MOZT41 and silver for MOZT1,812.9.

The contracts outstanding at December 31, 2014 show a positive exposure of ThUS\$ 1,856. The final result will only be known at the expiration of such operations, after offsetting between hedging and income from the sale of the goods.

The transactions completed between January 1st and December 31, 2014 generated a positive effect on net income of ThUS\$ 3,970 which are added to the amounts received from the sales contracts and the sales of porducts related to these transactions. These hedging transactions mature in May 2015.

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b.3. Cash flow hedging operations backed by future production

The Corporation does not hold actual transactions at December 31, 2014, resulting from these operations, which allowed protecting future cash flows, by way of ensuring the sales prices levels of production.

Exposure of metal hedges is summarized in the following tables, as referred to in point b above:

December 31, 2014 Maturity date										
ThUS\$	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Outcoming	Total			
Flex Com Copper (Asset)	12,595	1,766	46	-			14,407			
Flex Com Copper (Liability)	(743)	(26)	-	-			(769)			
Flex Com Gold/Silver	1,856	-	-	-			1,856			
Price setting	-	-	-	-			-			
Metal options	-	-	-	-			-			
Total	13,708	1,740	46	-			15,494			

December 31, 2013		I	Maturity date)			
ThUS\$	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	Outcoming	Total
Flex Com Copper (Asset)	5,516	40	-	-			5,556
Flex Com Copper (Liability)	(14,119)	(1,245)	-	-			(15,364)
Flex Com Gold/Silver	1,655	-	-	-			1,655
Price setting	-	-	-	-			-
Metal options	-	-	-	-			-
Total	(6,948)	(1,205)	-	-			(8,153)

December 31, 2014 Maturity date									
ThTM/Ounces	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019 Outo	2019 Outcoming			
Copper Futures [MT]	228.6	55.9	3.0	-	-	-	287.5		
Gold/Silver Futures [ThOZ]	1,853.9	-	-	-	-	-	1,853.9		
Copper price setting [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Copper Options [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

December 31, 2013 Maturity date									
ThTM/Ounces	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018 Out	coming	Total		
Copper Futures [TM]	279.0	50.0	-	-	-	-	329.0		
Gold/Silv er Futures [MOZ]	1,869.0	-	-	-	-	-	1,869.0		
Copper price setting [TM]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Copper Options [TM]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

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28. Contingencies and restrictions

a) Litigations and contingencies

There are various lawsuits and legal actions initiated by or against the Corporation, which derive from its operations and the industry in which it operates. In general, these are civil, tax, labor and mining litigations, all related to the Corporation's activities.

In the opinion of Management and its legal advisors, the lawsuits in which the Corporation is being sued, and could have negative results; do not represent significant loss contingencies or cash flows. Codelco defends its rights and employs all corresponding relevant legal instances, resources and procedures.

The most significant lawsuits that involve Codelco are related to the following matters:

- Tax Lawsuits: There are several tax lawsuits due to Internal Revenue Service tax assessments, for which the Corporation has filed the corresponding opposition.
- Labor Lawsuits: Labor lawsuits filed by workers of the Andina Division against the Corporation, relating to occupational illness (silicosis).
- Mining and Other Lawsuits derived from operations: The Corporation has been participating and will probably continue to participate as a claimant and defendant in certain lawsuits relating to its operations and mining activities, through which it seeks to exercise or oppose certain actions or exceptions with regard to certain mining concessions that have been established or are pending constitution, and its other activities. These processes do not currently have a fixed amount and not essentially affect the development of Codelco.

A case by case analysis of these lawsuits has shown that there are a total of 286 cases that have a clearly estimated value. It is estimated that 175 of these, which represent 61.19% of the total and which amount to ThUS\$ 41,518, could have a negative impact on the Corporation. There are also 87 lawsuits, representing 30.42% of the total and which amount to ThUS\$851, about which there is no certainty that the outcome would be unfavorable for Codelco. For the 24 remaining cases, which amount to ThUS\$1,797, the Corporation's legal advisors believe that an unfavorable outcome is unlikely. In addition, there are 96 lawsuits for undetermined amounts. It is believed that the result of 22 of these could be unfavorable to Codelco.

The Corporation received Liquidations N° 45, 46 and 47, issued on 29 June, 2012 by the Large Taxpayers Internal Revenue Service (SII), all relating to the audit of the transactions that the Corporation has with the associated company Copper Partners Investment Company Limited, for which Codelco has requested the Review of the Performance Audit

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(RAF), adding to similar review requested by Liquidations N° 1 and N° 2 and Assistant Director-Control (SDF) Ex. Resolution No. 1 issued dated July 30, 2010 by the Division of Control of IRS in relation to transactions of the same species before indicated.

IRS, date of December 23, 2013, invited the Corporation for the conciliation procedure. January 21, 2014, the SDF exempted its resolution N° 178/2014, Branch Control is delivered in the revision of the supervisory action, under the Liquidations N° 1 and N° 2 and SDF Ex. The Corporation launched an attempt to reposition that service, requesting in January 27, 2014, the reconsideration of the resolution N ° 178/2014. In March 4, 2014, the IRS in response granted the application of evidentiary procedure special made by the company. As of September 27, 2014, during the fiscalization process of the year 2010, Codelco received the liquidations N° 7 y N° 8.

For litigation costs and potential loss, the necessary provisions exist, which are recorded as contingency provisions.

As is public knowledge, the Corporation has submitted Appeals for Protection before the respective Courts of Appeals, challenging the findings reported by the Labor Department, deriving from inspections performed under the framework of Law No. 20.123, which regulates subcontracted work schemes and temporary service firms. Five of these appeals were accepted and one was rejected, the latter of which has been appealed by the Corporation. All appeals are currently pending in the Supreme Court.

b) Other Commitments

- i. On February 29, 2010, the Board agreed to continue mining operations of the Salvador Division until 2016, and if market and operating conditions are maintained, until 2021, both extensions are subject to the condition that management improvements and cost reduction commitments made by the Division are met, these commitments were filed at the Board of Directors in August 2010, and the extension was approved.
- ii. On May 31, 2005, Codelco, through its subsidiary Codelco International Ltd. signed an agreement with Minmetals to form a company, Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd., in which both companies have an equal equity interest. A 15-year copper cathode sales contract to that associated company was agreed upon, as well as a purchase contract from Minmetals to the latter for the same period and for equal monthly shipments to complete a total of 836,250 metric tons. Each shipment shall be paid by the buyer at a price formed by a fixed re-adjustable component plus a variable component, which depends on current copper prices at the time of shipment.

During the first quarter of 2006 and on the basis of the negotiated financial terms, financing contracts were formalized with the China Development Bank allowing Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd. to make the US\$550 million advance payment to Codelco in March 2006.

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As of December 31, 2014, the contract is operational, and monthly shipments began in June 2006.

With regard to financial obligations incurred by the associate Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd. with the China Development Bank, Codelco Chile and Codelco International Ltd. must meet certain commitments, mainly relating to the delivery of financial information. In addition, Codelco Chile must maintain 51% ownership of Codelco International Limited.

According to the Sponsor Agreement, dated March 8, 2006, the Codelco International Ltd. subsidiary gave its participation in Copper Partners Investment Company Limited as a guarantee to the China Development Bank.

Subsequently, on March 14, 2012, Copper Partners Investment Company Ltd. paid off his debt to the abovementioned bank. As of December 31, 2014, Codelco does not hold any indirect guarantee regarding its participation in this associated company.

iii. Regarding the financing agreement signed on August 23, 2012, between the subsidiary, Gacrux Inversiones SpA and Mitsui & Co. Ltd. for the acquisition of the 24.5% stake in Anglo American Sur S.A, which was subsequently amended on October 31, 2012, includes a pledge over the shares that the subsidiary has on Acrux Inversiones SpA (shared participation with Mitsui and minority shareholder in Anglo American Sur S.A.), in order to ensure compliance with the obligations that the financial agreement contemplates.

This pledge extends to the right to collect and receive from Acrux, dividends which have been agreed in the corresponding meetings of shareholders of the company and any other distributions paid or payable to Gacrux respect of the pledged shares.

- iv. The Corporation has signed gas supply contracts with its associate GNL Mejillones S.A., which began operations in October 2010, and through this contract, the associate agrees to sell part of a minimum equivalent to 27 Terra BTU's (British Thermal Units) per year during the 2010 - 2012 period. Additionally, the Corporation has signed an option contract together with other participating mining companies that includes the option to:
 - Acquire the right to the long-term use of the terminal's capacity from the end of the contract, or
 - To acquire the company's shares; the companies are committed to choosing one or other of these two alternatives.

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As of December 31, 2014, the Corporation does not have guarantees of the derivative transactions made by GNL Mejillones S.A.

- v. Law 19.993 dated December 17, 2004, which authorized the purchase of the Fundición y Refinería Las Ventanas assets from ENAMI, established that the Corporation must ensure that the smelting and refining capacity required is maintained, without any restriction and limitation, for treating the products of the small and medium mining sector sent by ENAMI, under the form of toll production mode or another form agreed upon by the parties.
- vi. Obligations with the public for bond issues means that the Corporation must meet certain restrictions related to limits on pledges and leaseback transactions on its principal assets and on its ownership interest in subsidiaries.

The Corporation, at December 31, 2014 and 2013, has complied with these conditions.

vii. On January 20, 2010, the Corporation signed two energy supply contracts with Colbún S.A., which includes energy and power purchases for a total of 351 MW. The contract provides a discount for that energy consumption due to lower demand from Codelco's SIC divisions with respect to the amount of contracted power. The discount is equivalent to the value of the sale of that energy on the spot market.

In addition, through a supplementary agreement, Codelco has ensured the supply by Colbún of 159 MW, adapted to Codelco's long-term energy and power requirements from the SIC of approximately 510 MW.

This contract is based on energy production from Colbún's Santa María thermal power station, which is currently under construction. This plant is coal-fired, and therefore the electric energy tariff rate applied for the energy supplied to Codelco is linked to the price of coal.

Through these contracts, which operate through take or pay, the Corporation agrees to pay for the contracted energy and Colbún undertakes to return at market price the energy not consumed by Codelco.

These contracts have maturity date in 2027 and 2045.

- viii. On November 6, 2009, Codelco signed the following long-term electric energy supply contracts with ELECTROANDINA S.A.(associate until January 2011), with a maturity in 2017:
 - This replaces the one signed on November 22, 1995, for the supply of electricity to the Chuquicamata work center, for a 15-year term beginning in January 2010

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for between 200 and 280 MW in power and all associated electric energy. The approximate cost of the contract is US\$1,380 million for the whole period.

- Modification of the contract dated December 21, 1995 for the Radomiro Tomic work center, for a maximum power of 110 MW, in which new prices are established, for the power and energy contemplated in the contract as well as their new adjustment formulas from January 2010.
- ix. On November 11, 2011, Law No. 20.551 was published in the Official Journal, which regulates the tasks and closure of mining facilities. Additionally, on November 22, 2012, the Decreto Supremo No. 41 of the Ministerio de Minería, which approves the Regulations of this Law, was published in the Diario Oficial.

This law requires the Corporation, among other requirements, to provide financial guarantees to the State to ensure the implementation of closure plans. It also establishes the obligation to make contributions to a fund which aims to cover the costs of post-closure activities.

The Corporation, in accordance with the mentioned regulation, must provide to SERNAGEOMIN the Mine Closure Plan for every Codelco operating segment, while in April 2015 it must submit a proposal for the creation of guaranties. In the month of June 2015, Codelco should create guarantees for the initial 20% of the obligation under the regulations of this Code, amounting US\$ 709 millios according to the estimations. The remaining 80% should be adjusted proportionately each year over the remaining period of fourteen years. The guarantee will be determined in present value of all actions and measures within the mine closure plan.

The mine closure plans delivered to SERNAGEOMIN were developed by invoking the transitional regime of the Act, which was specified for the affected mining companies under the general application procedure (extraction capacity > 10,000 tons per month), and which, at the date of enactment of the Law, will abide in operation and account with a mine closure plan previously approved under Mine Safety Regulations Supreme Decree No. 132.

The Corporation is in the process of updating its mine closure plan and the process of valuation, which must comply with the requirements of Law No. 20.551, considering that the accounting liability record caused by this obligation, differs from the law's requirement, mainly by differences concerning the horizon that is considered for the projection of flows, in which the law requires the determination of the obligations in terms of mineral reserves, while the financial-accounting approach incorporates some of its mineral resources. Therefore, the discount rate established by law, may differ from that used by the Corporation under the criteria set out in IAS 37 and described in Note 2, letter o) of Main Accounting Policies.

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- x. On May 24, 2012, the Corporation has signed with Japan Bank for International Cooperation and Bank of Tokyo-Mitsubishi UFJ Ltd., a financing contract for up to US\$ 320 million for the development, construction and operation of a plant metal processing in the second region of Chile, of which at December 31, 2014, have been drawn ThUS\$129,000.
- xi. On August 24, 2012, Codelco through its subsidiary Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux (Nueva Acrux) SpA (which minority shareholder is Mitsui), signed a contract with Anglo American Sur S.A. Under this contract Codelco agreed to sell a portion of its annual copper production to the mentioned subsidiary, who in turn agrees to purchase such production.

Such annual portion is determined by the share of Codelco's indirect subsidiary, Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA (also shared ownership with Mitsui), maintained for the shares of Anglo American Sur S.A.

In turn, Nueva Acrux agrees to sell to Mitsui, the products purchased under the agreement described in the preceding paragraphs.

The term of the contract will occur when the shareholders agreement of Anglo American Sur S.A ends or other events related to the completion of mining activities of the company take place.

29. Guarantees

The Corporation as a result of its activities has received and given guarantees.

 Direct Guarantees provided to Financial Insitutions

 Creditor of the Guarantee
 Type of Guarantee
 12/31/2014
 12/31/2013

 Maturity
 ThUS\$
 ThUS\$

 Oriente Copper Netherlands B.V.
 Pledge on shares
 Nov-32
 877,813
 877,813

The following tables list the main guarantees given to financial institutions:

Total

As of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, there are not indirect guarantees extended to financial institutions.

As for the documents received as collateral, they cover mainly obligations of suppliers and contractors related to the various development projects. Below are given the amounts received as collateral, grouped according to the Operating Divisions that have received these amounts:

877,813

877,813

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Guarantees	received from t	hird parties
Division	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
DIVISION	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Andina	41,819	40,112
Chuquicamata	49,045	39,424
Casa Matriz	473,072	580,823
Radomiro Tomic	6,377	7,233
Salvador	39,946	31,626
Ministro Hales	1,289	1,648
El Teniente	51,983	80,345
Ventanas	6,489	3,628
Gabriela Mistral	877	845
Total	670,897	785,684

30. Balances in foreign currency

a) Assets by Type of Currency

Category	12/31/2014	12/31/2013
Category	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Liquid assets	1,342,364	756,297
US Dollars	1,184,792	703,513
Euros	4,265	31,712
Other currencies	4,261	4,474
Non-indexed Ch\$	134,818	14,691
U.F.	14,228	1,907
Cash and cash equivalents	1,310,616	750,670
US Dollars	1,167,009	699,809
Euros	3,974	31,373
Other currencies	4,261	4,474
Non-indexed Ch\$	133,276	13,107
U.F.	2,096	1,907
Other current financial assets	31,748	5,627
US Dollars	17,783	3,704
Euros	291	339
Other currencies	-	-
Non-indexed Ch\$	1,542	1,584
U.F.	12,132	-
Short and long term receivables	2,312,169	2,356,185
US Dollars	1,616,831	1,808,056
Euros	106,783	69,143
Other currencies	699	1,717
Non-indexed Ch\$	578,803	473,598
U.F.	9,053	3,671
Trade and other receivables	2,177,782	2,186,182
US Dollars	1,607,119	1,776,949
Euros	106,206	68,174
Other currencies	579	1,699
Non-indexed Ch\$	454,825	335,689
U.F.	9,053	3,671

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Category	12/31/2014 ThUS\$	12/31/2013 ThUS\$
Rights receivables, non-current	124,675	138,896
US Dollars	-	-
Euros	577	969
Other currencies	120	18
Non-indexed Ch\$	123,978	137,909
U.F.	-	-
Due from related companies, current	9,488	30,883
US Dollars	9,488	30,883
Euros	-	-
Other currencies	-	-
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	-
U.F.	-	-
Due from related companies, non-current	224	224
US Dollars	224	224
Euros	-	-
Other currencies	-	-
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	-
U.F.	-	-
Rest of assets	31,602,033	30,242,681
US Dollars	27,979,313	27,396,894
Euros	455,316	383,148
Other currencies	31,094	28,506
Non-indexed Ch\$	2,453,819	2,103,094
U.F.	682,491	331,039
Total assets	35,256,566	33,355,163
US Dollars	30,780,936	29,908,463
Euros	566,364	484,003
Other currencies	36,054	34,697
Non-indexed Ch\$	3,167,440	2,591,383
U.F.	705,772	336,617

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

b) Liability by type of currency:

	12/31	/2014	12/31/2013		
Current liability by currency	Up to 90	90 days	Up to 90	90 days	
Current hability by currency	days ThUS\$	to 1 year ThUS\$	days ThUS\$	to 1 year ThUS\$	
Current liabilities	2,744,429	831,406	3,025,377	753,379	
US Dollars	2,086,579	811,819	2,156,736	741,045	
Euros	97,965	-	59,610	-	
Other currencies	1,223	-	3,773	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	552,007	14,253	795,943	6,380	
U.F.	6,655	5,334	9,315	5,954	
Other current financial liabilities	166,541	819,627	412,234	748,067	
US Dollars	88,646	811,819	371,179	741,045	
Euros	69,363	-	34,994	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	4,345	3,330	1,583	2,328	
U.F.	4,187	4,478	4,478	4,694	
Bank loans	62,630	765,924	337,406	183,487	
US Dollars	1,165	763,638	302,412	181,887	
Euros	61,465	-	34,994	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	1,709	-	844	
U.F.	-	577	-	756	
Obligations	84,330	38,222	62,384	549,545	
US Dollars	73,588	38,222	59,267	549,545	
Euros	7,898	-	-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	-	-	-	
U.F.	2,844	-	3,117	-	
Finance lease	5,240	15,481	6,208	15,035	
US Dollars	3,380	9,959	4,374	9,613	
Euros	-	-	-	-	
Other currency	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	517	1,621	473	1,484	
U.F.	1,343	3,901	1,361	3,938	
Others	14,341	-	6,236	-	
US Dollars	10,513	-	5,126	-	
Euros	-	-	-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	3,828	-	1,110	-	
U.F.	-	-	-	-	
Other current liabilities	2,577,888	11,779	2,613,143	5,312	
US Dollars	1,997,933	-	1,785,557	-	
Euros	28,602	-	24,616	-	
Other currencies	1,223	-	3,773	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	547,662	10,923	794,360	4,052	
U.F.	2,468	856	4,837	1,260	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

		12/31	/2014		12/31/2013				
Non-aument liebility by aumeneur	1 to 3	3 to 5	5 to 10	More than	1 to 3	3 to 5	5 to 10	More than	
Non-current liability by currency	years	years	years	10 years	years	years	years	10 years	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Non-Current liabilities	8,350,793	2,239,020	4,940,940	4,624,466	8,074,278	607,395	4,741,700	3,745,414	
US Dollars	7,349,081	2,228,878	4,202,051	4,326,013	6,903,208	602,033	4,714,661	3,416,873	
Euros	-	-	716,070	-	-	-	-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	965,152	-	1,062	-	1,000,803	736	1,284	-	
U.F.	36,560	10,142	21,757	298,453	170,238	4,626	25,755	328,541	
Other non-current financial liabilities	1,147,878	2,239,020	4,939,878	4,624,466	1,754,617	607,395	4,740,416	3,745,414	
US Dollars	1,136,183	2,228,878	4,202,051	4,326,013	1,731,231	602,033	4,714,661	3,416,873	
Euros	-	-	716,070	-	-	-	-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	1,856	-	-	-	4,349	736	-	-	
U.F.	9,839	10,142	21,757	298,453	19,037	4,626	25,755	328,541	
Bank loans	947,158	1,621,224	83,498	715,877	1,639,536	594,295	28,889	767,337	
US Dollars	947,158	1,620,232	83,498	715,877	1,638,156	594,295	28,889	767,337	
Euros	-	-		-	-	-		-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U.F.	-	992	-	-	1,380	-	-	-	
Obligations	-	594,093	4,813,950	3,908,589	-	-	4,684,311	2,978,077	
US Dollars	-	594.093	4,097,880	3.610.136	-	-	4,684,311	2,649,536	
Euros	-	-	716,070	-	-	-	-	_,,	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
U.F.	-	-	-	298,453	-	-	-	328.541	
Finance Lease	30,184	23,703	42,430	-	35,924	13,100	27,216		
US Dollars	18,489	14,553	20,673	-	15,009	7,738	1,461	-	
Euros			20,010	-	-		-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	1,856	-	-	-	3,258	736	-	-	
U.F.	9,839	9,150	21,757	-	17,657	4,626	25,755	-	
Others	170,536	-		-	79,157	-		-	
US Dollars	170,536	-	-	-	78.066	-	-	-	
Euros		_	_	_	, 0,000	_	-	-	
Other currencies		_	_				_		
Non-indexed Ch\$		-	_		1,091		_	-	
U.F.		-	_		1,001		_	-	
Other liabilities non current	7,202,915	-	1,062		6,319,661		1,284	-	
US Dollars	6.212.898	_	1,002	-	5.171.977	-	1,204	-	
Euros	0,212,090	-	-	-	5,111,311	_	-	-	
Other currencies	-	-	-	-	29	-	-	-	
Non-indexed Ch\$	963.296	-	1.062	-	29 996.454	-	- 1,284	-	
U.F.	26,721	-	1,002	-	996,454 151,201	-	1,204	-	

31. Sanctions

As of December 31, 2014 and December 31, 2013, neither Codelco Chile nor its Directors and Managers have been sanctioned by the Superintendency of Securities and Insurance or any other administrative authorities.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

32. Subsequent events

On February 27, 2015, it was communicated as an essential fact that the following designations for main executives have been proceeded:

- Mr. Patricio Chávez Inostroza as Vice President of Corporate Affairs & Sustainability, beginning his functions as of March 1, 2015.
- Mr. Alejandro Rivera Stambuck, who will be integrated to the Corporation at the latest on April 1, 2015 as Vice President of Management and Finances. Mr. Rivera will have in charge the following departments: Budget & Control, Evaluation of Investments & Projects Control, CoMptroller, TICA (IT Control & Automatization), Finance & Strategic Business.
- Mr. José Robles Becerra, as Vice President of Costs & Productivity, beginning his functions on April 1, 2015. Mr. Robles will have in charge the followings departments: Costs & Productivity Structural Project, Divisional Projects, Supply Management, Management & Oversight of Contractors, FURE Water Resources & Optimization.
- Mr. César Correa Parker as Corporate General Auditor, who will assume the charge at the latest on April 1, 2015.

The Company's management is not aware of significant events of a financial or other nature that would affect these statements, which have occurred between 1 January 2015 and the date of issuance of these financial statements (March 26, 2015), that may affect them.

33. Environmental Expenditures

Each of Codelco's operations is subject to national, regional and local regulations related to protection of the environment and natural resources, including standards relating to water, air, noise and disposal and transportation of dangerous residues, among others. Chile has introduced environmental regulations that have companies, including Codelco, to carry out programs to reduce, control or eliminate relevant environmental impacts. Codelco has executed and shall continue to execute a series of environmental projects to comply with these regulations.

Pursuant to the Letter of Values approved in 2010, Codelco is governed by a series of internal policies and regulations that frame its commitment to the environment, including the Sustainable Development Policy (2003) and the Corporate Security, Occupational Health and Environmental Management Policy (2007).

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

The environmental management systems of the divisions and the Head Office, structure their efforts in order to comply with the commitments assumed by the corporation's environmental policies, incorporating planning, operating, verifying and reviewing elements. As of December 31, 2014, they have received ISO 14001 certification for the environmental management of Chuquicamata, Radomiro Tomic, Andina, Salvador, El Teniente, Ventanas, Gabriela Mistral and the Head Office.

To comply with the Circular N°1.901 of 2008 of the Chilean Superintendency of Securities and Insurance, you find below details of the Corporation's main expenditures related to the environment during the period from January, 1 to December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the projected future expenses.

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

			Disburser	nents 12/31/20)14	12/31/2013	Expendi	tures
		Project	Amount	Asset/	Asset item/	Amount	Amount	Estimated
Entity	Project name	status	ThUS\$	Expenditure	Expenditure	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	date
	Chuquicamata		83,579			129,519	490,282	
Codelco Chile	Talambre dam extension, 7th stage	In Process	8,057	Asset	P, P & E	58,170	-	2014
Codelco Chile	Talambre dam extension, 8th stage	In Process	2,535	Asset	P, P & E	-	375,426	2018
Codelco Chile	Emergency restoration system dust control crushing	In Process	3,151	Asset	P, P & E	5,061	4,803	2015
Codelco Chile	Fifth CPS enlargement cast	Finished	-	Asset	P, P & E	72	-	2015
Codelco Chile	Replacement of circulation pot 1A and 2A	In Process	878	Asset	P, P & E	14	33,908	2018
Codelco Chile	Acid plants	In Process	42,307	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	54,129	47,405	2015
Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In Process	2,930	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	3,314	-	-
	Tailings	In Process	22,518	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	5,448	28,740	2015
	Acid drenage	In Process	,• · •	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	511		2014
	Water treatment plant	In Process	410	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	1,505		2011
	Environmental monitoring	In Process	793	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	1,294		
	Environmental monitoring	III FIODESS	195	Experiatione	Aumin. Experiolare	1,234	-	-
	Salvador		58,612			44,721	318,430	
	Dust collection improvement	In Process	3,270	Asset	P, P & E	2,245	2,752	2014
	Construction V stage of tailing treatment	Finished	-	Asset	P, P & E	3,116	-	-
	Constuction north wall camber 2nd stage	In Process	2,194	Asset	P, P & E	56	-	-
	Improvement of integrated gas collection process	In Process	7,656	Asset	P, P & E	724	265,143	2018
Codelco Chile	Construction of sanitary filling	In Process	709	Asset	P, P & E	111	427	2014
Codelco Chile	Tailings	In Process	5,251	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	2,564	4,173	2015
Codelco Chile	Acid plants	In Process	37,327	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	33,872	43,189	2015
Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In Process	1,165	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	1,305	1,485	2015
Codelco Chile	Water treatment plant	In Process	1,040	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	728	1,261	2015
	Environmental Management, Monitoring and Advising	In Process	-	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	#N/A	-	2014
	Andina		184.481			۔ 189.335	367.771	
Codelco Chile		In Process	5,308	Asset	P, P & E	6,110	3,021	2015
	Construction of water trap for east ballast deposit	Finished	5,506	Asset			3,021	2015
	Drains expansion stage 5		-		P, P & E	1,130	-	-
	Drain water treatment	In Process	554	Asset	P, P & E	1,223	-	-
	Drain internal water treatment E1	In Process	2,646	Asset	P, P & E	7,907	-	-
	Drainage water treatment	In Process	46,799	Asset	P, P & E	78,922	-	-
	Water Normative Phase 2	In Process	17,138	Asset	P, P & E	10,140	20,343	2017
	Building evacuation and capturing towers	In Process	11,669	Asset	P, P & E	6,890	4,319	2015
	Construction of tailings canal (Ovejería)	In Process	-	Asset	P, P & E	2,972	-	-
Codelco Chile	Improvement to irrigation	In Process	4,082	Asset	P, P & E	-	3,794	2015
Codelco Chile	Improvements to line wall sand	In Process	2,052	Asset	P, P & E	-	264	2014
Codelco Chile	Improvement of drainage system	In Process	877	Asset	P, P & E	-	-	-
Codelco Chile	Enabling Ovejería injection wells dam	Finished	-	Asset	P, P & E	989	-	-
Codelco Chile	Improvement of interception filters (Ovejería)	Finished	-	Asset	P, P & E	807	-	-
Codelco Chile	Rebuilding of bypass cameras	In Process	561	Asset	P, P & E	323	-	-
	Construction site emergency plan	In Process	15,526	Asset	P, P & E	472	22,434	2015
	Logistics farm dam Ovejería	In Process	12,569	Asset	P, P & E	1,297	-	-
	Construction adduction Los Leones	In Process	352	Asset	P, P & E		4.435	2014
	Well construction container spill	In Process	10	Asset	P, P & E	_	712	2015
	Address acquisition field PMFC	In Process	45	Asset	P, P & E		28	2015
	Drainage water treatment DLN	In Process	45 879	Asset	P, P & E	-	44.690	2015
	0		3,680			-		2016
	Cota 640 tranque	In Process	,	Asset	P, P & E	-	164,321	
	Improved water internal tip E2	In Process	19	Asset	P, P & E	-	19,737	2017
	Replacement liena Ovejeria tailings	In Process	18	Asset	P, P & E	-	8,252	2016
	Solid waste	In Process	2,279	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	2,920	3,425	2015
	Water treatment plant	In Process	4,295	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	3,982	5,320	2015
	Trailings	In Process	51,937	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	63,251	58,605	2015
Codelco Chile	Acid drainage	In Process	1,186	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	-	4,071	2015
ubtotal			326,672			363,575	1,176,483	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Project name Project name Asset Asset Asset Asset Anount Anount Anount Control El Teniente 1183,239 Asset P, P & E 210,844 330,529 Codeloc Ohia Construction of Bip Dass of Carin In Process 7,582 Asset P, P & E 9,724 133,005 2016 Codeloc Ohia Construction of Bip Dass of Carin In Process 1,202 Asset P, P & E 9,724 133,005 2016 Codeloc Ohia Construction emergency reservoir In Process 1,202 Asset P, P & E - 1,175 2015 Codeloc Ohia Adjustis In Process 3,507 Expendure Adm. Expendure 2,917 3,081 2,217 2,505 2015 2015 2015 2016 2,917 2,018 2,917 2,018 2,917 3,081 2,027 2,015 2,015 2,017 2,015 2,015 2,015 2,015 2,015 2,015 2,015 2,016 2,016				Disburser	nents 12/31/20)14	12/31/2013	Expendit	tures
El Teniente 210,824 210,824 310,529 -			Project	Amount	Asset/	Asset item/	Amount	Amount	Estimated
Codebo Chile Aglatish of Billing Roule 5 Finished Finished <t< th=""><th>Entity</th><th>Project name</th><th>status</th><th>ThUS\$</th><th>Expenditure</th><th>Expenditure</th><th>ThUS\$</th><th>ThUS\$</th><th>date</th></t<>	Entity	Project name	status	ThUS\$	Expenditure	Expenditure	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	date
Codebo Chie Construction of Chip hase of Carlein In Process 7,682 Asset P, P & E 9,724 133,005 2016 Codebo Chie Construction emergency reservoir In Process 1,202 Asset P, P & E - 1,676 2015 Codebo Chie Construction emergency reservoir In Process 1,683 2,015 2,006 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,016 2,017 2,016 2,015 2,016 2,		El Teniente		185,289			210,894	310,529	
Codebc Onlie Construction of the phase of Carén In Process 7,682 Asset P, P & E 9, 78 133,005 2016 Codebc Onlie Construction emergency reservor In Process 1,202 Asset P, P & E - 1,676 2015 Codebc Onlie Construction emergency reservor In Process 1,202 Asset P, P & E - 1,676 2015 Codebc Onlie Sold wase In Process 3,507 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 2,5145 1,486 2015 Codebc Onlie Sold wase In Process 7,582 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 2,612 80,572 2015 Codebc Onlie Impromental monitoring In Process 1,419 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure -	Codelco Chile	Apliation of tailing Route 5	Finished	-	Asset	P, P & E	-	-	-
Codebo Chie Environmental reconstruction of courts In Process 4.294 Asset P, P & E 1.178 2015 Codebo Chie Construction emergency reservoir In Process 88 Asset P, P & E - 3.098 2015 Codebo Chie Add plants In Process 73,683 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 66,321 72,506 2015 Codebo Chie Solid wate In Process 75,582 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 2477 3.088 2015 Codebo Chie Marine Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 76,612 80,572 2015 Codebo Chie Implementation wastewater treatment system Finished - Asset P, P & E 23 - - Codebo Chie Implementation motifing In Process 51,464 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 1,035 946 2015 Codebo Chie Inverse Finished - Asset P, P & E 241 - - - - - -			In Process	7.682			9.724	133.005	2016
Codebo Chie Construction emergency reservoir In Process 1.202 Asset P. P. & E - 3.083 2015 Codebo Chie Reinforcementsfucture critical sector and other 10 Process 7.963 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 96.321 7.256 2015 Codebo Chie Sold wase in Process 7.563 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 2.947 3.038 2015 Codebo Chie Sold wase in Process 7.5632 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 7.6512 80.572 2015 Codebo Chie Sold wase in Process 7.490 - <t< td=""><td>Codelco Chile</td><td></td><td>In Process</td><td>4.294</td><td>Asset</td><td>,</td><td>145</td><td> ,</td><td>2015</td></t<>	Codelco Chile		In Process	4.294	Asset	,	145	,	2015
Codebo Chie Reinbrorement structure critical sector and other Codebo Chie In Process (additional sector) Asset (additional sector) Asset (additional sector) P a E (additional sector) - 16.76 (additional sector) 2015 (additional sector) Codebo Chie Solid waste (additional sector) In Process (additional sector) 73.683 (additional sector) Asset (additional sector) P a E (additional sector) -				,			-	,	
Codelac Onlae Acid plants In Process 73.633 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 96.21 72.506 2015 Codeloc Onle Solid waste In Process 3.507 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 25.144 246 2015 Codeloc Onle Tailings In Process 75.582 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure Admin. Expenditure Admin. Expenditure Admin. Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 1.426 2.629 -				,			-	,	
Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Valter treatment plantIn Process In Process13.020 19.240Expenditure ExpenditureAdmin. Expenditure Admin. Expenditure2.9.47 2.9.1453.038 2.0152015Codeloc Chile Codeloc ChileCabriela Mistral Implementation wastewater treatment systemFinished In Process2.7.90 1.3.25P. 8 E Expenditure2.9.47 Admin. Expenditure3.081 2.6.292.6.29 2.015Codeloc Chile Codeloc ChileComponential monibring Universe many setwater treatment systemFinished In Process- 1.3.25- Expenditure3.0.81 Admin. Expenditure2.6.29 1.3.25VentansCodeloc Chile UsatorSolid waste Universe upbke MatFinished Finished- Finished- AssetP. P. & E P. P. & E1.1.63 4.002.015Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Colid clad mechanical system Cps N*1 y 3 Codeloc Chile Colid clad mechanical system Cps N*1 y 3 							96.321	,	
Codeloc Chile Water treatment plant In Process 19.240 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 25.145 14.846 2015 Codeloc Chile Tailings Sobiela Mistral 2.790 Asset P.P.8.E 23 - Codeloc Chile Environmental monitoring In Process 14.99 Admin. Expenditure 1.703 1.683 2015 Codeloc Chile Environmental monitoring In Process 14.19 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 1.703 1.683 2015 Codeloc Chile Solid waste In Process 51,464 P.P.8.E 241 - - Codeloc Chile Supply of areance in electric oven Finished - Asset P.P.8.E 241 - - Codeloc Chile Torrease uptake Mat Finished - Asset P.P.8.E 111.643 2015 Codeloc Chile Cold load mechanical system Cps N*1 y 3 In Process 7.522 Asset P.P.8.E 40 - - Codeloc Chile Cold load mechanical system Cps N*1 y 3 In Process 7.523 Asset P.P.8.E <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td></t<>				,				,	
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Radomiro Tomic Solid wasteNo	Codelco Chile	Environmental monitoring	In Process	1,513	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	1,442	1,644	2015
Codelco Chile Codelco ChileSolid wasteIn Process1,757Expenditure ExpenditureAdmin. Expenditure1,1431,5062015Codelco ChileEffluent treatment plantIn Process2,199ExpenditureAdmin. Expenditure1,6471,6232015Codelco ChileMinistro Hales Acquisition sprinkler truckIn Process321 In ProcessAssetP, P & E-2,764Codelco ChileAnd wash assembly acquisition systemIn Process320 In ProcessAssetP, P & E-2,200Codelco ChileEcometales LimitedIn Process1AssetP, P & E-2,2002015Codelco ChileEcometales LimitedIn Process1AssetP, P & E-2,2002015Codelco ChileSmelfing plant of foundry dustIn Process416ExpenditureAdmin. Expenditure3284132015	Codelco Chile	Effluent treatment plant	In Process	5,057	Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure	5,766	9,072	2015
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Ecometales Ltd Smelting plant of foundry dust In Process 416 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 328 413 2015	Codelco Chile	Acquisition sprinkler truck	In Process	1	Asset	P, P & E	-	2,200	2015
Ecometales Ltd Smelting plant of foundry dust In Process 416 Expenditure Admin. Expenditure 328 413 2015		Ecometales Limited		416			328	413	
Subtotal 244,236 255,947 421,112	Ecometales Ltd		In Process		Expenditure	Admin. Expenditure			2015
DUDTOTAI 244,236 255,947 421,112				0// 00-			0 0.1-	101 11-	
	ubtotal			244,236			255,947	421,112	

NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(In thousands of US dollars of the United States of America, except as indicated in other currency or unit) (Translation to English of consolidated financial statements originally issued in Spanish – see Note I.2)

Nelson Pizarrro Contador Chief Executive Officer Héctor Espinoza Villarroel Vice President of Administration & Finance (I) -Controller

Gonzalo Zamorano Martínez General Accountant