CORPORACION NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE

Consolidated Financial Statements as of December 31, 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

Santiago, March 30, 2023

To the President and Directors of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile and its subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and 2021, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the consolidated financial statements.

Management's responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Chile. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Santiago, March 30, 2023 Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile and its subsidiaries as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the results of their operations and their cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

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DocuSigned by:

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Juan Carlos Pitta De C. RUT: 14.709-125-7



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Consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022

(A free translation from the original in Spanish)

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CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

(A free translation from the original in Spanish)

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CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

	Note N°	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Assets			
Current assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	1	1,026,727	1,283,618
Other current financial assets	11	1,451	320,340
Other current non-financial assets		36,989	23,997
Trade and other current receivables	2	3,386,785	4,194,350
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	3	31,756	156,711
Current inventories	4	2,300,909	1,811,455
Current tax assets	6	10,226	11,438
Total current assets		6,794,843	7,801,909
Non-current assets			
Other non-current financial assets	11	105,518	38,283
Other non-current non-financial assets		13,615	1,621
Non-current accounts receivable	2	88,906	104,177
Accounts receivable from related parties, non-current	3	224	224
Non-current inventories	4	603,446	610,558
Investments accounted for using equity method	9	3,527,323	3,546,011
Intangible assets other than goodwill		42,687	43,311
Property, plant and equipment	7	32,309,530	30,449,893
Investment property		981	981
Right-of-use assets	8	405,843	361,539
Non-current tax assets	6	748,611	4,333
Deferred tax assets	5	95,705	94,595
Total non-current assets		37,942,389	35,255,526
Total assets		44,737,232	43,057,435

CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

	Note N°	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Equity and liabilities			
Liabilities			
Current liabilities			
Other financial liabilities, current	12	470,437	605,203
Lease liabilities, current	8	125,190	112,104
Trade and other payables	15	1,779,538	1,497,429
Accounts payable to related entities, current	3	178,673	221,344
Other short-term provisions	16	761,665	742,027
Current tax liabilities, current	6	26,309	308,376
Current provisions for employee benefits	17	544,289	419,323
Other non-financial liabilities, current		34,384	33,071
Total current liabilities		3,920,485	3,938,877
Non-current liabilities			<u>,</u>
Other financial liabilities, non-current	12	16,689,123	16,903,640
Lease liabilities, non-current	8	286,679	240,023
Non-current payables		1,062	1,065
Other long-term provisions	16	2,679,728	2,457,585
Deferred tax liabilities	5	8,461,928	7,004,523
Non-current provisions for employee benefits	17	1,041,117	934,542
Other non-financial liabilities, non-current		2,545	2,279
Total non-current liabilities		29,162,182	27,543,657
Total liabilities		33,082,667	31,482,534
Equity			
Share capital		5,619,423	5,619,423
Accumulated losses		(538,367)	(277,340)
Other reserves	18.a	5,659,426	5,286,406
Equity attributable to owners of parent		10,740,482	10,628,489
Non-controlling interests	18.b	914,083	946,412
Total equity		11,654,565	11,574,901
Total liabilities and equity		44,737,232	43,057,435

CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

	Note N°	1-1-2022 12-31-2022	1-1-2021 12-31-2021
Revenue	19	17,018,409	21,024,815
Cost of sales		(12,284,652)	(12,185,688)
Gross margin		4,733,757	8,839,127
Other income	22.a	64,731	115,741
Distribution costs		(17,151)	(9,389)
Administrative expenses		(502,313)	(459,278)
Other expenses	22.b	(2,103,316)	(2,717,007)
Other gains		29,782	37,531
Gains (losses) from operating activities		2,205,490	5,806,725
Finance income		47,245	13,657
Finance costs	23	(569,060)	(641,009)
Impairment of gains and reversal of impairment losses determined in accordance with IFRS 9		(2,648)	(1,250)
Equity in income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method	9	51,991	414,845
Exchange gains (losses) in foreign currencies	25	(237,777)	313,736
Income for the period before tax		1,495,241	5,906,704
Income tax expense	5	(1,133,670)	(3,855,336)
Net income for the period		361,571	2,051,368
Profit attributable to			
Profit attributable to owners of the parent		345,589	1,942,486
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	18.b	15,982	108,882
Net income for the period	-	361,571	2,051,368

CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

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Comprehensive income 26,116 17,687 Total comprehensive income 387,687 2,069,055 Comprehensive income, attributable to Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent 373,294 1,957,836 Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests 14,393 111,219			(65,159)	63,593
Total comprehensive income387,6872,069,055Comprehensive income, attributable toComprehensive income attributable to owners of parent373,2941,957,836Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests14,393111,219			26.116	17.687
Comprehensive income, attributable to Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests 14,393 111,219				
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Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests 14,393 111,219	Comprehensive income, attributable to			
Comprehensive income attributable to non-controlling interests 14,393 111,219	Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent		373,294	1,957,836
			14,393	
			387,687	

CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

12-31-2022	Share capital	Reserve on exchange differences on translation	Reserves of cash flow hedges	Reserve of remeasurement of defined benefit plans	Other reserves	Total other reserves	Retained earnings (losses)	Equity attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
						Note 18			Note 18	
Opening balance at 01-01-2022	5,619,423	(6,221)	(31,254)	(259,573)	5,583,454	5,286,406	(277,340)	10,628,489	946,412	11,574,901
Changes in equity										
Gain							345,589	345,589	15,982	361,571
Comprehensive income		(809)	35,085	(2,892)	(3,679)	27,705		27,705	(1,589)	26,116
Profit (loss)		(809)	35,085	(2,892)	(3,679)	27,705		373,294	14,393	387,687
Dividends							(259,900)	(259,900)		(259,900)
(Decrease) Increase through transfers and other changes, equity	-	-	-	-	345,315	345,315	(346,716)	(1,401)	(46,722)	(48,123)
Increase (decrease) in equity	-	(809)	35,085	(2,892)	341,636	373,020	(261,027)	111,993	(32,329)	79,664
Closing balance at 12-31-2022	5,619,423	(7,030)	3,831	(262,465)	5,925,090	5,659,426	(538,367)	10,740,482	914,083	11,654,565

CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

12-31-2021	Share capital	Reserve on exchange differences on translation	Reserves of cash flow hedges	Reserve of remeasurement of defined benefit plans	Other reserves	T otal other reserves	Retained earnings (losses)	Equity attributable to owners of parent	Non-controlling interests	Total equity
						Note 18			Note 18	
Opening balance at 01-01-2021	5,619,423	(2,939)	2,988	(305,556)	5,582,329	5,276,822	(194,696)	10,701,549	924,942	11,626,491
Changes in equity										
Gain							1,942,486	1,942,486	108,882	2,051,368
Comprehensive income		(3,282)	(34,242)	45,983	6,891	15,350		15,350	2,337	17,687
Profit (loss)		(3,282)	(34,242)	45,983	6,891	15,350		1,957,836	111,219	2,069,055
Dividends							(2,033,206)	(2,033,206)		(2,033,206)
(Decrease) Increase through transfers and other changes, equity	-	-	-	-	(5,766)	(5,766)	8,076	2,310	(89,749)	(87,439)
Increase (decrease) in equity	-	(3,282)	(34,242)	45,983	1,125	9,584	(82,644)	(73,060)	21,470	(51,590)
Closing balance at 12-31-2021	5,619,423	(6,221)	(31,254)	(259,573)	5,583,454	5,286,406	(277,340)	10,628,489	946,412	11,574,901



CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 (In thousands of US dollars - ThUS\$) (A free translation from the original in Spanish)

	Note N°	1-1-2022 12-31-2022	1-1-2021 12-31-2021
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities			
Classes of cash receipts from operating activities			
Receipts from sales of goods and rendering of services		17,999,563	20,084,649
Other cash receipts from operating activities	26	2,335,896	2,068,751
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(10,954,146)	(9,734,039)
Payments to and on behalf of employees		(1,393,362)	(1,679,583)
Other cash payments from operating activities	26	(3,063,993)	(3,140,663)
Dividends received		163,619	270,892
Income tax (paid)		(741,578)	(1,978,516)
Net cash flow from operating activities		4,345,999	5,891,491
Cash flows from (used in) investing activities			
Other cash payments to acquire equity or debt instruments of other entities		(257)	(193)
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(3,480,367)	(2,822,001)
Interest received		39,302	7,522
Other cash outflows		324,649	(66,901)
Net cash flows used in investing activities		(3,116,673)	(2,881,573)
Cash flows from (used in) financing activities			
Total amounts from long-term loans and bonds		-	780,000
Payment of loans and bonds		(344,623)	(1,444,310)
Lease liability payments		(141,780)	(138,668)
Dividends paid		(259,900)	(2,033,206)
Interest paid		(705,345)	(765,662)
Other cash outflows		(52,619)	(177,291)
Net cash flows used in financing activities		(1,504,267)	(3,779,137)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents before the effect of exchange		(274,941)	(769,219)
rate changes		(=: :,• : :)	(100,210)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents		18,050	(54,656)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(256,891)	(823,875)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	1	1,283,618	2,107,493
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	1	1,026,727	1,283,618



CORPORACIÓN NACIONAL DEL COBRE DE CHILE NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2022 AND DECEMBER 31, 2021

(Monetary values in thousands of United States dollars, unless another currency or unit is indicated)

I. GENERAL INFORMATION

1. Corporate information

Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile (hereinafter referred to as "Codelco" or the "Corporation"), is, in Management's opinion, the largest copper producer in the world. Codelco's most important product is refined copper, primarily in the form of cathodes. The Corporation also produces copper concentrates, blister and anode copper and by-products such as molybdenum, anode slime and sulfuric acid.

The Corporation trades its products based on a policy aimed to sell refined copper to manufacturers or producers of semi-manufactured products.

These products contribute to diverse fields of community development, particularly those intended to improve areas such as public health, energy efficiency, and sustainable development, among others.

The Corporation is registered under Securities Registry No. 785 of the Chilean Commission for the Financial Market (the "CMF") and is subject to its supervision. According to Article No. 10 of Law No. 20392 (related to the new Corporate Governance of Codelco), such supervision shall be on the same terms as publicly traded companies, notwithstanding the provisions in Decree Law (D.L.) No.1349 of 1976, which created the Comisión Chilena del Cobre ("Chilean Copper Commission").

Codelco's head office is in Santiago, Chile, at 1270 Huérfanos Street, telephone number (56-2) 26903000.

Codelco was incorporated through D.L. No. 1350 of 1976, which is the statutory decree applicable to the Corporation. In accordance with the statutory decree, Codelco is a government-owned mining, industrial and commercial company, which is a separate legal entity with its own equity. Codelco Chile currently carries out its mining business through its Chuquicamata, Radomiro Tomic, Ministro Hales, Gabriela Mistral, Salvador, Andina, El Teniente and Ventanas divisions.

The Corporation also carries out similar activities in other mining deposits in association with third parties.

In accordance with letter e) of Article 10 of Law No. 20392, Codelco is governed by its organic standards set forth in Decree Law No. 1350 (D.L. No. 1350) and that of its by-laws, and in



matters not covered by them and, insofar as they are compatible and do not contradict the provisions of such standards, by the rules that govern publicly traded companies and the common laws as applicable to them.

In accordance with D.L. No. 1350 Section IV related to the Company's Exchange and Budget Regulations. Codelco's financial activities are conducted following an annual budgeting program that is composed of an Operations Budget, an Investment Budget, and a Debt Amortization Budget.

The tax system applicable to Codelco's taxable income is in accordance with Article 26 of D. L. No.1350 which refers to Decree Law No. 824 on Income Tax of 1974 and Decree Law No. 2398 (Article 2) of 1978, as applicable. The Corporation's taxable income is also subject to a Specific Mining Tax in accordance with Law No. 20026 of 2005.

According to Law No. 13196, the return on foreign currency of the Corporation's foreign sales (real income), of its copper production, including its by-products, is taxed at 10% and method of payment and the duration of this obligation for Codelco, which are detailed in Note III.22 letter c) of this report.

The subsidiaries whose financial statements are included in these consolidated financial statements correspond to companies located in Chile and abroad, which are detailed in Note II.2.d.

The associates located in Chile and abroad, are detailed in the Explanatory Notes Section III of Note 9.

2. Basis of presentation of the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the consolidated statements of income, statements of comprehensive income, statements of changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared under International Accounting Standard No. 1 (IAS 1) "Presentation of Financial Statements", incorporated in the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (hereinafter "IASB")

These consolidated financial statements include all information and disclosures required in annual financial statements.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from accounting records maintained by the Corporation.

The consolidated financial statements of the Corporation are presented in thousands of United States dollar ("U.S. dollar").



Responsibility for information and estimates made

The Board of Directors of the Corporation has been informed of the information included in these consolidated financial statements and expressly declared its responsibility for the consistent and reliable nature of the information included as of December 31, 2022, which financial statements fully comply with IFRS. These consolidated financial statements as of December 31, 2022 were approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on March 30, 2023.

Accounting policies

These consolidated financial statements reflect the financial position of Codelco and affiliates as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, as well as the results of their operations, changes in equity and cash flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and their related notes, all prepared and presented in accordance with IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements, considering the respective presentation regulations of the Financial Market Commission (CMF)".

II. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Significant judgments and key estimates

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of assets and liabilities recognized as of the date of the financial statements and the amounts of revenue and expenses recognized during the reporting period is required. Such preparation also requires the Corporation's Management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Corporation's accounting policies. The areas involving a greater degree of judgment or complexity or areas in which the assumptions and estimates are significant for the consolidated financial statements are described as follows:

a) Useful economic lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment: the useful lives and residual values of property, plant and equipment that are used for calculating depreciation are determined based on technical studies prepared by internal specialists. The technical studies consider specific factors related to the use of assets.

Where there are indications that the useful lives of these assets or their residual values may have changed from previous estimates, this should be done using technical estimates to determine the impact of any changes

b) Ore reserves: the measurements of ore reserves are based on estimates of the ore resources that are legally and economically exploitable and reflect the technical and environmental considerations of the Corporation regarding the amount of resources that



could be exploited and sold at prices exceeding the total cost associated with the extraction and processing.

The Corporation applies judgment in determining the ore reserves, and as such, possible changes in these estimates might significantly impact the estimates of net revenues over time. In addition, these changes might lead to modifications in usage estimates, which might have an effect on depreciation and amortization expense, calculation of stripping cost adjustments, determination of impairment losses, expected future disbursements related to decommissioning and restoration obligations, long term defined benefits plans' accounting and the accounting for financial derivative instruments.

The Corporation estimates its reserves and mineral resources based on the information certified by the Competent Persons internal and external of the Corporation, who are defined and regulated according to Law No. 20235. These estimates correspond to the application of the Certification Code of Ore Reserves, Resources and Exploration, issued by the Mining Committee which was instituted through the law.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, the Corporation periodically reviews its estimation models, supported by experts who, in some divisions, also certify the reserves determined from these models.

c) Impairment of non-financial assets: the Corporation reviews the carrying amount of its non-financial assets to determine whether there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If any such indicator exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment loss. In testing impairment, the assets are grouped into cash generating units ("CGUs") to which the assets belong, if applicable. The recoverable amount of these CGUs is calculated as the present value of the expected future cash flows from such assets, considering a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. If the recoverable amount of the assets is lower than their carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized.

The Corporation defines the CGUs and also estimates the timing and cash flows that such CGUs will generate. Subsequent changes in the grouping of the CGU, or changes in the assumptions supporting the estimates of cash flows or the discount rate, may impact the carrying amounts of the corresponding assets.

Estimates of assumptions influencing the calculation of cash flows, such as the price of copper or treatment charges and refining charges, among others, are determined based on studies conducted by the Corporation using uniform criteria over different periods. Any change in these criteria may have an impact on the recoverable amount of the assets being tested for impairment.

The Corporation has assessed and defined that the CGUs are constituted at the level of each of its current operating divisions, with the exception of the Ventanas Division Smelter and Refinery operations, which are analyzed separately.



In assessing impairment in affiliates and associates, the Corporation uses the higher of value in use or fair value less costs to determine the recoverable amount. This recoverable amount may consider elements such as Life of Mine (LOM), reserves and/or mining resources, among others, for mining operation evaluations. In addition, the evaluation may incorporate market variables such as, for example, the price of copper and other commodities, cost of production inputs, exchange rates, discount rates and other market information for long-term asset valuation.

d) Provisions for decommissioning and site restoration costs: when a disruption is caused by the ongoing development or production of a mining property, an obligation to incur decommissioning and restoration costs arises. Costs are estimated based on a formal closure plan and are reassessed as of each reporting period or as of the date such obligations become known. The initial estimate of decommissioning and site restoration costs is recognized as property, plant, and equipment in accordance with IAS 16, and simultaneously a liability in accordance with IAS 37, is recorded.

For these purposes, a defined list of mine sites, facilities and other equipment are studied under this process, considering the engineering level profile, the cubic meters of assets that will be subject to removal and restoration, weighted by a structure of market prices of goods and services, reflecting the best current knowledge related to carrying out such activities, as well as techniques and more efficient construction procedures to date. In the process of valuation of these activities, the assumptions of the exchange rate for tradable goods and services are made, as well as a discount rate, which considers the time value of money and the risks associated with the liabilities, which is determined based, where applicable, on the currency in which disbursements are expected to be made.

The liability amounts recognized at the end of each reporting date represent management's best estimate of the present value of the future decommissioning and site restoration costs. Changes in the estimate of the liability because of changes in the estimated future costs or in the discount rate are added to or deducted from the respective asset cost. The amount deducted from the cost of the asset shall not exceed it carrying amount. If a decrease in the liability exceeds the carrying amount of the asset, the excess is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

If the adjustment results in an addition to the cost of the asset, Codelco considers whether this is an indicator that the new carrying amount of the asset may not be fully recoverable. If such an indicator exists, Codelco tests the asset for impairment by estimating its recoverable amount, and accounts for any impairment loss in accordance with IAS 36.

Costs arising from the installation of a plant or other site preparation work, discounted to their net present value, are provided for and capitalized at the beginning of each project as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises. These decommissioning costs are charged to net income over the life of the mine, through depreciation of the corresponding asset. Depreciation expense is included in cost of sales, while the discount in the provision is included in finance costs.



e) Provisions for employee benefits: Provisions for employee benefits related to severance payments and health benefits for services rendered by the employees are determined based on actuarial calculations using the projected unit credit method and are recognized in other comprehensive income or s (depending on the accounting standards applicable) on an accrual basis

The Corporation uses assumptions to determine the best estimate of future obligations related to these benefits. Such estimates, as well as assumptions, are determined by management using the assistance of external actuaries. These assumptions include demographic assumptions, discount rate and expected salary increases and rotation levels, among other factors.

- f) Accruals for open invoices: the Corporation uses information on future copper prices, through which it recognizes adjustments to its revenues and trade receivables, due to the conditions in provisional pricing arrangements. These adjustments are updated monthly, See Notes 2 q) "Revenue from contracts with customers" of Note 2 "Significant accounting policies" below.
- g) Fair value of derivatives and other financial instruments: management may use its judgment to choose an adequate and proper valuation method for financial instruments that are not quoted in an active market. In the case of derivative financial instruments, assumptions are based on observable market inputs, adjusted depending on factors specific to the instruments among others.
- h) Lawsuits and contingencies: The Corporation assesses the probability of lawsuits and contingency losses on an ongoing basis according to estimates performed by its legal advisors. For cases in which management and the Corporation's legal advisors believe that a loss is not probable of occurring or where probable, may not be estimated reliably, no provisions are recognized. When it is considered more likely than not that a loss is probable and it may be reliably estimated, a provision is recognized.
- i) Application of IFRS 16: includes the following:
 - Estimation of the lease term
 - Determine if it is reasonably certain that an extension or termination option will be exercised.
 - Determination of the appropriate rate to discount lease payments
- j) Revenue recognition: the Corporation determines appropriate revenue recognition for its contracts with customers by analyzing the type, terms and conditions of each contract or agreement with a customer.

As part of the analysis, the management must make judgments about whether an agreement or contract is legally enforceable, and whether the agreement includes separate performance obligations. In addition, estimates are required to allocate the total price of the transaction to each performance obligation based on the stand-alone selling



price of the promised goods or services underlying each performance obligation. (The Corporation applies the constraint on variable consideration as defined in IFRS 15, if applicable).

- k) Stripping costs Costs incurred in removing mine waste materials (overburden) in open pits that are in production, that provide access to mineral deposits, are recognized in property, plant, and equipment, when the following criteria set out in IFRIC 20 Stripping Costs in the Production Phase of a Surface Mine are met:
 - It is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the stripping activity will flow to the entity.
 - It is possible to identify the components of an ore body for which access has been improved because of the stripping activity, and
 - The costs relating to that stripping activity can be measured reliably.

The stripping costs are amortized based on the production units of production extracted from the ore body related to the specific stripping activity which generated this amount.

Although the abovementioned estimates have been made based on the best information available as of the date of issuance of these consolidated financial statements, it is possible that new developments could lead the Corporation to modify these estimates in the future. Such modifications, if any, would be adjusted prospectively, recognizing the effects of the change in estimate in future consolidated financial statements, as required by IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors".

2. Significant accounting policies

- **a. Period covered:** The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile include the following statements:
 - Consolidated Statements of Financial Position as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.
 - Consolidated Statements of Comprehensive Income for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.
 - Consolidated Statements of Changes in Equity for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.
 - Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.
- b. Basis of preparation These consolidated financial statements of the Corporation as of December 31, 2022 have been prepared in accordance with the instructions of the Commission for the Financial Market which fully comply with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the IASB.

The consolidated statements of financial position as of December 31, 2021 and statements of income for the year ended December 31, 2021, equity and cash flows for the year ended



December 31, 2021, which are included for comparative purposes, have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB, on a basis consistent with the criteria used for the same period ended December 31, 2022, except for the adoption of new IFRS standards and interpretations adopted by the Corporation as of December 31, 2022, which are disclosed in number 3 "New standards and interpretations adopted by the Corporation" in section II of this report.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared from accounting records held by the Company.

c. Functional currency - The functional currency of Codelco is the U.S. dollar, which is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Corporation operates and the currency in which it receives its revenues.

The functional currency of subsidiaries, associates, and joint ventures is the currency of the primary economic environment in which those entities operate and the currency in which they receive their revenues. For those subsidiaries and associates that are an extension of the operations of Codelco (entities that are not self-sustaining and whose main transactions are with Codelco); the functional currency is also the U.S. dollar.

The presentation currency of Codelco's consolidated financial statements is the U.S. dollar.

d. Basis of consolidation - The financial statements comprise the consolidated statements of the Corporation and its affiliates.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date of acquisition, being the date on which the Corporation obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date such control ceases. Specifically, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated statement from the date the Corporation gains control until the date when the Corporation ceases to control the subsidiary.

The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Corporation, using consistent accounting policies

All assets, liabilities, equity, income, expenses, and cash flows related to transactions between consolidated companies are fully eliminated on consolidation. The value of the non-controlling interest of shareholders in equity and in the results of affiliates is presented, respectively, as "Non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statement of financial position and "Income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests" and "Comprehensive income (loss) attributable to non-controlling interests" in the consolidated statements of income.



The following companies have been consolidated:

					12-31-2021		
Taxpayer ID No.	COMPANY	Country	Functional currency	9	% Ownership		
		-		Direct	Indirect	Total	Total
Foreign	Chile Copper Limited	England	GBP	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco do Brasil Mineracao	Brazil	BRL	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Group Inc.	USA	US\$	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Kupferhandel GmbH	Germany	EURO	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Metals Inc.	USA	US\$	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Services Limited	England	GBP	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Shanghai Company Limited	China	RMB	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Singapore P.L	Singapore	US\$	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco USA Inc.	USA	US\$	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Codelco Canadá	Canada	US\$	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Ecometales Limited	Channel Islands	US\$	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Exploraciones Mineras Andinas Ecuador EMSAEC S.A.	Ecuador	US\$	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
Foreign	Cobrex Prospeccao Mineral	Brazil	BRL	-	51.00	51.00	51.00
78.860.780-6	Compañía Contractual Minera Los Andes	Chile	US\$	99.97	0.03	100.00	100.00
81.767.200-0	Asociación Garantizadora de Pensiones	Chile	CLP	96.69	-	96.69	96.69
88.497.100-4	Clínica San Lorenzo Limitada	Chile	CLP	100.00	0.00	100.00	100.00
96.817.780-K	Inmobiliaria de Salud de Codelco SpA (Ex - SEHC Calama)	Chile	US\$	-	-	-	100.00
99.556.950-7	Inmobiliaria Red de Salud de Codelco SpA (Ex - Hospital del Cobre-Calama S.A.)	Chile	CLP	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
96.819.040-7	Complejo Portuario Mejillones S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.99	0.01	100.00	100.00
96.991.180-9	Codelco Tec SpA	Chile	US\$	99.91	0.09	100.00	100.00
99.569.520-0	Exploraciones Mineras Andinas S.A.	Chile	US\$	99.90	0.10	100.00	100.00
99.573.600-4	Clínica Río Blanco S.A.	Chile	CLP	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
76.064.682-2	Centro de Especialidades Médicas Río Blanco Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
77.773.260-9	Inversiones Copperfield SpA	Chile	US\$	100.00		100.00	100.00
76.043.396-9	Innovaciones en Cobre S.A.	Chile	US\$	0.05	99.95	100.00	100.00
76.148.338-2	Sociedad de Procesamiento de Molibdeno Ltda.	Chile	US\$	99.95	0.05	100.00	100.00
76.173.357-5	Inversiones Gacrux SpA	Chile	US\$	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
76.231.838-5	Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux SpA	Chile	US\$	-	67.80	67.80	67.80
76.237.866-3	Inversiones Mineras Los Leones SpA	Chile	US\$	-	-	-	100.00
76.173.783-K	Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA	Chile	US\$	-	67.80	67.80	67.80
76.124.156-7	Centro de Especialidades Médicas San Lorenzo Ltda.	Chile	US\$	-	100.00	100.00	100.00
76.255.061-K	Central Eléctrica Luz Minera SpA	Chile	US\$	100.00	-	100.00	100.00
70.905.700-6	Fusat	Chile	CLP	-	-	-	-
76.334.370-7	Isalud Isapre de Codelco Ltda.	Chile	CLP	99.90	0.10	100.00	100.00
78.394.040-K	Centro de Servicios Médicos Porvenir Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.00	99.00	99.00
77.928.390-9	Inmobiliaria e Inversiones Rio Cipreces Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.90	99.90	99.90
77.270.020-2	Prestaciones de Servicios de la Salud Intersalud Ltda.	Chile	CLP	-	99.00	99.00	99.00
76.754.301-8	Salar de Maricunga SpA	Chile	CLP	100.00	-	100.00	100.00

For the purposes of theseconsolidated financial statements, subsidiaries, associates, acquisitions and disposals are defined as follows:

Subsidiaries: A subsidiary is an entity over which the Corporation has control. Control is exercised if, and only if, the following elements are present: (i) power to govern the operating and financial policies to obtain benefits from their activities; (ii) exposure or rights to the variable returns of these companies; and (iii) ability to use the power to influence the amount of returns.

The Corporation reassesses whether it controls a subsidiary if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the elements of control listed above.

The consolidated financial statements include all assets, liabilities, revenues, expenses, and cash flows of Codelco and its subsidiaries, after eliminating all intercompany balances and transactions.



- **Associates:** An associate is an entity over which Codelco has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the associate but is not control or joint control over those policies.

Codelco's interest ownership in associates is recognized in the consolidated financial statements under the equity method. Under this method, the initial investment is recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize changes in Codelco's share of the comprehensive income of the associate, less any impairment losses or other changes to the investment in net assets of the associate.

The Corporation adjusts the proportional gains or losses obtained by the associate after acquisition to take into account the effects that may exist in the depreciation of the fair value of the assets considered at the date of acquisition.

Acquisitions and disposals: the result of businesses acquired are incorporated in the consolidated financial statements from the date when control is obtained; the results of businesses sold during the period are included in the consolidated financial statements up to the effective date of disposal. Gains or losses on disposal is the difference between the sale proceeds (net of expenses) and the carrying amount of the net assets attributable to the ownership interest that has been sold (and, where applicable, the associated cumulative translation adjustment).

If control is lost over a subsidiary, the retained ownership interest in the investment will be recognized at its fair value.

At the acquisition date of an investment in a subsidiary, associate or joint venture, any excess of the cost of the investment (consideration transferred) plus the amount of the non-controlling interest in the acquiree plus the fair value of any previously held equity interest in the acquiree, where applicable, over Codelco's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and acquired liabilities is recognized as goodwill. Any excess of Codelco's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and acquired liabilities over the consideration transferred, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

e. Foreign currency transactions and reporting currency conversion - Transactions in currencies other than the Corporation's functional currency are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, foreign currency transactions denominated in foreign currencies are converted at the rates prevailing at that date. Gains and losses due to the effect of foreign currency transactions are included in the consolidated statement of income for the period within "Exchange gains (losses) in foreign currencies".

At the end of the reporting period, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in Unidades de Fomento ("UF") have been denominated in US\$, considering the exchange rates in effect at the end of each period (12-31-2022: US\$ 41.02; 12-31-2021: US\$ 36.69)



Expenses and income in local currency have been expressed in dollars at the observed exchange rate, corresponding to the date of the accounting record of each transaction.

The translation of the financial statements of affiliated associates and jointly controlled entities, whose functional currency is different from Codelco's presentation currency, is performed as follows for consolidation purposes:

- Assets and liabilities are converted using the prevailing exchange rate on the reporting date.
- Income and expenses for each statement of income are translated at average exchange rates for the period.
- All resulting exchange differences are recognized in comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the heading "Reserve on exchange differences on translation."

The exchange rates used in each reporting period were as follows:

Relationship	Closing exchange rates			
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021		
USD / CLP	0.00117	0.00118		
USD / GBP	1.20802	1.34880		
USD / BRL	0.18923	0.17957		
USD / EURO	1.07021	1.13135		
USD / AUD	0.68120	0.72480		
USD / HKD	0.12820	0.12821		
USD / RMB	0.14452	0.15680		

f. Offsetting balances and transactions - As a general standard, assets and liabilities, revenue, and expenses, are not offset in the financial statements, except for those cases in which offsetting is required or is allowed by a standard and the presentation reflects the substance of the transaction.

Income or expenses arising from transactions which, for contractual or legal reasons, permit the possibility of offsetting and which the Corporation intends to liquidate for their net value or realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, are stated net in the statement of income.

g. Property, plant and equipment and depreciation - Items of property, plant and equipment are initially recognized at cost. After initial recognition, they are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of property, plant and equipment includes the costs of expansion, modernization or improvements that represent an increase in productivity, capacity or efficiency, or an



increase in the useful life of the assets, and are capitalized as an increase in the cost of the related assets.

The assets included in property, plant and equipment are depreciated, as a general rule, using the units of production method, when the activity performed by the asset is directly attributable to the mine production process. In other cases, a straight-line depreciation criterion is used.

The assets included in property, plant and equipment and certain intangibles (software) are depreciated over their economic useful lives, as described below:

Category	Useful life
Land	Not depreciated
Land on mine site	Unit of production
Buildings	Straight-line over 20-50 years
Buildings in underground mine levels	Units of production level
Vehicles	Straight-line over 3-7 years
Plant and equipment	Unit of production
Smelters	Unit of production
Refineries	Unit of production
Mining rights	Unit of production
Support equipment	Unit of production
Intangibles - software	Straight-line over 8 years
Open pit and underground mine development	Unit of production

Estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, and any change in estimates is recognized prospectively.

Additionally, depreciation methods and estimated useful lives of assets, especially plants, facilities and infrastructure may be revised at the end of each year or during the year according to changes in the structure of reserves of the Corporation and productive long-term plans updated as of that date.

This review may be made at any time if the conditions of ore reserves change significantly because of new known information, confirmed, and officially released by the Corporation.

The gain or loss resulting from the disposal or retirement of an asset is calculated as the difference between the price obtained on disposal and the value recorded in the books, recognizing the charge or credit to income for the period.

Construction in progress includes the amounts invested in the construction of property, plant and equipment and in mining development projects. Construction in progress is transferred to assets in operation once the testing period has ended and when they are ready for use; at that point, depreciation begins to be recognized.



Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or construction of assets that require a substantial period before they are ready for use or sale are capitalized as part of the cost of the corresponding items of property, plant, and equipment.

The ore deposits owned by the Corporation are recorded in the accounting records at US\$1. Notwithstanding the above, those reserves and resources acquired as part of acquisition of entities accounted for as business combinations, are recognized at their fair value.

h. Intangible assets - The Corporation initially recognizes these assets at acquisition cost. The cost is amortized systematically over their useful lives, except in the case of assets with indefinite useful lives, which are not amortized, and are assessed for impairment at least once a year and, in any case, whenever there is an indication that impairment may have occurred. At the end of each reporting period, these assets are measured at their cost less any accumulated amortization (when applicable) and any accumulated impairment losses.

The main intangible assets are described as follows:

Research and Technological Development and Innovation Expenditures: The expenditures for the development of Technology and Innovation Projects are recognized as intangible assets at their cost and are considered to have indefinite useful lives.

Development expenses for technology and innovation projects are recognized as intangible assets at cost, if and only if, all the following have been demonstrated

- The technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale:
- The intention to complete the intangible asset is to use or sell it;
- The ability to use or sell the intangible asset;
- That the intangible asset will generate probable future economic benefits;
- The availability of adequate technical, financial, and other resources to complete the development and to use or sell the intangible asset; and
- The disbursement attributable to the intangible asset during its development can be reliably appraised

Research expenses for technology and innovation projects are recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

i. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets - Property, plant and equipment and intangible assets with finite useful lives are reviewed for impairment to verify whether there is any indication that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated to determine the extent of the impairment to be recorded.



For intangible assets with indefinite useful lives, their recoverable amounts are annually estimated at the end of each reporting period.

When an asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, Codelco determines the recoverable amount of the CGU to which the asset belongs.

The Corporation has defined each of its divisions as a cash generating unit

Recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. On the other hand, the fair value less cost of disposal is usually determined for operational assets considering the Life of Mine ("LOM"), based on a model of discounted cash flows, while the assets not included in LOM as resources and potential resources to exploit are measured by using a market model of multiples for comparable transactions.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than it is carrying amount, an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, reducing the carrying amount to its recoverable amount. In the event of a subsequent reversal of the impairment, the carrying amount is increased to the revised estimate of the recoverable amount, but to the extent that it does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment been previously recognized.

The estimates of future cash flow for a CGU are based on future production forecasts, future prices of basic products and future production costs. Under IAS 36 "Impairment of Assets", there are certain restrictions for future cash flows estimates related to future restructurings and future cost efficiencies. When calculating value in use, it is also necessary to base the calculations on the spot exchange rate at the date of calculation

j. Expenditures for exploration and evaluation of mineral resources, mine development and mining operations - The Corporation has defined an accounting policy for each of these expenditures.

Development expenses for deposits under exploitation whose purpose is to maintain production levels are recognized in profit or loss when incurred.

Exploration and evaluation costs such as: drillings of deposits, including expenses necessary to locate new mineralized areas and engineering studies to determine their potential for commercial exploitation are recognized in profit or loss, normally at the prefeasibility stage.

Pre-operating and mine development expenses (normally after feasibility engineering is reached) incurred during the execution of a project and until its start-up are capitalized and amortized in relation to the future production of the mine. These costs include stripping of



waste material, constructing the mine's infrastructure and other works carried out prior to the production phase.

Finally, costs for defining of new areas or deposit areas in exploitation and of mining operations (PP&E) are recognized in property, plant and equipment and are amortized through profit or loss over the period during which the benefits are obtained.

k. Income taxes and deferred taxes - Codelco and its Chilean subsidiaries recognize annually income taxes based on the net taxable income determined as per the standards established in the Income Tax Law and Article 2 of D.L. 2398, as well as the specific tax on mining referred to in Law No 20026 of 2005. Its foreign subsidiaries recognize income taxes according to the tax regulations in each country.

In addition, Codelco's taxable income in each period is subject to the tax regime established in Article 26 of D.L. No. 1350, which states that tax payments will be made on March, June, September, and December of each year, based on a provisional tax calculation.

The deferred taxes arising from temporary differences and other events that create differences between the accounting and tax bases of assets and liabilities, are recorded in accordance with the standards established in IAS 12 "Income tax".

Deferred taxes are also recognized for undistributed profits of subsidiaries and associates, originated by withholding tax rates on remittances of dividends paid out by such companies to the Corporation.

- I. Inventories Inventories are measured at cost when such does not exceed net realizable value. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price for inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale (i.e., marketing, sales, and distribution expenses). Costs of inventories are determined according to the following methods:
 - Finished products and products in process: These inventories are measured at their average production cost determined using the absorption costing method, including labor, depreciation of fixed assets, amortization of intangibles and indirect costs of each period. Inventories of products in process are classified in current and non-current, according to the normal cycle of operation
 - Materials in warehouse: These inventories are valued at acquisition cost and the Corporation determines an allowance for obsolescence considering that slow-moving materials in the warehouse remain in stock.
 - Materials in transit: These inventories are measured at cost incurred at the end of reporting period. Any difference because of an estimate of net realizable value of the inventories lower than it carrying amount is recognized in profit or loss.



- m. Dividends In accordance with Article 6 of D.L. 1350, the Corporation has a mandatory obligation to distribute its net income as presented in the financial statements. The payment obligation is recognized on an accrual basis.
- n. Employee benefits Codelco recognizes a provision for employee benefits when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of services rendered by its employees.

The employment contracts stipulate, subject to compliance with certain conditions, the payment of an employee severance indemnity when an employment contract ends. In general, this corresponds to one monthly salary per year of service and considers the components of the final remuneration which are contractually defined as the basis for the indemnity. This employee benefit has been classified as a defined benefit plan.

Codelco has also agreed to post-employment medical care benefits for certain retirees. This employee benefit has been classified as a defined benefit plan.

These plans continue to be unfunded as of December 31, 2022.

The employee severance indemnity and the post-employment medical plan obligations are determined using the projected unit credit method, with actuarial valuations being carried out at the end of each reporting period. The defined benefit plan obligations recognized in the statement of financial position represent the present value of the accrued obligations. Actuarial gains and losses are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

The Corporation's management uses assumptions to determine the best estimate of these benefits. The assumptions include an annual discount rate, expected increases in salaries and turnover rate, among other factors.

In accordance with its operating optimization programs to reduce costs and increase labor productivity by incorporating new current technologies and/or better management practices, the Corporation has established employee retirement programs by amending certain employment contracts or collective union agreements to include benefits encouraging employees to early retire, for which the necessary provisions are made based on the accrued obligation at current value. In case of employee retirement programs which involve multi-year periods, the accrued obligations are updated using a discount rate determined based on financial instruments denominated in the same currency and similar maturities that will be used to pay the obligations.

o. Provisions for decommissioning and site restoration costs - The Corporation recognizes a provision for the estimated future costs of decommissioning and restoration of mining projects in development or production when a mining activity causes a disruption under a constructive or legal obligation. Costs are estimated on the basis of a formal closure plan and cost estimates are annually reviewed.



Costs arising from the obligation to dismantle a plant installation or other site preparation work, discounted to their present value, are provided for and capitalized at the beginning of each project or at the origin of the constructive or legal obligation as soon as the obligation to incur such costs arises.

These decommissioning and restoration costs are recorded in income through the depreciation of the asset that gave rise to such cost, and the use of the provision is made when the decommissioning materializes. Subsequent changes in estimates of decommissioning-related liabilities are added to or deducted from the costs of the related assets in the period in which the adjustment is made.

Other restoration costs, outside the scope of IAS 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, are provided for at their present value against operating results and the use of the provision is made in the period in which the restoration work is performed.

The accretion of the discount on a closure liability due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance expense in the statement of income.

p. Leases - The Corporation evaluates its contracts at initial application to determine whether they contain a lease The Corporation recognizes a right-of-use asset and a corresponding liability for lease with respect to all lease agreements in which Codelco is the lessee, except for short-term leases (defined as a lease with a lease term of 12 months or less) and leases of low-value assets. For these leases, the Corporation recognizes the lease payments as an operating cost on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the economic benefits of the leased assets are consumed.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that have not been paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease. If this rate cannot be easily determined, the Corporation uses the incremental borrowing rate.

The incremental rate for loans used by Codelco is determined by estimating the interest rate that the Corporation would have to pay for borrowing the necessary funds to obtain an asset of an equivalent nature similar in value to the right-of-use asset of the respective lease, in a similar economic environment over a similar term.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability mainly include fixed payments, variable payments that depend on an index or a rate and the exercise price of a purchase option. Variable payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are excluded.

The lease liability is subsequently measured as follows: the carrying amount increased to reflect the interest on the lease liability (using the effective rate method) and the carrying amount is reduced to reflect the lease payments made.



The Corporation revalues the lease liability as to the discount rate (and makes the corresponding adjustments to the asset for respective right of use) through a modified discount rate when:

- There is a change in the term of the lease, or
- There is a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset, or
- There is a change in an index or rate which generates a change in cash flows.

Right-of-use assets comprise the amount of the present value of payments not made at the contract inception date, and lease payments made before or up to the inception date, less lease incentives received and any initial direct costs incurred plus other decommissioning and site restoration costs. The right-of-use assets are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated losses due to impairment.

When the Corporation incurs a cost obligation to dismantle or remove a leased asset, restore the location in which it is located or restore the underlying asset to the condition required by the terms and conditions of the lease, a provision is recognized and measured in accordance with IAS 37. Costs are included in the corresponding right-of-use asset unless those costs are incurred to produce inventories.

The right-of-use assets are depreciated during the shorter period between the term of the lease and the useful life of the underlying asset. If a lease transfers the ownership of the underlying asset or the cost of the right-of-use asset reflects that the Corporation expects to exercise its option to purchase, the right-of-use asset is depreciated over the useful life of the underlying asset. Depreciation is made from the start date of the lease.

The Corporation applies IAS 36 to determine if a right-of-use asset is impaired and recognizes any impairment loss identified, as described in the accounting policy for "Property, plant and equipment".

- q. Revenue from Contracts with Customers Revenue is recognized in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to customers.
 - Sale of mineral goods and / or by-products: Contracts with customers for the sale of mineral goods and / or by-products include the performance obligation for the delivery of the physical goods and the associated transportation service, at the place agreed with the customers. The Corporation recognizes revenue from the sale of goods when the performance obligation is satisfied according to the shipment or dispatch of the products, in accordance with the agreed conditions, such revenue being subject to variations related to the content and / or sale price at the date of its liquidation. Notwithstanding the foregoing, there are some contracts where the performance obligation is satisfied when there is receipt of the product instead of the buyer's corresponding destination, thus recognizing revenue at the time of said



transfer. When services of transport of goods are provided, the Corporation recognizes revenue when the service obligation is satisfied.

Sales that have discounts associated with volume subject to compliance with goals are recognized net, estimating the probability that the volume target will be reached.

Sales contracts include a provisional price at the shipment date. The final price is generally based on the London Metals Exchange ("LME") price. Revenue from sales of copper is measured using estimates of the future spread of metal prices on the LME and/or the *spot* price at the date of shipment, with subsequent adjustments made upon final pricing recognized as revenue. The terms of sales contracts with customers contain provisional pricing arrangements whereby the selling price for metal concentrate is based on prevailing spot prices on a specified future date after shipment to the customer (the "quotation period"). Consequently, the final price is set at the dates indicated in the contracts. Adjustments to provisional sale prices occur based on movements in quoted market prices on the LME up to the date of final pricing. The period between provisional invoicing and final pricing is typically between one and nine months. Changes in fair value over the quotation period and until final pricing are estimated by reference to forward market prices for applicable metals.

As indicated in the note related to hedging policies in the market of metal derivatives, the Corporation enters into operations in the market of metal derivatives. Gains and losses from those which are fair value hedges contracts are recognized as revenues.

- Rendering of services: Additionally, the Corporation recognizes revenue for rendering services, which are mainly related to the processing of minerals bought from third parties. Revenue from rendering of services is recognized when the amounts can be measured reliably and when the services have been provided.
- **r. Derivatives contracts -** Codelco uses derivative financial instruments to reduce the risk of fluctuations in sales prices of its products and of exchange rates.

Derivatives are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently measured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period.

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity under the item "Cash flow hedge reserve." The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is immediately recognized in profit or loss and included in the "Finance cost" or "Finance income" line items, depending on the effect of such ineffectiveness. The amount recognized in comprehensive income is reclassified to income, in the same line in which the effects generated by the hedged item are recorded once the results of the hedged transactions are recorded in the same line or until the maturity date of such transactions.



A hedge is considered highly effective when it meets the requirements of IFRS 9. At the time of discontinuation of the hedge contract or the associated designated accounting and according to the circumstances of each case, the accumulated gain/loss on the derivative instrument remains in equity until the hedge transaction occurs, or if discontinuation is expected to occur, the amount in equity is reclassified to profit or loss.

The total fair value of hedging derivatives is classified as "non-current financial asset or liability", if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is greater than 12 months, and as "current financial asset or liability" if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than 12 months.

The derivative contracts held by the Corporation have been entered into to apply the risk hedging policies and are accounted for as indicated below:

- Hedging policies for exchange rate risk: The Corporation enters into exchange rate derivatives to hedge exchange rate variations between the U.S. dollar and the currencies of transactions the Corporation undertakes. In accordance with the policies established by the Board of Directors, these hedge transactions are only entered into when there are recognized assets or liabilities, forecasts of highly probable transactions or firm commitments. The Corporation does not enter into derivative transactions for non-hedging purposes.
- Hedging policies for metal market prices risk: In accordance with the policies established by the Board of Directors, the Corporation entered into derivative contracts to reduce the inherent risks in the fluctuations of metal prices.

Hedging policies seek to protect expected cash flows from product sales operations by adjusting, when necessary, physical sales contracts to its commercial policy. When the sales commitments are fulfilled and the metal derivative contracts are settled, there is an offset between the results of the sales transactions and the results of hedging using metal derivatives.

Hedging transactions carried out by the Corporation in the metal derivatives market are not undertaken for speculative purposes.

- Embedded derivatives: The Corporation has established a procedure that allows for evaluation of the existence of embedded derivatives in financial and non-financial contracts. Where there is an embedded derivative, and the host contract is not a financial instrument and the characteristics and risks of the embedded derivative are not closely related to the host contract, the derivative is required to be recognized separately.
- s. Financial information by segment The Corporation has defined its Divisions as its operating segments in accordance with the requirements of IFRS 8, Operating Segments. The mining deposits in operation, where the Corporation conducts its extractive and processing activities are managed by the following Divisions: Chuquicamata, Radomiro



Tomic, Ministro Hales, Gabriela Mistral, Salvador, Andina and El Teniente. In addition, the smelting and refining activities are managed at the Ventanas Division. All these Divisions have a separate operational management, which reports to the Chief Executive Officer, through the North and South-Central Vice-President of Operations, respectively. Income and expenses of the Head Office are allocated to the defined operating segments.

- t. Presentation of Financial Statements For purposes of IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statements, the Corporation presents its statement of financial position classified as "current and non-current" and its statements of income "by function" and cash flows using the direct method.
- u. Current and non-current financial assets The Corporation determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition and reviews it at each closing date. The classification depends on the business model in which the investments are managed and the contractual characteristics of their cash flows.

The Corporation's financial assets are classified into the following categories:

- At fair value through profit or loss:

Initial recognition: This category includes those financial assets that do not qualify in the business model to collect contractual cash flows, nor do such cash flows come exclusively from capital and interest. These instruments are initially recognized at fair value.

Subsequent recognition: Their subsequent recognition is at fair value, recording in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, in the line "Other gains (losses)" any changes in fair value.

Amortized cost:

Initial recognition: This category includes those financial assets that qualify in the business model and that are held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows and that meet the "Solely Payment of Principal and Interest" (SPPI) criterion. This category includes certain Trade and other current receivables, and the loans included in other non-current financial assets.

Subsequent recognition: These (debt) instruments are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The amortized cost of a financial asset is the amount at which the financial asset is measured at initial recognition minus the principal repayments, plus the cumulative amortization using the effective interest method of any difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount, adjusted for any impairment allowance.

Interest income is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. For financial assets measured at amortized cost that are not part of a designated hedging relationship,



exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the "Foreign exchange difference" line item.

At fair value through other comprehensive income:

Initial measurement: Financial assets that meet the criteria "Solely payments of principal and interest" (SPPI) are classified in this category and must be maintained within a business model both to collect the cash flows and to sell the financial assets. These instruments are initially recognized at fair value.

Subsequent recognition: Their subsequent valuation is at fair value. Interest income calculated using the effective interest rate method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognized in income. Other net gains and losses are recognized in other comprehensive income. On derecognition, the gains and losses accumulated in other comprehensive income for debt instruments are reclassified to income. Codelco did not irrevocably choose to designate any equity financial instruments (assets) at fair value with effect on other comprehensive income.

- v. Financial liabilities Financial liabilities are initially recognized at fair value net of transaction costs. Subsequent to their initial recognition, the valuation of the financial liabilities will depend on their classification, within which the following categories are distinguished:
 - **Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss:** This category includes financial liabilities defined as held for trading.

Changes in fair value associated with own credit risk are recorded in other comprehensive income unless doing so creates an accounting mismatch.

- **Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost:** This category includes all financial liabilities other than those measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Corporation includes in this category bonds, obligations and other current payables.

These financial liabilities are measured using the effective interest rate method, recognizing interest expense based on the effective rate.

The method of the effective interest rate corresponds to the method of calculating the amortized cost of a financial liability and the allocation of interest expenses during the corresponding period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability, or where appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount on initial recognition.

Trade and other current payables are financial liabilities that do not explicitly accrue interest and are recognized at their nominal value, which approximates its fair value.



Financial liabilities are derecognized when the liabilities are paid or expire.

w. Impairment of financial assets - The Corporation measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses for certain of its trade receivables. For these, it uses the simplified approach as required under IFRS 9.

The provision matrix is based on the Corporation's historical credit loss experience over the expected life of such trade receivables and is adjusted for forward-looking estimates considering the most relevant macroeconomic factors that affect bad debts.

Other accounts receivable and other financial assets are reviewed using reasonable and sustainable information that is available without cost or disproportionate effort in accordance with IFRS 9 to determine the credit risk of the respective financial assets. A provision for impairment losses on trade receivables and other financial assets is established when there is objective evidence that the amounts due may not be fully recovered.

- x. Cash and cash equivalents The statement of cash flows reflects changes in cash that took place during the period, determined under the direct method. The Corporation has defined the following:
 - Cash flows: Inflows and outflows of cash or cash equivalents, which are defined as highly liquid investments maturing in less than three months with a low risk of changes in value.
 - Operating activities: Are the principal revenue-producing activities of the Corporation and other activities that are not investing or financing activities.
 - Investing activities: These are the acquisition and disposal of long-term assets and other investments not included in cash and cash equivalents.
 - **Financing activities:** These are activities that result in changes in the size and composition of net equity and borrowings of the Corporation.

Bank overdrafts are classified as external resources in current liabilities.

- y. Law No. 13196 Under this law, the return in foreign currency of sales abroad of the Corporation's actual income from its copper production, including by-products, is taxed at 10%. The amount recognized for this concept is presented in the statement of income within the line item "Other expenses by function." (Note III.22 letter c)).
- **z.** Cost of sales Cost of sales is determined according to the absorption costing method, including the direct and indirect costs, depreciation, amortization and any other expenses directly attributable to the production process.



aa. Classification of current and non-current balances - In the consolidated statement of financial position, the balances are classified according to their maturities, that is, as current for those with a maturity equal to or less than twelve months and as non-current for those with a greater maturity. Where there are obligations whose maturity is less than twelve months, but whose long-term refinancing is insured upon a decision by the Corporation whose intention is to refinance, through credit agreements available unconditionally with long-term maturity, these could be classified as non-current liabilities.



3. New standards and interpretations adopted by the Corporation

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are consistent with those applied in the preparation of the Corporation's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021, except for the adoption of new standards, interpretations and amendments, effective from January 1, 2022, which are:

a) Reference to the Conceptual Framework - Amendments to IFRS 3:

Reference to Conceptual Framework 2018 instead of 1989. Additionally, for transactions within the scope of IAS 37 or IFRIC 21, an acquirer will apply IAS 37 or IFRIC 1 (instead of Conceptual Framework) to identify liabilities assumed in a business combination. Finally, a statement is added so that an acquirer does not recognize contingent assets acquired in a business combination.

b) Property, Plant and Equipment - Revenue before Intended Use (Amendments to IAS 16)

The income and costs from the sale of items produced while the asset is taken to the location and necessary condition of operation foreseen by the administration, are recognized in results. It is not allowed to affect the cost of the asset by revenues and costs of such sales.

c) Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments to IAS 37)

It is specified that the cost of fulfilling a contract includes "costs that are directly related to the contract", which are those that either may be incremental costs of fulfilling that contract or an allocation of other costs that are directly related to fulfill the contracts.

- d) Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018-2020
 - a) IFRS 1 First-time Adoption of IFRS: Allows an affiliate to apply paragraph D16 (a) to measure cumulative translation differences using the amounts reported by its parent, based on the date of transition to IFRS of its parent.
 - b) IFRS 9 Financial Instruments: clarifies what fees are included when applying the "10 percent" test in paragraph B3.3.6.
 - c) IFRS 16 Leases: removes from Illustrative Example 13, the illustration of the reimbursement of improvements to the leased asset made by the lessor.
 - d) IAS 41 Agriculture: removes the requirement in paragraph 22 to exclude tax cash flows when measuring the fair value of a biological asset using the present value technique.

The application of these amendments had no impact on the Corporation's consolidated financial statements, but may affect the accounting for future transactions or arrangements.



4. New accounting pronouncements

The following new standards, amendments and interpretations had been issued by the IASB, but their application is not yet mandatory:

New IFRS	Date of mandatory application	Summary
IFRS 17, Insurance Contracts	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023	Establishes the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of insurance contracts, reinsurance contracts and investment contracts with discretional participating features and supersedes IFRS 4 Insurance contracts.
Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current (Amendments to IAS 1)	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024	The amendments aim to promote coherence in applying its requirements by helping companies to determine whether, in the statement of financial position, debts and other liabilities with an uncertain settlement date must be classified as current (maturing or potentially maturing in one year or less) or not current. It is important to note that this amendment must be applied retrospectively and early application is permitted.
Disclosures on accounting policies (Amendments to IAS 1 and IFRS 2 Practice Statement)	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023	The amendments require an entity to disclose its material accounting policies. The additional amendments explain how an entity can identify a material accounting policy. Examples are added of when an accounting policy is likely to be material. To support the amendment, the Board has also developed guidance and examples to explain and demonstrate the application of the "four-step materiality process" described in the IFRS 2 Practice Statement



New IFRS	Date of mandatory application	Summary
Definition of accounting estimates (amendments to IAS 8)	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023	The amendments replace the definition of a change in accounting estimates. According to the new definition, accounting estimates are "monetary amounts in the financial statements that are subject to measurement uncertainty". Entities develop accounting estimates if accounting policies require that financial statement items be measured in a manner that involves measurement uncertainty. The amendments clarify that a change in the accounting estimate resulting from new information or new developments is not a correction of an error.
Deferred tax related to assets and liabilities arising from a single transaction. (amendments to IAS 12)	Annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2023	The amendments clarify that the exemption from initial recognition does not apply to transactions in which equal amounts of deductible and taxable temporary differences arise on initial recognition.
Initial Application of IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 - Comparative Information (Amendment to IFRS 17)	An entity that chooses to apply the amendment shall apply it when it first applies IFRS 17	The amendment permits entities applying IFRS 17 and IFRS 9 for the first time at the same time to present comparative information about a financial asset as if the classification and measurement requirements of IFRS 9 had been applied previously to that financial asset.



New IFRS	Date of mandatory application	Summary
Lease liability on a sale and leaseback (Amendments to IFRS 16)	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024	The amendment clarifies how a lessee subsequently measures sale and leaseback transactions that meet the requirements of IFRS 15 to be accounted for as a sale.
Non-current liabilities with covenants (Amendments to IAS 1	Annual reporting periods beginning on or after January 1, 2024	The amendment clarifies how the conditions that an entity must meet within twelve months after the reporting period affect the classification of a liability.

Management is currently evaluating the impact of the adoption of these new regulations and modifications. It is not expected to have a significant impact on the consolidated financial statements.



III. EXPLANATORY NOTES

1. Cash and cash equivalents

The detail of cash and cash equivalents as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, is as follows:

Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash on hand	113	890
Bank balances	522,050	611,861
Deposits	477,758	649,955
Mutual funds - Money market	26,806	19,142
Repurchase agreements	-	1,770
Total cash and cash equivalents	1,026,727	1,283,618

Interest on time deposits is recognized on an accrual basis using the contractual interest rate of each of these instruments.

The Corporation does not hold any significant amounts of cash and cash equivalents that have a restriction on use.

Cash and cash equivalents meet the low credit risk exemption under IFRS 9. The classification of time deposits complies with the requirements of 7.

2. Trade and other receivables

a) Trade and other receivables

The following table sets forth trade and other receivables balances, with their corresponding allowances for doubtful accounts:

Item	Current		Non-current		
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Trade receivables (1)	2,934,533	3,752,997	-	-	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (3)	(4,098)	(11,410)	-	-	
Subtotal trade receivables, net	2,930,435	3,741,587	-	-	
Other accounts receivable (2)	481,381	460,610	88,906	104,177	
Allowance for doubtful accounts (3)	(25,031)	(7,847)	-	-	
Other other accounts receivable, net	456,350	452,763	88,906	104,177	
Total	3,386,785	4,194,350	88,906	104,177	

(1) Trade receivables correspond to the sales of copper and its by-products, those that in general are sold in cash or through bank transfers.



- (2) Other receivables mainly consist of the following items:
 - Remaining tax credit susceptible to refund VAT and other taxes receivable, amounting to ThUS\$ 216,218 and ThUS\$ 132,674 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
 - Receivables owed by the Corporation's personnel, for short-term and long-term current loans of ThUS\$99,229 and ThUS\$88,175, respectively (as of December 31, 2021 ThUS\$117,081 and ThUS\$99,448, respectively), both deducted monthly from their salaries. Mortgage loans granted to the Corporation's personnel amounting to ThUS\$29,320, which are mainly long-term, are backed by mortgage guarantees (as of December 31, 2021 ThUS\$28,086).
 - Advances to suppliers and contractors, to be deducted from the respective payment statements for ThUS\$101,665 and ThUS\$185,051 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
 - Accounts receivable for services from the Ventanas Smelter to ENAMI. These services for the year 2022 amounted to ThUS\$22,452. Additionally, in order to complement the commercial commitments between Codelco and ENAMI, the Corporation purchases copper concentrate and by-products and sells cathodes to ENAMI. Both Codelco and ENAMI are companies owned by the State of Chile.
- (3) The Corporation recognizes an allowance for doubtful accounts based on its expected credit loss model.

The reconciliation of changes in the allowance for doubtful accounts for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	19,257	16,979
Increases	9,872	2,278
Movement, subtotal	9,872	2,278
Closing balance	29,129	19,257

The balance of past due but not impaired balances is as follows:

Ageing	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Less than 90 days	5,760	4,030
90 days - 1 year	1,114	1,304
Over 1 year	206	5,977
Total unprovisioned past-due debt	7,080	11,311



b) Accruals for open sales invoices

The Corporation adjusts its revenues and trade receivable balances, based on future copper prices through the recognition of an accrual for open sales invoices.

When future price of copper is lower than the provisional invoicing price, the accrual is presented in the statement of financial position as follows:

- For those customers that have due balances with the Corporation, the accrual is presented as a deduction from the line item trade and other current receivables.
- For those customers that do not have due balances with the Corporation, the accrual is presented in the line item trade and other current payables.

When the future copper price is higher than the provisional invoicing price, the accrual is added to the line item trade and other current receivables.

Accordingly, as of December 31, 2022, a positive provision of ThUS\$31,327 was recorded in the account Trade and other receivables for provisions for unfinished sales invoices. As of December 31, 2021 it was a positive provision of ThUS\$ 187,541

As of December 31, 2022, ThUS\$ 1,458 of negative provision for open invoices associated with customers who do not have balances due to Codelco was reclassified to Trade payables of current liabilities, which added to the balance presented in Trade and other receivables, totaled a net negative provision of ThUS\$ 29,869.

3. Balances and transactions with related parties

a) Transactions with related persons

In accordance with Law on New Corporate Governance, the members of Codelco's Board are, in terms of transactions with related persons, subject to the provisions of Title XVI of Law on Corporations, which sets the requirements regarding transactions with related parties in publicly traded companies and their subsidiaries.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, pursuant to the provisions of the final paragraph of Article 147 b) of Title XVI, which contains exceptions to the approval process for transactions with related parties, the Corporation has established a general policy over customary transactions (which was communicated through a significant event notice to the CMF), that defines customary transactions as those carried out with its related parties in the normal course of business, which contributes to the social interest and are necessary to the normal development of Codelco's activities.

Likewise, consistent with the referred to above standard, the Corporation has implemented as part of its internal regulatory framework, a specific policy dealing with business between



related persons and companies with Codelco's executives. Codelco's Corporate Policy No.18 ("CCP No. 18"), the latest version currently in force, was approved by the Chief Executive Officer and the Board of Directors.

Accordingly, Codelco without the authorization required in CCP No. 18 and of the Board of Directors, as required by Law or by the Corporation by-laws, shall not enter into any contracts or agreements involving one or more Directors, its Chief Executive Officer, the members of Division's Managing Committees, Vice-presidents, Legal Counsel, General Auditor, Division Chief Executive Officers, Advisors of Senior Management, employees who must make recommendations and/or have the authority to award tenders, assignments of purchases and/or contracting goods and services, and employees in management positions (up to fourth hierarchical level in the organization), including their spouses, children and other relatives up to second degree of relation, with a direct interest, represented by third parties or on behalf of another person. Likewise, CCP No. 18 requires administrators of Corporation's contracts to declare all related persons and disqualify himself/herself if any related persons are involved within the field of his/her job responsibilities.

This prohibition also includes the companies in which such administrators are involved through ownership or management, either directly or through representation of other natural persons or legal entities, as well as those individuals who also have ownership or management in those companies.

The Board of Directors has been informed and approved certain transactions as defined in CCP No. 18.

These operations include those shown in the following table, for the total amounts mentioned, which must be executed within the time periods specified in each contract:



					1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Company	Taxpayer ID No. Country		Nature of relationship	Transaction description	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Company	Taxpayer ID No.	Country	Nature of relationship	rransaction description	Amount	Amount
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Anglo American Sur S.A.	77.762.940-9	Chile	Associate	Supplies	-	22
Centro de Capacitación y Recreación Radomiro Tomic.	75.985.550-7	Chile	Other related parties	Services	-	1,589
Centro de Especialidades Médicas Río Blanco Ltda.	76.064.682-2	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	5,346	-
Centro de Especialidades Médicas San Lorenzo Ltda.	76.124.156-7	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	447	387
Clínica Río Blanco S.A.	99.573.600-4	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	1,273	-
Clinica San Lorenzo Ltda.	88.497.100-4	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	-	426
Ecometales Limited agencia en Chile.	59.087.530-9	Chile	Subsidiary	Services and Supplies	14,252	661
Empresa Nacional de Telecomunicaciones S.A.	92.580.000-7	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	415	-
Finning Chile S.A.	91.489.000-4	Chile	Relative of employee	Services and Supplies	46,555	-
Flsmidth S.A.	89.664.200-6	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	-	23,695
Fundación de Salud El Teniente.	70.905.700-6	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	101	6,583
Fundación Orquesta Sinfónica Infantil de los Andes.	65.018.784-9	Chile	Founder	Services	212	105
Industrial y Comercial Artimatemb Ltda.	76.108.720-7	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	48	180
ISalud Isapre de Codelco Ltda	76.334.370-7	Chile	Subsidiary	Services	-	15,122
Kairos Mining S.A.	76.781.030-K	Chile	Associate	Services	-	13,332
Linde Gas Chile S.A.	90.100.000-K	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	439	36
Marsol S.A.	91.443.000-3	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	273	-
Nueva Ancor Tecmin S.A.	76.411.929-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	424	4
Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra.	96.701.340-4	Chile	Associate	Supplies	-	2
Sonda S.A.	83.628.100-4	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	-	2,408
Suez Medioambiente Chile S.A.	77.441.870-9	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	17,103	98
Manufacturas AC Ltda	77.439.350-1	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	80	123
MI Robotic Solutions S.A.	76.869.100-2	Chile	Relative of employee	Services and Supplies	609	396
Tecno Fast S.A.	76.320.186-4	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	44.041	19.394
Termoequipos SpA	78.123.830-9	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	117	4
Comercial e Import. Villanueva Ltda	77.000.200-1	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	1,281	834
Deloitte Advisory SpA	76.863.650-8	Chile	Relative of employee	Services		77
Fluor Chile Ingeniería y Construcción S.A.	85.555.900-5	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	9.285	-
Sitrans Servicios Integrados de transporte Ltda	96.500.950-7	Chile	Relative of Director	Services		2,800
Symnetics S.A.	77.812.640-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	3,374	1,019
Constructora Domingo Villanueva Arancibia S.A.	96.846.150-8	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	6,468	5,860
Metso Outotec Chile SpA	93.077.000-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Services and Supplies	74,326	138.565
Ingeniería y Construcción Fenix Ltda	76.134.977-5	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	1,112	910
Janssen S.A.	81.198.100-1	Chile	Relative of Director	Supplies	2.369	98
Enaex Servicios S.A.	76.041.871-4	Chile	Relative of Director	Supplies	71,215	9
CAID S.A.	76.069.751-6	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies		4
Consultorías, Asesorías, Auditorías y Capacitación Guerra y Guerra Ltda	76.168.106-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	-	437
Consorcio Cruz y Davila - Zañartu Ingeniería Ltda	76.381.335-5	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	-	5,280
Costella Proyectos	76.282.588-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	3.423	18,177
Buses JM Pullman S.A.	78.502.770-1	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	11,631	
Adelanta Asesorías y Servicios Ltda	76.425.905-K	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	135	-
Emin Ingeniería y Construcción S.A.	79.527.230-5	Chile	Relative of employee	Supplies	56,547	-
JRI Ingeniería S.A.	96.611.930-6	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	19,388	-
Georock S.A.	77.842.840-7	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	26,400	-
CDZ Ingeniería Uno Ltda	77.535.292-2	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	8,511	-
Softline International Chile SPA	76.232.892-5	Chile	Relative of Director	Supplies	4	-
Ingeniería y Construcción Sigdo Koppers S.A.	91.915.000-9	Chile	Relative of employee	Services and Supplies	76,085	-
Lucas Blandford Maguinarias SpA	76.213.738-0	Chile	Relative of employee	Services	10	-
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b) Key Management of the Corporation

In accordance with the policy established by the Board of Directors and its related regulations, the transactions with the Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, Vice Presidents, Corporate Auditor, the members of the Divisional Management Committees and Divisional General Managers shall be approved by the Board of Directors.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the members of the Board of Directors have received the following amounts as per diems, salaries and fees:



					1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Name	Taxpayer ID	Country	Nature of relationship	Transaction	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Name	No.	Country	Nature of relationship	description	Amount	Amount
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Blas Tomic Errázuriz	5.390.891-8	Chile	Director	Directors fee	-	38
Ghassan Dayoub Pseli	14.695.762-5	Chile	Director	Directors fee	-	23
Ghassan Dayoub Pseli	14.695.762-5	Chile	Director	Payroll	-	45
Hernán de Solminihac Tampier	6.263.304-2	Chile	Director	Directors fee	28	87
Isidoro Palma Penco	4.754.025-9	Chile	Director	Directors fee	101	101
Juan Benavides Feliú	5.633.221-9	Chile	Chairman of the Board of directors	Directors fee	32	130
Juan Morales Jaramillo	5.078.923-3	Chile	Director	Directors fee	80	87
Paul Schiodtz Obilinovich	7.170.719-9	Chile	Director	Directors fee	-	30
Rodrigo Cerda Norambuena	12.454.621-4	Chile	Director	Directors fee	-	7
Felipe Larraín Bascuñán	7.012.075-5	Chile	Director	Directors fee	28	64
Pedro Errázuriz Domínguez	7.051.188-6	Chile	Director	Directors fee	80	56
Patricia Núñez Figueroa	9.761.676-0	Chile	Director	Directors fee	80	56
Máximo Pacheco Matte	6.371.887-4	Chile	Chairman of the Board of directors	Directors fee	99	-
Josefina Montenegro Aravena	10.780.138-3	Chile	Director	Directors fee	52	-
Alejandra Wood Huidobro	7.204.368-5	Chile	Director	Directors fee	51	-
Nelson Cáceres Hernandez	14.379.277-3	Chile	Director	Directors fee	51	-
Nelson Cáceres Hernandez	14.379.277-3	Chile	Director	Payroll	40	-

The Ministry of Finance through Supreme Decree No. 233, dated February 09, 2022, established the compensation for the Corporation's Directors. The compensation to Board of Director members is as follows:

- a. The Directors of Codelco will receive a fixed monthly compensation of Ch\$4,413,071 (four million four hundred thirteen thousand seventy-one Chilean pesos) for meeting attendance. The payment of the monthly compensation requires at least one meeting attendance each month.
- b. The Chairman of the Board will receive a fixed monthly compensation of Ch\$8,826,140 (eight million eight hundred and twenty-six thousand one hundred and forty Chilean pesos).
- c. Each member of the Directors' Committee, whether the one referred to in Article 50 bis) of Law No. 18046 or another established by the Corporation by-laws, will receive a fixed additional monthly compensation of Ch\$1,471,022 (one million four hundred and seventy-one thousand and twenty-two Chilean pesos) for meeting attendance, regardless of the number of committees of which they are members. In addition, the Chairman of the Directors' Committee will receive a fixed monthly compensation of Ch\$2,942,047 (two million nine hundred and forty-two thousand- and forty-seven-pesos Chilean pesos) for meeting attendance
- d. The compensation established in the legal text is effective for a period of two years, as from March 1, 2022, and will not be adjusted during said period



On the other hand, the short-term benefits to key management of the Corporation expensed during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were ThUS\$ 13,368 and ThUS\$ 13,213, respectively.

The methodology to determine the remuneration of key management was approved by the Board of Directors at a meeting held on January 29, 2003.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, severance indemnity payments and other payments associated with the retirement of Codelco's senior executives were ThUS\$ 1,501 and ThUS\$ 237, respectively.

There were no payments for other non-current benefits during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, other than those mentioned in the preceding paragraph.

There are no share-based payment plans.

c) Transactions with companies in which Codelco has ownership interest

The Corporation undertakes commercial and financial transactions that are necessary for its activities with its subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures ("related parties"). The financial transactions correspond mainly to loans granted (mercantile current accounts).

Commercial transactions with related companies mainly consist of purchases/sales of products or rendering of services carried out under market conditions and prices, which do not bear any interest or indexation.

The Corporation does not make allowances for doubtful accounts on the main items receivable from its related companies since these have been subscribed with the relevant safeguards in the respective debt agreements.

The detail of accounts receivable and payable between the Corporation and its related parties as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 is as follows:

Accounts receivable from related entities:

Taxpayer ID No. Name					Current		Non-current	
	Name	Country of origin	Nature of relationship	Currency of readjustment	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
		ongin		reaujustment	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Chile	Associate	US\$	27,566	147,238	-	-
76.063.022-5	Inca de Oro S.A.	Chile	Associate	US\$	908	505	-	-
76.255.054-7	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Chile	Associate	US\$	-	1,319	-	-
96.701.340-4	Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	Chile	Associate	US\$	3,277	1,869	-	-
96.801.450-1	Agua de la Falda S.A.	Chile	Associate	US\$	5	5	224	224
76.028.880-2	Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren	Chile	Associate	US\$	-	5,775	-	-
	Total					156,711	224	224



Accounts payable to related entities:

	Name				Current		Non-current	
Taxpayer ID No.		Country of origin Nature of relations	Nature of relationship	Currency of readjustment	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
					ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
77.762.940-9	Anglo American Sur S.A.	Chile	Associate	US\$	138,330	183,973	-	-
96.701.340-4	Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	Chile	Associate	US\$	38,381	35,145	-	-
76.255.054-7	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Chile	Associate	US\$	979	20	-	-
76.781.030-K	Kairos Mining S.A.	Chile	Associate	US\$	983	2,206	-	-
		Totales			178,673	221,344		-

The following table sets forth the transactions carried out between the Corporation and its related entities during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are detailed below:

Page							2022	1-1-2021		
Transaction description						12-31-2022		12-31-2021		
96.801.450-1 Agua de la Falda S.A Sale of services Chile US\$ 257 -	payer ID No.	Company	Transaction description	Country	Currency	Amount	income	Amount	Effect on income (charge)/credit	
96.801.450-1 Agua de la Falda S.A Contribution Chile US\$ 257 - 177.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Dividends received Chile US\$ 138.445 - 27 27 177.62.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Dividends receivable Chile US\$ 52,307 52,307 18 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product sales Chile US\$ 52,307 52,307 18 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product sales Chile US\$ 52,307 52,307 18 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 11,064 (11,064) 1 17.781.030-K Kairos Mining Dividends received Chile US\$ - -						ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Dividends received Chile US\$ 138,445 - 27 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Dividends receivable Chile US\$ - - 9 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product sales Chile CLP 3,614 3,614 1 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile CLP 3,614 3,614 1 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 1 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7<	.801.450-1 A	gua de la Falda S.A.	Sale of services	Chile	CLP	2	2	1	1	
77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Dividends receivable Chile US\$ - - 9 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product sales Chile US\$ 52,307 52,307 18 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Other sales Chile CLP 3,614 3,614 1 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 1 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ - - - </td <td>.801.450-1 A</td> <td>gua de la Falda S.A.</td> <td>Contribution</td> <td>Chile</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>257</td> <td>-</td> <td>193</td> <td>-</td>	.801.450-1 A	gua de la Falda S.A.	Contribution	Chile	US\$	257	-	193	-	
77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product sales Chile US\$ 52,307 52,307 18 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Other sales Chile CLP 3,614 3,614 1 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 1 1 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 1 <td< td=""><td>.762.940-9 A</td><td>nglo American Sur S.A.</td><td>Dividends received</td><td>Chile</td><td>US\$</td><td>138,445</td><td>-</td><td>270,577</td><td>-</td></td<>	.762.940-9 A	nglo American Sur S.A.	Dividends received	Chile	US\$	138,445	-	270,577	-	
77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Other sales Chile CLP 3,614 3,614 1 77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 11,064 (11,064) 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 1 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Interest on Ioan Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile US\$ - - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile US\$ - - - -	.762.940-9 A	nglo American Sur S.A.	Dividends receivable	Chile	US\$	-	-	98,172	-	
77.762.940-9 Anglo American Sur S.A Product purchase Chile US\$ 781,019 (781,019) 1,03 76.063.022-5 Inca de Oro S.A Payments on account of the company Chile CLP 125 8 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 11,064 (11,064) 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 1 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Increst on Ioan Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - -	.762.940-9 A	nglo American Sur S.A.	Product sales	Chile	US\$	52,307	52,307	181,450	181,450	
Tr. Tr.	.762.940-9 A	nglo American Sur S.A.	Other sales	Chile	CLP	3,614	3,614	14,168	14,168	
77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Services Chile CLP 11,064 (11,064) 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 1 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Services Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 305 305 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.3	.762.940-9 A	Inglo American Sur S.A.	Product purchase	Chile	US\$	781,019	(781,019)	1,037,558	(1,037,558)	
77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Sale of services Chile CLP 1 1 77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Chile CLP 305 305 76.228.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Poduct sales Chile CLP 305 305 76.288.80-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923)	.063.022-5 Ir	nca de Oro S.A.	Payments on account of the company	Chile	CLP	125	8	56	-	
77.781.030-K Kairos Mining Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Interest on Ioan Chile US\$ - - - 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 305 305 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile US\$ - - 76.288.08-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.3	.781.030-K	Cairos Mining	Services	Chile	CLP	11,064	(11,064)	11,645	(11,645)	
Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Poduct sales Chile US\$ - -	.781.030-K	Cairos Mining	Sale of services	Chile	CLP	1	1	1	1	
76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Services Chile US\$ 23,045 (23,045) 1 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 305 305 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Loan recovery Chile US\$ - - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501	.781.030-K	Cairos Mining	Dividends received	Chile	US\$	-	-	78	-	
76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Other sales Chile CLP 6,347 6,347 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 305 305 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Loan recovery Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501	.255.054-7 P	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Interest on loan	Chile	US\$	-	-	133	133	
76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Product sales Chile CLP 305 305 76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Loan recovery Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.255.054-7 P	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Services	Chile	US\$	23,045	(23,045)	18,667	(18,667)	
76.255.054-7 Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA Loan recovery Chile US\$ - - 76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.255.054-7 P	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Other sales	Chile	CLP	6,347	6,347	-	-	
76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Dividends received Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.255.054-7 P	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Product sales	Chile	CLP	305	305	5,327	5,327	
76.028.880-2 Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren Decrease in capital Chile US\$ - - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.255.054-7 P	Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	Loan recovery	Chile	US\$	-	-	5,440	-	
96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Dividends received Chile US\$ 25,174 - 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.028.880-2 S	Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren	Dividends received	Chile	US\$	-	-	19	-	
96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product purchase Chile US\$ 383,923 (383,923) 34 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.028.880-2 S	Sociedad Contractual Minera Puren	Decrease in capital	Chile	US\$	-	-	5,775	-	
96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Product sales Chile US\$ 65,461 1 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Dividends received	Chile	US\$	25,174	-	217	-	
96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other sales Chile US\$ 1,501 1,501 96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Product purchase	Chile	US\$	383,923	(383,923)	341,968	(341,968)	
96.701.340-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Commissions received Chile US\$ 112 112	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Product sales	Chile	US\$	65,461	65,461	19,821	19,821	
	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Other sales	Chile	US\$	1,501	1,501	1,493	1,493	
00704.040.4 0 0 4 4 444 5 544 0 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Commissions received	Chile	US\$	112	112	87	87	
96./U1.34U-4 Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra Other purchases Chile US\$ 447 (447)	.701.340-4 S	Soc. Contractual Minera El Abra	Other purchases	Chile	US\$	447	(447)	65	(65)	

d) Additional information

The purchase/sales of products transactions with Anglo American Sur S.A., are regular business activity transactions to buy/sell copper and other products. On the other hand, there are certain transactions related to the contract entered into with the subsidiary Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux SpA (whose non-controlling shareholder is Mitsui) and Anglo American Sur S.A., under which the latter agreed to sell a portion of its annual copper output to said subsidiary.



4. Inventories

Inventories as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are detailed as follows:

	Current		Non-current		
Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2022 12-31-2021		12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Finished products	154,351	111,516	-	-	
Subtotal finished products, net	154,351	111,516	-	-	
Products in process	1,425,443	1,109,373	603,446	610,558	
Subtotal products in process, net	1,425,443	1,109,373	603,446	610,558	
Materials in warehouse and others	893,879	755,157	-	-	
Adjustment for obsolescence provision	(172,764)	(164,591)	-	-	
Subtotal materials in warehouse and other, net	721,115	590,566	-	-	
Total inventories	2,300,909	1,811,455	603,446	610,558	

Inventories recognized in cost of sales during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, correspond to finished products and amount to ThUS\$12,262,740 and ThUS\$12,165,733, which do not consider the cost of processing services of ThUS\$21,912 and ThUS\$19,954, respectively.

For the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Corporation has not reclassified strategic inventories to Property, Plant and Equipment.

The reconciliation of changes in the allowance for obsolescence is detailed below:

Movement obsolescence provision	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Opening balance	(164,591)	(171,947)	
(Decrease) Increase in provision	(8,173)	7,356	
Closing balance	(172,764)	(164,591)	

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, inventory write-offs of ThUS\$13,287 and ThUS\$37,865, respectively, were recognized.

At December 31, 2022 the provision for net realizable value of copper and its effect on income during the period January to December 2022 was ThUS\$ 54.535 and a loss of ThUS\$45.397 respectively (profit of ThUS\$18.075 for the same period 2021). As of December 31, 2021, the net realizable value provision was ThUS\$9,137.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there are no unrealized gains or losses recognized for purchase and sale transactions of inventories with related parties.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, there are no inventories pledged as security for liabilities.



5. Income taxes and deferred taxes

a) Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred taxes are presented in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

Deferred taxes	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Non-current assets	95,705	94,595	
Non-current liabilities	8,461,928	7,004,523	
Total deferred taxes, net	8,366,223	6,909,928	

The following table shows the deferred tax opening, net, classified as assets or liabilities according to the nature of the temporary differences:

Deferred tax assets	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Provisions	1,841,045	1,541,835	
Tax loss	117,004	114,961	
Contracts for the right to use assets	8,600	(5,153)	
Other	2,416	(4,079)	
Total deferred tax assets	1,969,065	1,647,564	

Deferred tax liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Accelerated depreciation	8,087,772	6,405,256
Change in property, plant and equipment	1,637,493	1,714,652
Tax on mining activity	362,717	342,926
Fair value of acquired mineral claims	169,000	70,178
Deferred income taxes of subsidiaries	19,017	10,770
Hedging derivatives	3,041	(7,454)
Valuation of severance indemnities	56,248	21,164
Total deferred tax liabilities	10,335,288	8,557,492

b) The effect of deferred taxes recognized in comprehensive income is detailed as follows:

Deferred taxes that affected comprehensive income	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash flow hedge	(65,159)	63,593
Defined benefit plans	5,978	(106,983)
Total deferred taxes that affected comprehensive income	(59,181)	(43,390)



c) Composition of income tax (expense)

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021	
Composition	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Deferred tax effect	(911,197)	(1,369,042)	
Current tax expense	(222,472)	(2,490,089)	
Adjustments previous periods	-	3,798	
Others	(1)	(3)	
Total income tax (expense)	(1,133,670)	(3,855,336)	

d) The following table sets forth the reconciliation of the effective tax rate:

	12-31-2022						
ltems -	Taxable base			Tax Rate			
	25%	40%	5.00%	25%	Addit. 40%	5.00%	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Tax effect on income before income taxes	1,472,127	1,472,127	1,472,127	(368,032)	(588,851)	(73,606)	(1,030,489)
Tax effect on income before income tax subsidiaries	23,114	23,114	23,114	(5,779)	(9,246)	(1,156)	(16,181)
Tax effect on consolidated income before income tax	1,495,241	1,495,241	1,495,241	(373,811)	(598,097)	(74,762)	(1,046,670)
Permanent differences							
Corporate income tax (25%)	(164,181)			41,045			41,045
Specific tax on state-owned companies art. 2° D.L. 2.398 (40%)		136,615			(54,646)		(54,646)
Specific tax on mining activity			1,468,004			(73,399)	(73,399)
TOTAL INCOME TAX				(332,766)	(652,743)	(148,161)	(1,133,670)

	12-31-2021						
Hama		Taxable base			Tax Rate		
Items	25%	40%	5.09%	25%	Addit. 40%	5.09%	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Tax effect on income before income taxes	5,822,100	5,822,100	5,822,100	(1,455,525)	(2,328,840)	(291,105)	(4,075,470)
Tax effect on income before income tax subsidiaries	84,604	84,604	84,604	(21,151)	(33,842)	(4,230)	(59,223)
Tax effect on consolidated income before income tax	5,906,704	5,906,704	5,906,704	(1,476,676)	(2,362,682)	(295,335)	(4,134,693)
Permanent differences							
Corporate income tax (25%)	(713,552)			178,388			178,388
Specific tax on state-owned companies art. 2° D.L. 2.398 (40%)		(323,471)			129,388		129,388
Specific tax on mining activity			644,356			(32,218)	(32,218)
Differences from prior years' taxes							3,799
TOTAL INCOME TAX				(1,298,288)	(2.233,294)	(327,553)	(3,855,336)

The Corporation has applied a rate of 25% to calculate deferred income tax and first category income tax. As a state company, the Corporation is classified as those companies of article 14 letter G of the Income Tax Law, incorporated in the Tax Reform Law No. 21210 of February 24, 2020, maintaining the General Regime of Taxation. Meanwhile, the national subsidiaries and associates, by default, have applied the Partially Integrated taxation system with a rate of 27% for both years. Foreign subsidiaries and associates have applied the tax rates in force in their respective countries.

Article 2 of Decree Law No. 2398 establishes an additional 40% income tax rate on the Corporation's taxable income plus the share of retained earnings of companies not organized as corporations or joint stock companies and the dividends actually received from the latter.



For the Specific Tax on Mining Activities, in accordance with Law No. 20469, a rate of 5% has been estimated as of December 31, 2022.

On September 2, 2020, Law No. 21256 was published in the Official Journal, for the tax measures that are part of the emergency plan for economic reactivation. According to Article No. 3, added Article No. 23 bis of Law No. 21210, incorporating a temporary depreciation regime that allows full and instant depreciation of fixed assets and that is in force for acquisitions carried out between June 1, 2020, and December 31, 2022. As a state company, the Corporation as a taxpayer that pays taxes based on effective income and complete accounting, availed itself of the indicated benefit as of tax year 2022.

6. Current and non-current tax assets and liabilities

The current tax balance is presented net of monthly provisional payments as an asset or liability in Current Taxes determined as indicated in section II. Main accounting policies, 2.I):

Comment toy coasts	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Current tax assets	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Recoverable taxes	10,226	11,438
Total current tax assets	10,226	11,438

Current tax liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Provisión PPM	24,315	14,742
Tax provision	1,994	293,634
Total current tax liabilities	26,309	308,376

Non-current tax assets	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Non-current tax assets	748,611	4,333
Total non-current tax assets	748,611	4,333



7. Property, plant and equipment

a) The items of property, plant and equipment as of December 31, 2022 and December 31,2021, are as follows:

Property, plant and equipment, gross:	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Works in progress	6,426,233	6,869,931
Land	225,629	369,484
Buildings	6,858,811	6,269,026
Plant and equipment	21,425,224	20,291,671
Fixtures and fittings	47,241	47,618
Motor vehicles	2,128,955	2,086,593
Lands improvement	8,910,108	7,549,671
Mining operations	10,798,033	10,026,052
Mine development	6,141,437	5,612,654
Other assets	977,378	976,656
Total property, plant and equipment, gross	63,939,049	60,099,356

Property, plant and equipment, accumulated depreciation	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Works in progress	-	-
Land	20,357	17,949
Buildings	3,661,920	3,500,094
Plant and equipment	12,413,755	11,794,536
Fixtures and fittings	45,565	44,294
Motor vehicles	1,707,545	1,622,813
Improvements to land	4,337,041	4,034,574
Mining operations	7,616,069	6,966,153
Mine development	1,258,845	1,148,161
Other assets	568,422	520,889
Total property, plant and equipment, accumulated depreciation	31,629,519	29,649,463

Property, plant and equipment, net	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Works in progress	6,426,233	6,869,931
Land	205,272	351,535
Buildings	3,196,891	2,768,932
Plant and equipment	9,011,469	8,497,135
Fixtures and fittings	1,676	3,324
Motor vehicles	421,410	463,780
Improvements to land	4,573,067	3,515,097
Mining operations	3,181,964	3,059,899
Mine development	4,882,592	4,464,493
Other assets	408,956	455,767
Total property, plant and equipment, net	32,309,530	30,449,893



b) Movements in property, plant and equipment

Movements (in thousands of US\$)	Works in	Land	Buildings	Plant and equipment	Fixed installations &	Motor vehicles	Land improvement	Mining operations	Mine development	Other assets	Total
Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment	progress			equipment	iiistaliatioiis &		improvement	operations	development		
Property, plant and equipment at beginning of period Opening balance 1-1-2022	6,869,931	351,535	2,768,932	8,497,135	3.324	463,780	3,515,097	3,059,899	4,464,493	455,767	30,449,893
Changes in property, plant and equipment	2,222,22	551,555	_,,,,	2, 121, 122	*,*=	,	-,,	2,222,222	1,121,122	,.	,,
Increases other than those resulting from business combinations, property, plant and	0.000.404			242				440.000			4 000 ==0
equipment	3,603,401	-	-	618	8	-	-	418,670	-	82	4,022,779
Depreciation, property, plant and equipment	-	(2,408)	(162,231)	(687,029)	(1,464)	(100,350)	(306,733)	(669,680)	(99,092)	(47,671)	(2,076,658)
Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	(89,410)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(89,410)
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes, property, plant and											
equipment											
Increases (decreases) due to transfers from construction in progress, property, plant and	(2,984,191)	602	352,692	1,228,772		63,412	906,804	398,530	32,609	770	
equipment	(2,304,131)	002	332,032	1,220,772]	05,412	300,004	330,330	32,009	770	
Increases (decreases) due to other changes, property, plant and equipment	(971,588)	(144,457)	238,551	(21,926)	(19)	(2)	457,899	(25,455)	484,582	34	17,619
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes, property, plant and	(3,955,779)	(143,855)	591.243	1,206,846	(19)	63,410	1,364,703	373.075	517.191	804	17.619
equipment	(3,333,113)	(143,033)	331,243	1,200,040	(13)	00,410	1,304,703	515,015	317,131	004	11,013
Disposals and retirements of service, property, plant and equipment											
Retirements, property, plant and equipment	(1,910)	-	(1,053)	(6,101)	(173)	(5,430)	-	-	-	(26)	(14,693)
Disposals and retirements of service, property, plant and equipment	(1,910)	-	(1,053)	(6,101)	(173)	(5,430)	-	-	-	(26)	(14,693)
Increase (decrease) in property, plant and equipment	(443,698)	(146,263)	427,959	514,334	(1,648)	(42,370)	1,057,970	122,065	418,099	(46,811)	1,859,637
Property, plant and equipment at end of period Closing balance 12-31-2022	6,426,233	205,272	3,196,891	9,011,469	1,676	421,410	4,573,067	3,181,964	4,882,592	408,956	32,309,530

Movements	Works in	Land	Buildings	Plant and	Fixed	Motor vehicles	Land	Mining	Mine	Other assets	Total
(in thousands of US\$)	progress	Lanu	buildings	equipment	installations &	wotor venicles	improvement	operations	development	Other assets	Total
Reconciliation of changes in property, plant and equipment											
Property, plant and equipment at beginning of period Opening balance 1-1-2021	6,391,278	370,368	2,877,686	8,597,454	5,202	529,737	3,094,164	3,050,266	3,991,916	643,834	29,551,905
Changes in property, plant and equipment											
Increases other than those resulting from business combinations, property, plant and equipment	2,888,970	-	613	3,143	216	28	482	318,795	1,874	621	3,214,742
Depreciation, property, plant and equipment	-	(4,815)	(175,128)	(645,816)	(2,018)	(100,083)	(310,779)	(703,986)	(118,571)	(46,569)	(2,107,765)
Impairment losses recognized in profit or loss for the period	5,684	-	(66,218)	(57,760)	(15)	-	(6,006)	-	-	-	(124,315)
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes, property, plant and											
equipment											
Increases (decreases) due to transfers from construction in progress, property, plant and equipment	(2,293,773)	-	108,383	569,413	-	38,496	716,474	867,234	(7,572)	1,345	-
Increases (decreases) due to other changes, property, plant and equipment	29,469	(14,018)	25,120	41,241	(41)	(224)	20,810	(472,410)	596,846	(1,458)	225,335
Increase (decrease) through transfers and other changes, property, plant and equipment	(2,264,304)	(14,018)	133,503	610,654	(41)	38,272	737,284	394,824	589,274	(113)	225,335
Disposals and retirements of service, property, plant and equipment											
Retirements, property, plant and equipment	(151,697)	-	(1,524)	(10,540)	(20)	(4,174)	(48)	-	-	(142,006)	(310,009)
Disposals and retirements of service, property, plant and equipment	(151,697)	-	(1,524)	(10,540)	(20)	(4,174)	(48)	-	-	(142,006)	(310,009)
Increase (decrease) in property, plant and equipment	478,653	(18,833)	(108,754)	(100,319)	(1,878)	(65,957)	420,933	9,633	472,577	(188,067)	897,988
Property, plant and equipment at end of period Closing balance 12-31-2021	6,869,931	351,535	2,768,932	8,497,135	3,324	463,780	3,515,097	3,059,899	4,464,493	455,767	30,449,893



- c) The balance of construction in progress is directly associated with the operating activities of the Corporation and relates to the acquisition of equipment for projects in construction and associated costs for their completion.
- d) The Corporation has signed insurance policies to cover the possible risks to which the various property, plant and equipment items are subject, as well as the possible claims that may arise for the period of its activities. Such policies sufficiently cover the risks to which they are subject in Management's opinion.
- e) Capitalized interest costs for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 amounted to ThUS\$ 289,501 and ThUS\$ 236,693, respectively. The annual capitalization rate was 4.36% and 4.09% at December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.
- f) Expenses on exploration and drilling of deposits recognized in profit or loss and the cash outflows disbursed for the same concepts are presented in the following table:

Expenditure on exploration and drilling resorvoirs	1-1-2021	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Net income for the period	59,671	33,106
Cash outflows disbursed	67,904	41,005

g) The detail of "Other assets" under "Property, plant and equipment" is as follows:

Other assets, net	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Mining properties from the purchase of Anglo American Sur S.A	260,000	260,000
Maintenances and other major repairs	117,569	153,132
Other Assets - Calama Plan	26,388	37,782
Other	4,999	4,853
Other assets, net	408,956	455,767

As of September 30, 2021, as a result of an update of the valuation of the mining properties acquired as part of the purchase of a stake in Anglo American in 2012, it was determined that the value of such asset is ThUS\$260,000, which implied the recognition of a value adjustment of ThUS\$142,000 in income before taxes.

- h) The Corporation currently has no ownership restrictions relating to assets belonging to Property, plant and equipment, except for leased assets whose legal title corresponds to the lessor.
- i) Codelco has not pledged property, plant and equipment as collateral for debt obligations.
- j) In accordance with the provisions of section II. Significant accounting policies 2 i), relating to Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangibles assets, and as indicated in note 21 Asset impairment, as of December 31, 2022, the Corporation recorded an impairment of the value of the Ventanas Smelter assets in the amount of ThUS\$89,410 before tax.



As of December 31, 2021, the subsidiary Sociedad de Procesamiento de Molibdeno Ltda. recorded, an impairment of assets in the amount of ThUS\$125,483 before taxes (see note 21).

8. Leases

8.1 Right-of-use assets

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the breakdown of the right of use asset category is:

Datail	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Detail	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Right-of-use assets, gross	922,837	858,083
Right-of-use assets, accumulated depreciation	516,994	496,544
Total right-of-use assets, net	405,843	361,539

Movements for the years ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 are as follows:

Reconciliation of changes in Right-of-use Assets	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
(in thousands of US\$)	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	361,539	461,040
Increases	202,426	83,679
Depreciation	(150,294)	(149,317)
Impairment	-	(1,168)
Increase (decrease) due to other changes	(7,447)	(32,038)
Increase (decrease) due to transfers and other changes, property, plant and equipment	(7,447)	(32,038)
Retirements, right-of-use assets	(381)	(657)
Disposals and retirements of service, property, plant and equipment	(381)	(657)
Total movements	44,304	(99,501)
Closing balance	405,843	361,539

The composition by asset class is as follows:

Dight of use spects wat hy spect class	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Right-of-use assets, net, by asset class	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Buildings	6,248	8,124
Land	308	95
Plant and equipment	174,688	197,043
Fixtures and fittings	5,897	5,644
Motor vehicles	201,874	141,847
Right-of-use assets	16,828	8,786
Total	405,843	361,539



8.2 Liabilities for current and non-current leases

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the payment commitments for leasing operations are summarized in the following table:

Lease	12-31-2022			12-31-2021			
Current and Non-current	Gross	Interest	Equity	Gross	Interest	Equity	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
up to 90 days	44,526	(4,674)	39,852	35,744	(2,981)	32,763	
more than 90 days up to 1 year	98,947	(13,609)	85,338	87,221	(7,880)	79,341	
more than 1 year up to 2 years	106,699	(12,565)	94,134	97,429	(6,906)	90,523	
over 2 years up to 3 years	85,401	(9,800)	75,601	62,310	(5,303)	57,007	
over 3 years up to 4 years	55,460	(6,642)	48,818	54,482	(5,328)	49,154	
over 4 years up to 5 years	27,725	(3,691)	24,034	24,910	(3,016)	21,894	
more than 5 years	71,308	(27,216)	44,092	25,906	(4,461)	21,445	
Total	490,066	(78,197)	411,869	388,002	(35,875)	352,127	

Leasing operations are generated by service contracts, mainly for facilities, buildings, plants and equipment.

The expense related to short-term leases, low-value assets and variable leases not included in the measurement of lease liabilities, for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, is presented in the following table:

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Lease expense	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Short-term leases	9,633	7,579
Low value assets	827	7,569
Variable leases not included in the measurement of lease liabilities	908,900	1,036,267
TOTAL	919,360	1,051,415

9. Investments accounted for using the equity method

The value of the investment and the accrued results of investments accounted for using the equity method are presented below:

		Share of		Investment value		Accrued profit (loss)		
		Currency					1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Associates	Taxpayer ID No.	Functional	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
			%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Agua de la Falda S.A.	96.801.450-1	US\$	42.26%	42.26%	4,682	4,988	(304)	-
Anglo American Sur S.A.	77.762.940-9	US\$	29.50%	29.50%	2,827,106	2,829,329	43,069	329,175
Inca de Oro S.A.	73.063.022-5	US\$	33.85%	33.85%	12,506	12,670	(162)	(118)
Kairos Mining S.A.	76.781.030-K	US\$	40.00%	40.00%	44	44	-	-
Minera Purén SCM	76.028.880-2	US\$	35.00%	35.00%	3,338	3,873	(535)	(266)
Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA	76.255.054-7	US\$	34.00%	34.00%	16,346	14,360	1,863	2,142
Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra	96.701.340-4	US\$	49.00%	49.00%	663,301	680,747	8,060	83,912
TOTAL		•		•	3,527,323	3,546,011	51,991	414,845



a) Associates

Agua de la Falda S.A.

As of December 31, 2022, Codelco holds a 42.26% ownership interest in Agua de la Falda S.A., with the remaining 57.74% owned by Minera Meridian Limitada.

The corporate purpose of this company is to exploit deposits of gold and other minerals, in the third region of Chile.

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra was incorporated in 1994. As of December 31, 2022, Codelco holds a 49% ownership interest, with the remaining 51% owned by Cyprus El Abra Corporation, a subsidiary of Freeport-McMoRan Copper & Gold Inc.

The company business activities involve the extraction, production and selling of copper cathodes.

Sociedad Contractual Minera Purén

As of December 31, 2022, Codelco holds a 35% ownership interest, with the remaining 65% owned by Compañía Minera Mantos de Oro.

This company's corporate purpose is to explore, identify, survey, investigate, develop and exploit mining deposits in order to extract, produce and process minerals.

Inca de Oro S.A.

On June 1, 2009, Codelco's Board of Directors authorized the incorporation of a new company aimed to develop studies allowing the continuity of the Inca de Oro Project, which is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Codelco.

December 31, 2022, Codelco holds a 33.85% ownership interest in this company (PanAust IDO Ltda. has 66.15%).

Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA

On December 3, 2012, Planta Recuperadora Metales SpA was incorporated by Codelco, which held a 100% ownership interest in this company.

On July 7, 2014, Codelco reduced its ownership interest in Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA to 51%, with the remaining 49% ownership interest held by LS-Nikko Copper Inc.



On October 14, 2015, Codelco reduced its ownership interest in Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA to 34%, with LS-Nikko Copper Inc, holding the remaining 66%.

December 31, 2022, LS-Nikko Copper Inc, is the controlling shareholder of this company based on the control elements set out in the shareholders' agreement.

The principal business activity of the company is the processing of intermediate products of the refining and processing of copper and other metals aiming to recover copper, other metals and other sub products, their transformation to commercial products and the selling and distribution of all classes of goods or inputs derived from such process.

Anglo American Sur S.A.

The principal activities of the Company are the exploration, extraction, exploitation, production, processing and trading of minerals, concentrates, precipitates, copper bars and all metallic and non-metallic minerals, all fossil substances and liquid and gaseous hydrocarbons. This includes the exploration, exploitation and use of all natural energy sources capable of industrial use and the products or by-products obtained, as well as any other related, connected or complementary activities on which the shareholders agree.

On August 24, 2012, Codelco recognized the acquisition of ownership interest in Anglo American Sur S.A. which resulted in the initial recognition of the cost of the investment for ThUS\$ 6,490,000 that corresponded to the proportionate share (29.5%) of the net fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired.

In determining the share of the fair value of the identifiable assets and liabilities acquired, the Corporation considered the resources and mineral reserves that could be measured reliably. As part of this updating process, and applying the valuation criteria indicated above, the fair value of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed of Anglo American Sur S.A. as of that date amounted to US\$ 22,646 million, which in the proportion acquired by Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA (29.5%) results in an investment at fair value of US \$ 6,681 million at the acquisition date.

The allocation of the purchase price at fair value between the identifiable assets and liabilities was prepared by management using its best estimate and considering all relevant and available information at the acquisition date of Anglo American Sur S.A.

The Corporation used a discounted cash flows model to estimate cash flow projections, based on the life of mine. These projections were based on estimated production and future prices of minerals, operating costs and capital costs, among other estimates made at the date of acquisition. Additionally, proven and probable resources to explore were not included in the mine plan, therefore, they were valued separately using a market model. Such resources are included in item "Mineral Resources."



As of December 31, 2015, the Corporation identified indicators of impairment in the operating units of Anglo American Sur S.A. Consequently, and with the purpose of making the corresponding adjustments to the investment in this associate, the Corporation estimated its recoverable amount, considering the additional value of the assets identified at the date of acquisition of the investment.

In determining the recoverable amount, the Corporation applied the methodology of fair value less costs of disposal. The recoverable amount of the operating units was determined based on the life of mine by using a discounted cash flow model whose main assumptions included ore reserves declared by the associate, copper price, supply costs, foreign exchange rates, discount rate and market information for the long-term asset valuation. The discount rate used was annual rate of 8% after taxes.

Furthermore, the resources not included in the mining plan (LOM) have been valued using a multiples market approach for comparable transactions.

Such methodology is consistent with the methodologies used at the acquisition date, which is described in the previous paragraph.

As of December 31, 2022, control on Anglo American Sur S.A. is held by Inversiones Anglo American Sur S.A. with 50.06%, while one of the companies that make up the non-controlling interest is Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA., which is controlled by Codelco with 67.80% of the shares, and which exercises significant influence over Anglo American Sur S.A. with 29.5%.

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation evaluated the value of its investment in the associate Anglo American Sur S.A., determining that the recoverable amount of this asset approximates its book value, which is ThUS\$2,827,107. The determination of the aforementioned recoverable amount is based on a valuation model that combines a discounted cash flow methodology for the valuation of proven and probable reserves and multiples of comparable transactions for the valuation of resources, which is sensitive to certain key assumptions and market variables. A reasonably possible change of a 5 % decrease in copper price projections could represent an impairment of the investment in the associate of ThUS\$181,632. A reasonably possible increase in the discount rate of 100 bps could generate an impairment of the investment in the associate of ThUS\$132,618.

Changes in the tax and regulatory framework or in the operation of the asset could generate future additional decreases or increases in the recoverable amount of the investment.

Kairos S.A.

Until before November 26, 2012, the Corporation held a 40% stake in conjunction with Honeywell Chile S.A. who was the majority shareholder with 60% of the capital stock of Kairos Mining S.A.



On November 26, 2012, the Corporation sold part of its stake to Honeywell Chile SA, which implies that Codelco maintained a 5% interest as of December 31, 2012, while the remaining 95% was held Honeywell Chile S.A. The result of this pre-tax operation was ThUS\$ 13.

On June 6, 2019, Codelco purchased 350 shares of Kairos Mining from Honeywell Chile S.A., increasing its participation from 5% to 40%.

December 31, 2022, the control of the company lies in Honeywell Chile S.A. which owns 60% of the shares while Codelco owns the remaining 40%.

The purpose of the company is to provide automation and control services for industrial and mining activities and to provide technology and software licenses.

The following tables present the assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 of investments in associates, as well as the main movements and their respective results for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

Assets and liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
Assets and nabilities	ThUS\$ ThUS\$		
Current assets	2,014,837	2,456,750	
Non-current assets	6,048,672	5,507,333	
Current liabilities	1,188,578	1,282,822	
Non-current liabilities	2,146,339	1,927,360	

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021	
Profit (loss)	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Revenue	3,572,351	4,172,304	
Ordinary expenses	(3,376,515)	(2,847,478)	
Profit for the period	195,836	1,324,826	

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Movement Investment in Associates	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Opening balance	3,546,011	3,418,958
Contribution	257	193
Dividends	(65,445)	(291,647)
Net income for the period	51,991	414,845
Comprehensive income	(5,268)	9,228
Other	(223)	(5,566)
Closing balance	3,527,323	3,546,011

The following tables detail the assets and liabilities of the significant associates as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, as well as the main movements and their respective results for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021:



Anglo American Sur S.A.

Assets and liabilities	12-31-2022 ThUS\$	12-31-2021 ThUS\$
Current assets	1,230,826	1,596,000
Non-current assets	4,890,300	4,316,000
Current liabilities	1,035,447	1,121,000
Non-current liabilities	1,816,705	1,545,000

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Profit (loss)	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue	2,758,482	3,426,000
Ordinary expenses and other	(2,581,848)	(2,277,000)
Profit for the period	176,634	1,149,000

Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra

Assets and liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	751,431	800,169
Non-current assets	1,027,238	1,048,549
Current liabilities	130,665	145,145
Non-current liabilities	294,330	314,292

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021	
Profit (loss)	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Revenue	776,810	705,726	
Ordinary expenses and other	(760,362)	(534,477)	
Profit for the period	16,448	171,249	

b) Additional information on unrealized profits (losses)

Codelco carries out copper purchase and sale operations with Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra. As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the value of finished products under the Inventories caption did not present balances for unrealized profit provision.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, the Corporation has a balance of ThUS\$3,920 for unrealized gains on the purchase of LNG terminal use rights from Sociedad Contractual Minera El Abra for ThUS\$3.920.

c) Share of profit or loss for the period

The income before tax, corresponding to the proportion on the income of Anglo American Sur S.A. recognized for the period ended December 31, 2022, was a profit of ThUS\$



52,107 (December 31, 2021, profit of ThUS\$ 338,955) while the adjustment to such income corresponding to the depreciation and write-offs of the fair values of the net assets of such company recognized at the acquisition date, resulted in a lower income before tax of ThUS\$ 9,038 (December 31, 2021 loss of ThUS\$ 9,781) and is being deducted from "Equity in income of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method" in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

10. Subsidiaries

The following tables set forth a detail of assets, liabilities and profit (loss) of the Corporation's subsidiaries, prior to consolidation adjustments:

Assets and liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
Assets and habilities	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	433,023	530,415
Non-current assets	3,448,081	3,458,789
Current liabilities	257,855	608,527
Non-current liabilities	547,319	478,228

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Profit (loss)	12-31-2022 ThUS\$	12-31-2021 ThUS\$
	ΠΙΟΟΨ	111004
Income	1,571,510	2,096,185
Ordinary expenses and other	(1,512,328)	(1,822,438)
Profit (Loss)	59,182	273,747

11. Current and non-current financial assets

Current and non-current financial assets included in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	12-31-2022				
Classification in statement of financial position	At fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Hedging derivatives		Total financial assets
			Metal futures	Cross currency	
			contracts	swap	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash and cash equivalents	26,806	999,921	-	-	1,026,727
Trade and other current receivable	2,422,067	964,718	-	-	3,386,785
Non - current receivable	-	88,906	-	-	88,906
Current receivable from relates entities	-	31,756	-	-	31,756
Non - current receivable from related entities	-	224	-	-	224
Other current financial assets	-	1,364	87	-	1,451
Other non - current financial assets	-	4,983	-	100,535	105,518
TOTAL	2,448,873	2,091,872	87	100,535	4,641,367



As of December 31, 2022, the balance of the caption "Other financial assets, current" includes ThUS\$ 1,315 invested in term deposit instruments with a maturity of more than 90 days. As of December 31, 2021, the amount invested in this type of instrument was ThUS\$ 320,275

	12-31-2021				
Classification in statement of financial position	At fair value through profit or loss	Amortized cost	Hedging derivatives		Total financial assets
			Metal futures	Cross currency	
			contracts	swap	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Cash and cash equivalents	19,142	1,264,476	-	-	1,283,618
Trade and other current receivable	3,039,967	1,154,383	-	-	4,194,350
Non - current receivable	-	104,177	-	-	104,177
Current receivable from relates entities	-	156,711	-	-	156,711
Non - current receivable from related entities	-	224	-	-	224
Other current financial assets	-	320,279	61	-	320,340
Other non - current financial assets	-	5,109	-	33,174	38,283
TOTAL	3,059,109	3,005,359	61	33,174	6,097,703

- Fair value through profit or loss: As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, this category includes unfinished product sales invoices. Section II.2.r.
- Amortized cost: It corresponds to financial assets held within a business model whose objective is to hold financial assets to collect contractual cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal outstanding. These assets are not quoted in an active market.

The effects on profit or loss recognized for these assets are mainly from financial income and exchange differences from balances denominated in currencies other than the functional currency.

No material impairments were recognized in trade and other receivables.

Derivatives for Hedging: Corresponds to the balance for changes in the fair value of derivative contracts to cover existing transactions (cash flow hedges) and that affect profit or loss when transactions are settled or when, to the extent required by accounting standards, a compensation effect is charged (credited) to the income statement. The detail of derivative hedging transactions is included in the Note 28.

As of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021 there were no reclassifications between the different categories of financial instruments.



12. Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities consist of loans with financial institutions and bond issuance obligations, which are recorded by the Corporation at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method.

The following tables set forth other current/non-current financial liabilities:

		12-31-2022										
Items		Current		Non-current								
	Amortized cost			Amortized cost	Hedging derivatives	Total						
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$						
Loans from financial entities	8,545	-	8,545	970,160	-	970,160						
Bond obligations	452,154	-	452,154	15,527,518	-	15,527,518						
Hedging obligations	-	9,738	9,738	-	127,786	127,786						
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	63,659	-	63,659						
Total	460,699	9,738	470,437	16,561,337	127,786	16,689,123						

	12-31-2021										
Items		Current		Non-current							
	Amortized Hedging Cost derivatives		Total	Amortized Cost	Hedging derivatives	Total					
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$					
Loans from financial entities	18,003	-	18,003	969,416	-	969,416					
Bond obligations	557,411	-	557,411	15,696,670	-	15,696,670					
Hedging obligations	-	29,789	29,789	-	186,611	186,611					
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	50,943	-	50,943					
Total	575,414	29,789	605,203	16,717,029	186,611	16,903,640					

Loans from financial institutions:

The loans obtained by the Corporation aim to finance production operations.

In addition to the credits mentioned in the previous paragraph, Codelco, through the subsidiary company Inversiones Gacrux SpA., has a credit agreement with Oriente Copper Netherlands B.V. since 2012 (a subsidiary of Mitsui & Co. Ltd.), which was subscribed to with the aim of allocating this financing to the acquisition of the shareholding of Anglo American Sur SA, by the subsidiary company Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA. (Subsidiary of Inversiones Gacrux SpA.). This loan has no associated personal guarantees and its rate is fixed at 3.25% per year and has a duration of 20 years, being payable in 40 semiannual installments of principal and interest on unpaid balances.

On May 20, 2021 the total amount owed to Oriente Copper Netherlands B.V. was paid in full.



Bond obligations:

On May 10, 2005, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the domestic market for a nominal amount of UF 6,900,000 of a single series labeled "Series B", which consists of 6,900 bonds for UF 1,000 each. These bonds are payable in a single installment on April 1, 2025, at an annual interest rate of 4% and semi-annual interest payments.

On September 21, 2005, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000. These bonds are payable in a single installment on September 21, 2035, at an annual interest rate of 5.6250% and semi-annual interest payments.

On October 19, 2006, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000. These bonds are payable in a single installment on October 24, 2036, at an annual interest rate of 6.15% and semi-annual interest payments.

On November 3, 2011, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$1,150,000. These bonds are payable in a single installment on November 4, 2021, at an annual interest rate of 3.875% and semi-annual interest payments. On August 3, 2017, February 6, 2019 and October 2, 2019 and December 16, 2020, principal was paid for an amount of ThUS\$665,226, ThUS\$247,814,ThUS\$9,979 and ThUS\$14,361 respectively.

On July 17, 2012, the Company issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$2,000,000. These bonds are payable in two installments (i) the first tranche on July 17, 2022 in the amount of US\$1,250,000 at a 3% annual interest rate. On August 22, 2017, February 6, 2019,October 8 and 22, 2019, and December 16, 2020 principal was paid in the amounts of ThUS\$412,514, ThUS\$314,219, ThUS\$106,972, ThUS\$3,820 and thUS\$83,852 respectively.. And (ii) the other tranche matures on July 17, 2042 and is in the amount of ThUS\$750,000 at an annual interest rate of 4.25%.

On August 13, 2013, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$750,000, payable in a single installment on August 13, 2023, at an annual interest rate of 4.5% and semi-annual interest payments. On August 22, 2017, February 12 and February 26, 2019 and October 8 and 22, 2019principal in the amounts of ThUS\$162,502, ThUS\$228,674 and ThUS\$270, ThUS\$23,128 and ThUS\$555 respectively, was paid. On May 6, 2020, the remaining principal due was increased for a nominal amount of ThUS\$131,000, reaching a total of ThUS\$465,871 with an annual coupon of 4.50%. On December 16, 2020 and October 22, 2021, principal was amortized in the amount of ThUS\$79,688 and ThUS\$157,965 respectively, reaching a total of ThUS\$228,218.

On October 18, 2013, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$950,000, payable in a single



installment on October 18, 2043, at an annual interest rate of 5.625% and semi-annual interest payments.

On July 9, 2014, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the international financial markets, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal of EUR\$600,000,000, payable in a single installment on July 9, 2024, at an annual interest rate of 2.25% and annual interest payments. On October 22, 2021, capital was amortized in the amount of ThEUR\$200,116, reaching a total of ThEUR\$399,884.

On November 4, 2014, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$980,000, payable in a single installment on November 4, 2044, at an annual interest rate of 4.875% and semi-annual interest payments.

On September 16, 2015, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the U.S. market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$2,000,000, payable in a single installment on September 16, 2025, at an annual interest rate of 4.5% and semi-annual interest payments. On August 22, 2017 and February 12, 2019, principal was paid for an amount of ThUS\$378,655 and ThUS\$552,754 respectively. On December 22, 2020, capital was amortized in the amount of ThUS\$392,499. On January 7, 2021, capital was amortized in the amount of ThUS\$5,000. On October 22, 2021, principal was amortized in the amount of ThUS\$273,867, reaching a total amount of ThUS\$397,235.

On August 24, 2016, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the domestic market for a nominal amount of UF 10,000,000 of a single series labeled "Series C", which consists of 20,000 bonds for UF 500 each. These bonds are payable in a single installment on August 24, 2026, at an annual interest rate of 2.5% and semi-annual interest payments.

On July 25, 2017, the Corporation made an offer in New York to buy its bonds issued in dollars with maturities between 2019 and 2025, repurchasing US\$2,367 million.

Later, on August 1, 2017, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the North American market, under standard 144-A and Regulation S, for a total nominal amount of ThUS\$ 2,750,000. One portion corresponds to an amount of ThUS\$ 1,500,000, maturing on August 1, 2027 with an annual coupon rate of interest of 3.625% and semi-annual interest. On December 22, 2020and January 7, 2021, principal was paid in the amount of thUS\$ 227,154 and ThUS\$5,000 respectively. The other portion contemplates a maturity date of August 1, 2047, corresponding to an amount of ThUS\$ 1,250,000 with an annual coupon of 4.5% and semi-annual interest payments.

As a result of these transactions, 86% of the funds from the new issue (US\$2,367 million) were used to refinance old debt. The average interest rate of refinanced funds decreased from 4.36% to 4.02%.

On May 18, 2018, Codelco issued a bond for US\$600 million with 30-year maturity in the market of Formosa, Taiwan. The bond issued is denominated in US dollars, had a yield of



4.85% and a prepayment option at the issue value that can be exercised from the fifth year onwards at its par value.

On January 28, 2019, the Corporation in New York made an offer to purchase its bonds issued in dollars with maturities between 2020 and 2025, repurchasing US\$1,527 million.

Subsequently, on February 5, 2019, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the North American market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a total nominal amount of ThUS\$1,300,000, which maturity will be 5 February 2049 with a coupon of 4.375% per annum and interest payments on a semi-annual basis.

On July 22, 2019, the Corporation made a bond issue and placement, Regulation S, for a nominal amount of AUD \$ 70,000,000, whose maturity will be in a single installment on July 22, 2039, with a coupon of 3.58% annual and interest payment annually.

On August 23, 2019, the Corporation made a bond issue and placement, Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$130,000, whose maturity will be in a single installment on August 23, 2029, with a coupon of 2.869% annual and interest payment semiannually.

On September 30, 2019, Codelco launched a tender offer for bonds maturing between 2020 and 2023, in which a repurchase amount of US\$152 million was reached.

On September 30, 2019, the Corporation made an issue and placement of bonds in the North American market, under rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a total nominal amount of ThUS\$2,000,000 whose maturity will be, under one tranche, on September 30, 2029 corresponding to an amount of ThUS\$1,100,000 with a 3% annual coupon. The other tranche contemplates a maturity on January 30, 2050, corresponding to an amount of ThUS\$900,000. On January 14, 2020 and October 22, 2021, a capital increase was made for a nominal amount of ThUS\$1,000,000 and ThUS\$780,000, respectively, reaching a total amount of ThUS\$2,780,000 with a coupon of 3.70% per annum.

On October 22, 2021, together with the aforementioned capital increase of ThUS\$ 780.000 of the international bond maturing in 2050, a process of repurchase of bonds maturing in 2023 and 2025 in the amount of ThUS\$431,832 and the repurchase of a Euro bond in the amount of MEUR\$200,116 maturing in 2024 was concluded.

The effect recognized in income associated with this refinancing was a charge of US\$23 million in after-tax income for the year 2021.

On January 14, 2020, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the North American market, under rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS \$ 1,000,000, the maturity of which will be in a single installment on 14 January 2030, with a coupon of 3.15% per annum and payment of interest every six months.

On May 6, 2020, the Corporation issued and placed bonds in the North American market, under Rule 144-A and Regulation S, for a nominal amount of ThUS\$800,000 whose maturity



will be in a single installment on January 15, 2031, with a coupon of 3.75% per annum and interest paid every six months.

On December 7, 2020, the Corporation made in New York an offer to purchase its bonds issued in dollars with maturities between 2021 and 2027, repurchasing ThUS\$797,554.

On December 14, 2020, the Corporation carried out an issuance and placement of bonds in the North American market, under standard 144-A and Regulation S, for a total nominal amount of ThUS\$500,000 whose maturity will be in a single installment on January 15, 2051, with a coupon of 3.15% per annum and interest payment on a semi-annual basis.

As a result of these transactions, 100% of the funds from the new issuance (US\$500 million) were used to refinance old debt. The average nominal rate of the refinanced funds decreased from 4.08% to 3.15%.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, the Corporation is not required to comply with any financial covenants related to borrowings from financial institutions and bond obligations.

- Financial debt commissions and expenses:

Transaction costs incurred in obtaining financial resources are deducted from the loan proceeds and are amortized using the effective interest rate.



As of December 31, 2022, the details of loans from financial institutions and bond obligations are as follows:

	12-31-2022												
Taxpayer ID No.	Country	Loans from financial entities	Institution	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	Amount contracted	Type of amortization	Payment of Interest	Nominal interest rate	Effective interest rate	Current balance ThUS\$	Non-current balance ThUS\$
Foreign	Panama	Bilateral Credit	Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio	12-18-2026	Variable	US\$	75,000,000	Vencimiento	Semestral	6.38%	6.60%	133	74,629
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	08-12-2027	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	Vencimiento	Trimestral	5.80%	5.85%	2,320	299,365
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	10-25-2028	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	Vencimiento	Trimestral	5.57%	5.73%	3,111	298,900
Foreign	USA	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	07-25-2029	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	Vencimiento	Trimestral	5.59%	5.83%	2,981	297,266
					TOTAL							8,545	970,160

Bond obligations	Country of Registration	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	Amount contracted	Type of amortization	Payment of Interest	Nominal interest rate	Effective interest rate	Current balance ThUS\$	Non-current balance ThUS\$	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-13-2023	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.37%	232,331	-	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-09-2024	Fixed	EUR	600,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	2.25%	2.47%	4,600	426,391	
BCODE-B	Chile	04-01-2025	Fixed	U.F.	6,900,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.00%	3.24%	2,831	287,127	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-16-2025	Fixed	US\$	2,000,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.74%	5,214	394,811	
BCODE-C	Chile	08-24-2026	Fixed	U.F.	10,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	2.50%	1.78%	3,596	419,382	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-01-2027	Fixed	US\$	1,500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.63%	4.18%	19,150	1,238,644	
REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-23-2029	Fixed	US\$	130,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	2.87%	2.97%	1,326	129,182	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-30-2029	Fixed	US\$	1,100,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.00%	3.14%	8,342	1,090,629	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-14-2030	Fixed	US\$	1,000,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.15%	3.28%	14,613	991,678	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-15-2031	Fixed	US\$	800,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.75%	3.79%	13,833	797,556	
REG.S	Luxemburgo	11-07-2034	Fixed	HKD	500,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	2.84%	2.92%	274	63,587	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-21-2035	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.78%	7,813	493,130	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	10-24-2036	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	6.15%	6.22%	5,723	496,932	
REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-22-2039	Fixed	AUD	70,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	3.58%	3.65%	754	47,258	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-17-2042	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.25%	4.41%	14,521	734,833	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	10-18-2043	Fixed	US\$	950,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.76%	10,836	934,639	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	11-04-2044	Fixed	US\$	980,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.88%	5.01%	7,564	962,650	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-01-2047	Fixed	US\$	1,250,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.73%	23,438	1,208,467	
144 - REG.S	Taiwán	05-18-2048	Fixed	US\$	600,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.85%	4.91%	3,476	594,778	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	02-05-2049	Fixed	US\$	1,300,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.38%	4.97%	23,066	1,188,182	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-30-2050	Fixed	US\$	2,680,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.70%	3.92%	41,591	2,579,805	
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-15-2051	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.15%	3.75%	7,262	447,857	
	TOTAL											

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.



As of December 31, 2021, the details of loans from financial institutions and bond obligations are as follows:

	12-31-2021												
Taxpayer ID No.	Country	Loans from financial entities	Institution	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	Amount contracted	Type of amortization	Payment of Interest	Nominal interest rate	Effective interest rate	Current balance ThUS\$	Non-current balance ThUS\$
Foreign	Japón	Bilateral Credit	Japan Bank International Cooperation	05-24-2022	Variable	US\$		Half-yearly principal payments from 2015 to the maturity of	Semi-annual	0.69%	0.85%	16,001	-
Foreign	Panama	Bilateral Credit	Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio	12-18-2026	Variable	US\$	75,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	1.52%	1.66%	28	74,547
Foreign	EE.UU	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	08-12-2027	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	At Maturity	Quarterly	1.27%	1.34%	520	299,230
Foreign	EE.UU	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	10-25-2028	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	At Maturity	Quarterly	1.34%	1.43%	748	298,723
Foreign	EE.UU	Bilateral Credit	Export Dev. Canada	07-25-2029	Variable	US\$	300,000,000	At Maturity	Quarterly	1.34%	1.50%	706	296,916
	TOTAL											18,003	969,416

Bond obligations	Country of Registration	Maturity	Interest rate	Currency	Amount contracted	Type of amortization	Payment of Interest	Nominal interest rate	Effective interest rate	Current balance ThUS\$	Non-current balance ThUS\$
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-17-2022	Fixed	US\$	1,250,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.00%	3.13%	332,870	-
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-13-2023	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.36%	5,693	228,670
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-09-2024	Fixed	EUR	600,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	2.25%	2.47%	4,880	449,817
BCODE-B	Chile	04-01-2025	Fixed	U.F.	6,900,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.00%	3.24%	2,574	259,036
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-16-2025	Fixed	US\$	2,000,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.75%	5,263	393,990
BCODE-C	Chile	08-24-2026	Fixed	U.F.	10,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	2.50%	2.47%	3,196	378,561
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-01-2027	Fixed	US\$	1,500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.63%	4.18%	19,108	1,232,979
REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-23-2029	Fixed	US\$	130,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	2.87%	2.97%	1,318	129,072
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-30-2029	Fixed	US\$	1,100,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.00%	3.14%	8,387	1,089,401
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-14-2030	Fixed	US\$	1,000,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.15%	3.28%	14,295	990,643
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-15-2031	Fixed	US\$	800,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.75%	3.79%	13,859	797,301
REG.S	Luxemburgo	11-07-2034	Fixed	HKD	500,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	2.84%	2.92%	274	63,549
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	09-21-2035	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.78%	7,847	492,772
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	10-24-2036	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	6.15%	6.22%	5,745	496,794
REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-22-2039	Fixed	AUD	70,000,000	At Maturity	Annual	3.58%	3.65%	806	50,284
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	07-17-2042	Fixed	US\$	750,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.25%	4.41%	14,465	734,351
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	10-18-2043	Fixed	US\$	950,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	5.63%	5.76%	10,864	934,264
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	11-04-2044	Fixed	US\$	980,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.88%	5.01%	7,523	962,219
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	08-01-2047	Fixed	US\$	1,250,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.50%	4.73%	23,387	1,207,588
144 - REG.S	Taiwán	05-18-2048	Fixed	US\$	600,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.85%	4.91%	3,457	594,676
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	02-05-2049	Fixed	US\$	1,300,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	4.38%	4.97%	22,873	1,186,122
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-30-2050	Fixed	US\$	2,680,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.70%	3.93%	41,495	2,577,759
144-A REG.S	Luxemburgo	01-15-2051	Fixed	US\$	500,000,000	At Maturity	Semi-annual	3.15%	3.75%	7,232	446,822
	•	•	•	TO	TAL	•	•			557,411	15,696,670

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.



The undiscounted amounts that the Corporation will have to disburse to settle the obligations with financial institutions, are as follows:

	12-31-2	1022				CURRENT			NON-CU	IRRENT	
Name	Type of	Interest rate	Interest rate	Type of	Less than:	Over	Total	One to	Three to	Over	Total non-
creditor	currency	effective	nominal	amortization	90 days	90 days	current	three years	five years	five years	current
Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio	US\$	6.60%	6.38%	Semi-annual	-	4,849	4,849	9,711	79,809	-	89,520
Export Dev. Canada	US\$	5.85%	5.80%	Quarterly	4,350	13,049	17,399	34,798	330,448	-	365,246
Export Dev. Canada	US\$	5.73%	5.57%	Quarterly	4,227	12,680	16,907	33,951	33,905	316,999	384,855
Export Dev. Canada	US\$	5.83%	5.59%	Quarterly	-	8,476	8,476	34,045	33,999	338,098	406,142
BONO 144-A REG.S 2023	US\$	4.37%	4.50%	Semi-annual	5,135	233,353	238,488	-	-	-	-
BONO 144-A REG.S 2025	US\$	4.74%	4.50%	Semi-annual	8,938	8,938	17,876	432,986	-	-	432,986
BONO 144-A REG.S 2027	US\$	4.18%	3.63%	Semi-annual	22,980	22,980	45,960	91,919	1,359,765	-	1,451,684
BONO REG.S 2029	US\$	2.97%	2.87%	Semi-annual	1,865	1,865	3,730	7,459	7,459	137,459	152,377
BONO 144-A REG.S 2029	US\$	3.14%	3.00%	Semi-annual	16,500	16,500	33,000	66,000	66,000	1,166,000	1,298,000
BONO 144-A REG.S 2030	US\$	3.28%	3.15%	Semi-annual	15,750	15,750	31,500	63,000	63,000	1,078,750	1,204,750
BONO 144-A REG.S 2031	US\$	3.79%	3.75%	Semi-annual	15,000	15,000	30,000	60,000	60,000	905,000	1,025,000
BONO 144-A REG.S 2035	US\$	5.78%	5.63%	Semi-annual	14,063	14,063	28,126	56,250	56,250	725,000	837,500
BONO 144-A REG.S 2036	US\$	6.22%	6.15%	Semi-annual	-	30,750	30,750	61,500	61,500	776,750	899,750
BONO 144-A REG.S 2042	US\$	4.41%	4.25%	Semi-annual	15,938	15,938	31,876	63,750	63,750	1,228,125	1,355,625
BONO 144-A REG.S 2043	US\$	5.76%	5.63%	Semi-annual	-	53,438	53,438	106,875	106,875	1,805,000	2,018,750
BONO 144-A REG.S 2044	US\$	5.01%	4.88%	Semi-annual	-	47,775	47,775	95,550	95,550	1,792,175	1,983,275
BONO 144-A REG.S 2047	US\$	4.73%	4.50%	Semi-annual	28,125	28,125	56,250	112,500	112,500	2,375,000	2,600,000
BONO 144 REG.S 2048	US\$	4.91%	4.85%	Semi-annual	-	29,100	29,100	58,200	58,200	1,196,550	1,312,950
BONO 144-A REG.S 2049	US\$	4.97%	4.38%	Semi-annual	28,438	28,438	56,876	113,750	113,750	2,522,813	2,750,313
BONO 144-A REG.S 2050	US\$	3.92%	3.70%	Semi-annual	49,580	49,580	99,160	198,320	198,320	4,911,100	5,307,740
BONO 144-A REG.S 2051	US\$	3.75%	3.15%	Semi-annual	7,875	7,875	15,750	31,500	31,500	870,125	933,125
				Total MUS\$	238,764	658,522	897,286	1,732,064	2,932,580	22,144,944	26,809,588
BONO BCODE-B 2025	U.F.	3.24%	4.00%	Semi-annual	138,000	138,000	276,000	7,314,000	-	-	7,314,000
BONO BCODE-C 2026	U.F.	1.78%	2.50%	Semi-annual	124,228	124,228	248,456	496,913	10,248,457	-	10,745,370
				Total U.F.	262,228	262,228	524,456	7,810,913	10,248,457	-	18,059,370
				Subtotal MUS\$	10,758	10,758	21,516	320,436	420,435		740,871
BONO 144-A REG.S 2024	EUR	2.47%	2.25%	Anual	-	8,997,390	8,997,390	8,997,390	399,884,000	-	408,881,390
				Subtotal MUS\$	-	9,629	9,629	9,629	427,960		437,589
BONO REG.S 2039	AUD	3.65%	3.58%	Anual	-	2,506,000	2,506,000	5,012,000	5,012,000	100,072,000	110,096,000
				Subtotal MUS\$	-	1,707	1,707	3,414	3,414	68,170	74,998
BONO REG.S 2034	HKD	2.92%	2.84%	Anual	-	14,200,000	14,200,000	28,438,904	28,400,000	599,477,808	656,316,712
				Subtotal MUS\$		1,820	1,820	3,646	3,641	76,855	84,142
				Total MUS\$	249,522	682,436	931,958	2,069,189	3,788,030	22,289,969	28,147,188

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.



	12-31-20)21				CURRENT		NON-CURRENT			
Creditor	Type of	Interest rate	Interest rate	Type of	Less than:	Over	Total	One to	Three to	Over	Total non-
name	currency	effective	nominal	amortization	90 days	90 days	current	three years	five years	five years	current
Japan Bank International Cooperation	US\$	0.85%	0.69%	Semi-annual	-	16,056	16,056	-	-		-
Banco Latinoamericano de Comercio	US\$	1.66%	1.52%	Semi-annual	-	1,153	1,153	2,310	77,297	-	79,607
Export Dev. Canada	US\$	1.34%	1.27%	Quarterly	976	2,896	3,872	7,753	7,743	302,896	318,392
Export Dev Canada	US\$	1.43%	1.34%	Quarterly	1,030	3,057	4,087	8,185	8,174	308,174	324,533
Export Dev Canada	US\$	1.50%	1.34%	Quarterly	-	1,030	1,030	-	8,185	314,242	322,427
BONO 144-A REG.S 2022	US\$	3.13%	3.00%	Semi-annual	4,929	333,552	338,481	-	-	-	-
BONO 144-A REG.S 2023	US\$	4.36%	4.50%	Semi-annual	5,135	5,135	10,270	238,488	-	-	238,488
BONO 144-A REG.S 2025	US\$	4.75%	4.50%	Semi-annual	8,938	17,876	26,814	-	415,111	-	415,111
BONO 144-A REG.S 2027	US\$	4.18%	3.63%	Semi-annual	22,980	22,980	45,960	-	91,919	1,313,805	1,405,724
BONO REG.S 2029	US\$	2.97%	2.87%	Semi-annual	1,865	1,865	3,730	7,459	7,459	141,189	156,107
BONO 144-A REG.S 2029	US\$	3.14%	3.00%	Semi-annual	16,500	16,500	33,000	66,000	66,000	1,199,000	1,331,000
BONO 144-A REG.S 2030	US\$	3.28%	3.15%	Semi-annual	15,750	15,750	31,500	63,000	63,000	1,110,250	1,236,250
BONO 144-A REG.S 2031	US\$	3.79%	3.75%	Semi-annual	15,000	15,000	30,000	60,000	60,000	935,000	1,055,000
BONO 144-A REG.S 2035	US\$	5.78%	5.63%	Semi-annual	14,063	14,063	28,126	56,250	56,250	753,125	865,625
BONO 144-A REG.S 2036	US\$	6.22%	6.15%	Semi-annual	-	30,750	30,750	61,500	61,500	807,500	930,500
BONO 144-A REG.S 2042	US\$	4.41%	4.25%	Semi-annual	15,938	15,938	31,876	63,750	63,750	1,260,000	1,387,500
BONO 144-A REG.S 2043	US\$	5.76%	5.63%	Semi-annual	-	53,438	53,438	106,875	106,875	1,858,438	2,072,188
BONO 144-A REG.S 2044	US\$	5.01%	4.88%	Semi-annual	-	47,775	47,775	95,550	95,550	1,839,950	2,031,050
BONO 144-A REG.S 2047	US\$	4.73%	4.50%	Semi-annual	28,125	28,125	56,250	112,500	112,500	2,431,250	2,656,250
BONO 144 REG.S 2048	US\$	4.91%	4.85%	Semi-annual	-	29,100	29,100	58,200	58,200	1,225,650	1,342,050
BONO 144-A REG.S 2049	US\$	4.97%	4.38%	Semi-annual	28,438	28,438	56,876	113,750	113,750	2,579,688	2,807,188
BONO 144-A REG.S 2050	US\$	3.93%	3.70%	Semi-annual	49,580	49,580	99,160	198,320	198,320	5,010,260	5,406,900
BONO 144-A REG.S 2051	US\$	3.75%	3.15%	Semi-annual	7,875	7,875	15,750	31,500	31,500	885,875	948,875
				Total MUS\$	237,122	757,932	995,054	1,351,390	1,703,083	24,276,292	27,330,765
	ı	ı		,	1		,				
BONO BCODE-B 2025	U.F.	3.24%	4.00%	Semi-annual	138,000	138,000	276,000	552,000	7,038,000	-	7,590,000
BONO BCODE-C 2026	U.F.	2.47%	2.50%	Semi-annual	124,228	124,229	248,457	496,913	10,496,914	-	10,993,827
				Total U.F.	262,228	262,229	524,457	1,048,913	17,534,914	-	18,583,827
	_			Subtotal MUS\$	9,621	9,621	19,242	38,485	643,357	-	681,842
BONO 144-A REG.S 2024	EUR	2.47%	2.25%	Anual	-	8,997,390	8,997,390	17,994,780	399,884,000	-	417,878,780
	r	ı		Subtotal MUS\$	-	10,179	10,179	20,358	452,409	-	472,767
BONO REG.S 2039	AUD	3.65%	3.58%	Anual	-	2,506,000	2,506,000	5,012,000	5,012,000	102,578,000	112,602,000
				Subtotal MUS\$	-	1,816	1,816	3,633	3,633	74,349	81,615
BONO REG.S 2034	HKD	2.92%	2.84%	Anual	-	14,200,000	14,200,000	28,438,904	28,400,000	613,677,808	670,516,712
				Subtotal MUS\$	-	1,821	1,821	3,646	3,641	78,680	85,967
				Total MUS\$	246,743	781,369	1,028,112	1,417,512	2,806,123	24,429,321	28,652,956

Nominal and effective interest rates presented above correspond to annual rates.



The table below details changes in CODELCO's financing activities in the statement of cash flow, including both cash and non-cash changes for the years ended As of December 31, 2022, and 2021:

					Chan	iges that do not	represent cas	sh flow		
Liabilities for financing activities	Opening balance at 1-1-2022	Cash flows	Cash flows of financing activities			Exchange difference	Fair value adjustment	Debt expense deferred in amortized cost	Other	Closing balance at 12-31-2022
		From	Used	Total						
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Loans from financial entities	987,419		(39,565)	(39,565)	30,069	-	-	754	28	978,705
Bond obligations	16,254,081	-	(985,946)	(985,946)	658,553	45,740	-	-	7,244	15,979,672
Hedging obligations	186,320	-	(24,457)	(24,457)	18,032	27,506	(40,238)	-	(33,164)	133,999
Dividends paid	-	-	(259,900)	(259,900)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets for hedge derivatives	(33,174)	-	-	-	-	(73,246)	(33,425)	-	39,310	(100,535)
Leases	352,127	-	(141,780)	(141,780)	25,036	13,175	-	-	163,311	411,869
Other	50,943	-	(52,619)	(52,619)	-	-	-	-	65,335	63,659
Total liabilities on financing activities	17,797,716		(1,504,267)	(1,504,267)	731,690	13,175	(73,663)	754	242,064	17,467,369

						ges that do not	represent cas	sh flow		
Liabilities for financing activities	Opening balance at 1-1-2021	Cash flows of financing activities			Financial costs (1)	Exchange difference	Fair value adjustment	Debt expense deferred in amortized cost	Other	Closing balance at 12-31-2021
		From	Used	Total						
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Loans from financial entities	1,570,442	-	(588,253)	(588,253)	24,074		-	1,494	(20,338)	987,419
Bond obligations	16,506,214	780,000	(1,558,758)	(778,758)	670,017	(113,143)	-	-	(30,249)	16,254,081
Hedging obligations	129,208	-	(62,960)	(62,960)	25,316	84,188	8,828	-	1,740	186,320
Dividends paid	-	-	(2,033,206)	(2,033,206)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial assets for hedge derivatives	(127,502)	-	-	-	-	28,975	58,189	-	7,164	(33,174)
Leases	485,008	-	(138,668)	(138,668)	18,206	(38,535)	-	-	26,116	352,127
Other	56,469	-	(177,292)	(177,292)	-	-	-	-	171,766	50,943
Total liabilities on financing activities	18,619,839	780,000	(4,559,137)	(3,779,137)	737,613	(38,515)	67,017	1,494	156,199	17,797,716

(1) The finance costs consider the capitalization of interest, which, as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, amounted to ThUS\$ 289,501 and ThUS\$ 236,693 respectively.

13. Fair Value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying amount of financial assets is a reasonable approximation to their fair value, therefore, no additional disclosures are required in accordance with IFRS 7.

Regarding financial liabilities, the following table shows a comparison as of December 31, 2022 between the carrying amount and the fair value of financial liabilities other than those whose carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value:

Comparison book value vs fair value As of December 31, 2022	Accounting treatment for valuation	Book value	Fair value	
Financial liabilities:				
Bond obligations	Amortized cost	15,979,672	14,469,694	



14. Market value hierarchy for items at market value

Each of the market values calculated for the Corporation's portfolio of financial instruments is supported by a calculation methodology and data inputs. An analysis of each of these methodologies has been carried out to determine to which of the following levels they can be assigned:

- Level 1 corresponds to fair value measurement methodologies using market shares (unadjusted) in active markets to which the Corporation has access at the measurement date and considering identical Assets and Liabilities.
- Level 2 corresponds to fair value measurement methodologies using quoted market price data, not included in Level 1, that are observable for the Assets and Liabilities measured, either directly (prices) or indirectly (derived from prices).
- Level 3 corresponds to fair value measurement methodologies using valuation techniques that include data on the Assets and Liabilities valued, which are not based on significant observable market data.

Based on the methodologies, inputs, and definitions described above, the following market levels have been determined for the Corporation's portfolio of financial instruments held as of December 31, 2022:

Financial assets and liabilities at fair value classified by hierarchy	12-31-2022							
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total				
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$				
Financial assets:								
Hybrid contracts with non-finalized price	-	2,422,067	-	2,422,067				
Cross currency swap	-	100,535	-	100,535				
Mutual funds shares	26,806	-	-	26,806				
Metal futures contracts	87	-	-	87				
Financial liabilities:								
Metal futures contracts	2,676	849	-	3,525				
Cross currency swap	-	133,999	-	133,999				

There were no transfers between the different levels of market hierarchy for the reporting period.



15. Trade and other accounts payable

a. Details of trade accounts payable, sundry accounts payable and other current accounts payable are shown in the following table:

	Current L	iabilities
Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Trade creditors	1,554,222	1,262,221
Payables to employees	20,925	19,691
Withholdings	94,742	97,252
Withholding taxes	18,985	48,139
Other accounts payable	90,664	70,126
Total	1,779,538	1,497,429

Trade creditors mainly include operating accounts payable, and obligations associated with investment projects.

b. The following is a schedule of maturities of payments to trade creditors as of December 31, 2022, and December 31, 2021:

As of December 31, 2022		Amounts according to payment terms						
Creditors with current due date	Up to 30 days	31 - 60	61 - 90	91 - 120	121 - 365	366 and over	Total	
Goods	690,136	216	87	-	-	-	690,439	
Services	628,575	7,106	131	-	-	-	635,812	
Other	190,525	1,201	13	-	-	-	191,739	
Total	1,509,236	8,523	231	-	-	-	1,517,990	

Average
payment
period
15.2
16.6
11.7
16.5

As of December 31, 2022		Amounts according to payment terms							
Suppliers with overdue payments	Up to 30 days	31 - 60	61 - 90	91 - 120	121 - 365	366 and over	Total		
Goods	16,642	509	1,104	712	776	260	20,003		
Services	3,830	2,410	1,230	377	1,524	406	9,777		
Other	218	266	255	253	117	5,343	6,452		
Total	20,690	3,185	2,589	1,342	2,417	6,009	36,232		

Average	
payment	
period	
527.3	
353.1	
480.1	
351.2	

As of December 31, 2021							
Creditors with current due date	Up to 30 days	31 - 60	61 - 90	91 - 120	121 - 365	366 and over	Total
Goods	523,424	150	49	30	24	-	523,677
Services	566,639	6,443	195	118	95	-	573,490
Other	137,003	1,158	-	71	-	-	138,232
Total	1,227,066	7,751	244	219	119	-	1,235,399

Ave	erage
pay	ment
ре	eriod
1	5.0
1	5.6
1	3.2
1	5.1

As of December 31, 2021		Amo	Amounts according to payment terms					
Suppliers with overdue payments	Up to 30 days	31 - 60	61 - 90	91 - 120	121 - 365	366 and over	Total	
Goods	4,276	795	166	126	504	2,404	8,271	
Services	6,513	2,182	651	115	2,432	1,436	13,329	
Other	246	147	288	347	303	3,891	5,222	
Total	11,035	3,124	1,105	588	3,239	7,731	26,822	

Average
payment
period
301.5
338.4
266.8
285.3



16. Other provisions

The detail of other current and non-current provisions at the dates mentioned is as follows:

Other provisions	Current		Non-current		
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Sales-related provisions (1)	17,554	8,627	-	-	
Operating (2)	575,525	523,177	-	-	
Law No. 13196	129,582	151,509	-	-	
Other provisions	39,004	58,714	604	496	
Closure, decommissioning and restoration (3)	-	-	2,611,117	2,407,814	
Legal proceedings	-	-	68,007	49,275	
Total	761,665	742,027	2,679,728	2,457,585	

- (1) Corresponds to sales-related accruals, which includes charges for freight, loading, and unloading that were not invoiced at the end of the year.
- (2) Corresponds to provisions made for customs duties, freight for acquisitions and electricity, among others.
- (3) Corresponds to provisions for future closure costs related mainly to tailings dams, mine site closures and other assets. This cost value is calculated at discounted present value, using flows associated with plans with an evaluation horizon ranging from 10 to 60 years. The rates used to discount future cash flows are calculated based on the Life of Mine "LOM" of each of the operations, distinguishing rates in UF for those obligations in Chilean pesos and rates in U.S. dollars for those obligations in U.S. dollars. These discount rates include the risks associated with the liability being determined, except those included in the cash flows.

Below is a table with the discount rates used:

Division	12-31	-2022	12-31	-2021
	Local Currency	Dollar Currency	Local Currency	Dollar Currency
	Rate	Rate	Rate	Rate
Gabriela Mistral	1.65%	2.83%	2.28%	0.51%
Andina	1.65%	2.87%	2.64%	1.10%
Ministro Hales	1.65%	2.87%	2.64%	1.10%
Chuquicamata	1.66%	2.78%	2.73%	1.37%
Radomiro Tomic	1.66%	2.76%	2.83%	1.56%
Salvador	1.66%	2.76%	2.83%	1.56%
Teniente	1.66%	2.69%	2.93%	1.78%
Fundición Ventanas	1.66%	2.69%	2.93%	1.78%

The Corporation determines and recognizes this liability in accordance with the accounting policy described in Note 2, letter p) on Significant Accounting Policies.



Changes in Other provisions, were as follows:

	1-1-2022 12-31-2022					
Movements	Other Provisions, non-current	Provision for site closure	Contingencies	Total		
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$		
Opening balance	496	2,407,814	49,275	2,457,585		
Closing provision adjustment	-	15,310	-	15,310		
Financial expenses	-	47,964	-	47,964		
Payment of liabilities	-	-	(7,024)	(7,024)		
Exchange rate difference	(1)	144,921	6,331	151,251		
Other increases (decreases)	109	(4,892)	19,425	14,642		
Closing balance	604	2,611,117	68,007	2,679,728		

	1/1/2021 12/31/2021						
Changes	Other provisions, non-current	Decommissioni ng and restorations	Contingencies	Total			
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$ ThUS\$		ThUS\$			
Opening balance	468	2,232,942	61,097	2,294,507			
Closing provision adjustment	-	226,631	-	226,631			
Financial expenses	-	24,105	=	24,105			
Payment of liabilities	-	-	(6,934)	(6,934)			
Foreign currency translation	(22)	(74,600)	(7,380)	(82,002)			
Other increases (decreases)	50	(1,264)	2,492	1,278			
closing balance	496	2,407,814	49,275	2,457,585			

17. Employee benefits

a. Provisions for post-employment benefits and other long-term benefits

Provision for post-employment benefits mainly corresponds to employee severance indemnities and medical care plans. The provision for severance indemnities recognizes the contractual obligation that the Corporation has with its employees/retirees. The provision for medical care plans recognizes the contractual obligation that the Corporation has with its retirees to cover their medical care costs. Both benefits operate within the regulatory framework set forth in the collective bargaining or other agreements between the Corporation and its employees.

These provisions are recorded in the statement of financial position at the present value of the estimated future obligations. The discount rate used is determined based on the rate of financial instruments corresponding to the same currency in which the obligations will be paid and with similar maturities.

The defined benefit obligations are denominated in Chilean pesos; therefore the Corporation is exposed to foreign exchange rate risk.



The results arising from adjustments and changes in actuarial variables are charged or credited to the statement of comprehensive income for the period in which they occur.

During the year ended of December 31, 2022, there were no relevant modifications to the post-employment benefit plans.

The following actuarial assumptions were used in the actuarial calculation of the defined benefit plans:

Assumptions	12-31	-2022	12-31	-2021
	Retirement	Health plan	Retirement	Health plan
	plan	rieaitii piari	plan	riedilii pidii
Annual nominal discount rate	5.33%	5.33%	5.89%	5.89%
Voluntary Annual Turnover Rate for Retirement (Men)	5.10%	5.10%	5.50%	5.50%
Voluntary Annual Turnover Rate for Retirement (Women)	6.00%	6.00%	6.20%	6.20%
Salary Increase (real annual average)	4.64%	4.64%	3.98%	0.00%
Future rate of long-term inflation	3.60%	3.60%	3.10%	3.10%
Expected inflation health care rate	-	6.40%	0	5.88%
Mortality tables used for projections	CB14-RV14	CB14-RV14	CB14-RV14	CB14-RV14
Average duration of future cash flows (years)	8.50	15.40	10.03	16.55
Expected Retirement Age (Men)	60	60	60	60
Expected Retirement Age (Women)	58	58	58	58

The discount rates correspond to the rates in the secondary market of government bonds issued in Chile. The projected annual inflation corresponds to an awareness above the long-term target publicly declared by the Central Bank of Chile and is derived from the market expectation as of December 31, 2022. The rotation rates have been determined after reviewing the Corporation's own experience by studying the cumulative behavior of outflows over the last three years with respect to the current allocations. The expected rate of salary increases has been estimated using the long-term behavior of historical salaries paid by the Corporation. The mortality tables used were those issued by the CMF, which are considered an appropriate representation of the Chilean market given the lack of comparable statistical series to develop independent studies. The financial duration of the liabilities corresponds to the average maturity of the payment flows of the respective defined benefits.

b. The detail of current and non-current provisions for employment benefits as of the dates mentioned is as follows:

Employee benefits provisions	Cur	rent	Non-current		
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Employees' collective bargaining agreements	196,256	185,708	-	-	
Severance indemnities	29,047	19,447	562,126	532,044	
Bonus	60,758	52,288	-	-	
Vacation	175,957	141,683	-	-	
Medical care programs (1)	383	358	463,883	388,697	
Retirement plans (2)	64,654	4,346	7,703	7,518	
Other	17,234	15,493	7,405	6,283	
Total	544,289	419,323	1,041,117	934,542	



- (1) Corresponds to a provision recognized for the obligations with health care institutions as agreed with current and former employees.
- (2) Corresponds to the provision made for those employees who have agreed, or are expected to agree, to retire in accordance with current employee termination plans.

The reconciliation of the balances of the provisions for post-employment benefits is presented below:

	1-1-2	022	1-1-2021 12-31-2021		
	12-31-	2022			
Movements	Retirement plan	Health plan	Retirement plan	Health plan	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Opening balance	551,491	389,055	649,780	607,994	
Service cost	112,489	15,258	76,572	15,402	
Finance cost	13,242	9,645	6,219	5,773	
Paid contributions	(30,720)	(49,045)	(55,747)	(41,112)	
Actuarial (gains) losses	(52,992)	61,862	(20,341)	(132,625)	
Subtotal	593,510	426,775	656,483	455,432	
(Gains) Losses on foreign exchange rate	(2,337)	37,491	(104,992)	(66,377)	
Closing balance	591,173	464,266	551,491	389,055	

The balance of the defined benefit liability as of December 31, 2022, comprises a portion of ThUS\$ 29,047 and ThUS\$ 383 for the severance indemnity and the medical care plan, respectively. As of December 31, 2023, a balance of ThUS\$ 625,353 has been projected for the provision for severance indemnities and ThUS\$ 448,430 for health benefits The flows of compensation payments during the next twelve months reach an expected monthly average of ThUS\$ 2,421 for severance indemnities and ThUS\$ 32 for health benefit plans.

Actuarial results are composed of the following items

	12-31-2	022	2021	
	Retirement	Health	Retirement	Health
Technical remeasurements	plan	plan	plan	plan
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revaluation of demographic assumptions	(1,071)	-	(1,173)	(18,658)
Revaluation of financial assumptions	(50,388)	58,550	(19,156)	(94,747)
Revaluation by experience	(1,533)	3,312	(12)	(19,220)
Total net effect	(52,992)	61,862	(20,341)	(132,625)

The following is a review of the sensitivities of the provisions, when going from a medium scenario to a low or high scenario with unitary percentage variations, respectively, and both effects of reduction or increase on the book balance of these provisions:



Severance benefits for years of service	Low	Medium	High	Reduction	Increase
Financial effect on interest rates	5.08%	5.33%	5.58%	1.14%	-1.08%
Financial effect on the real increase in income	4.39%	4.64%	4.89%	-0.97%	1.02%
Demographic effect of job rotations	4.69%	5.19%	5.69%	1.45%	-2.58%
Demographic effect on mortality tables	-25.00%	CB14-RV14, Chile	25.00%	-0.05%	0.08%
Health benefits and other	Low	Medium	High	Reduction	Increase
Financial effect on interest rates	5.08%	5.33%	5.58%	2.99%	-2.84%
Financial effect on health inflation	5.90%	6.40%	6.90%	-2.41%	2.52%
Demographic effect, planned retirement age	58 / 56	60 / 58	62 / 60	4.08%	-4.05%
Demographic effect on mortality tables	-25.00%	CB14-RV14, Chile	25.00%	9.48%	-6.52%

c) Provisions for early retirement plans and termination bonuses

In accordance with its operating optimization programs to reduce costs and increase labor productivity by incorporating new current technologies and/or better management practices, the Corporation has established employee retirement programs by amending certain employment contracts or collective union agreements to include benefits encouraging employees to early retire, for which the necessary provisions are made based on the accrued obligation at current value.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there is a current balance of ThUS\$64,654 for early retirement and conflict termination bonuses of which ThUS\$48,266 correspond to the provision for the cost of the special retirement plan for workers of the Ventanas Smelter recognized in 2022 (for reasons explained in note No. 29 b) x)) and ThUS\$4,346 correspond to conflict termination bonuses respectively. Related non-current balances amount to ThUS\$7,703 and ThUS\$7,518, respectively. These amounts have been determined using a discount rate equivalent to that used for calculating employee benefits provisions and whose outstanding balances are part of the balances as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

d) Employee benefits expenses

The employee benefit expenses recognized classified by nature are as follows:

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Expense by Nature of Employee Benefits	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Benefits - Short term	1,429,458	1,414,643
Benefits - Post employment	15,258	15,402
Early retirement plans and conflict termination bonuses	72,555	24,157
Benefits for years of service	112,489	76,572
Total	1,629,760	1,530,774



18. Equity

The Corporation's total equity as of December 31, 2022 is ThUS\$ 11,654,565 (ThUS\$ 11,574,901 as of December 31)

In accordance with article 6 of Decree Law No. 1350 of 1976, it is established that, before March 30 of each year, the Board must approve the Corporation's Business and Development Plan for the next three-year period. Taking that plan as a reference and keeping in mind the Corporation's balance sheet for the immediately preceding year and aiming to ensure its competitiveness before June 30 of each year the amounts that the Corporation shall allocate to the formation of capitalization funds and reserves shall be determined by decree from the Ministries of Mining and Treasury.

Net income shown in the Statement of Financial Position, after deducting the amounts referred to in the previous paragraph, shall belong to the State and become part of the Nation's general income.

On June 22, 2022, the Ministry of Finance agreed with the Corporation to a four-year average reinvestment plan of 30% of profits between 2021 and 2024, which will significantly contribute to the financing of Codelco's investment plan, while considerably reducing its debt requirements. Consistent with the above, on the same date the Ministry of Finance issued exempt decree No. 194 authorizing the Corporation to allocate up to ThUS\$582,750 of the net income from the balance sheet for the year 2021. These resources will be paid out of 2022 and 2023 earnings (see note No. 34), prior to the absorption of excess dividends paid in advance from previous years and interim dividends for 2022.

As of December 31, 2022, a capitalization and reserve fund has been created amounting to ThUS\$345,589.

During the year ended December 31, 2021, payments were made to the Treasury for a total of ThUS\$ 2,033,206 for advance dividends charged to the profits of the period, which discounted from the dividends paid in excess in 2020, reflect a balance in favor of ThUS\$249,943 as of December 31, 2021 for such concept.

In the months of May and June 2022, dividends totaling ThUS\$ 259,900 have been paid. As of December 31, 2022, no dividends payable are recognized in respect of earnings for the period from January to December 2022.

The Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity discloses the changes in the Corporation's equity.

The movement and composition of other equity reserves is presented in the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity.

Reclassification adjustments from other comprehensive income to income for the years meant a loss of ThUS\$ 980 and a loss of ThUS\$ 5,594 for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.



a) Other reserves

Details of other equity reserves are shown in the following table, according to the dates indicated for each case.

Other reserves	12-31-2022 ThUS\$	12-31-2021 ThUS\$
Reserve on exchange differences on translation	(7,030)	(6,221)
Reserve of cash flow hedges	3,831	(31,254)
Capitalization fund and reserves	5,307,983	4,962,393
Actuarial results reserve in defined benefit plans	(262,465)	(259,573)
Fixed asset revaluation reserve Law 18110 year 1982	624,567	624,567
Other reserves	(7,460)	(3,506)
Total other reserves	5,659,426	5,286,406

b) Non-controlling interests

The detail of non-controlling interests, included in total equity and total profit or loss, as of the dates mentioned, is as follows:

Companies	Non-controll	ing interests	Equ	ıity	Pro	ofit
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	12-31-2022	12-31-2021	1-1-2022 12-31-2022	1-1-2021 12-31-2021
	%	%	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Inversiones Gacrux SpA	32.20%	32.20%	914,073	946,389	16,000	108,867
Other	-	-	10	23	(18)	15
Total			914,083	946,412	15,982	108,882

The percentage of non-controlling interest in Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA (previously Inversiones Mineras Acrux SpA) generates a non-controlling interest in the subsidiary Inversiones Gacrux SpA, which presents the following figures relating to its statement of financial position, statement of income and cash flows:

Assets and liabilities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	159,164	304,053
Non-current assets	2,827,107	2,829,329
Current liabilities	139,792	186,350
Non-current liabilities	220,162	313,750

Profit (loss)	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Income	836,472	1,392,387
Ordinary expenses and other	(791,728)	(1,055,538)
Profit for the period	44,744	336,849



Cash flows	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Net cash flows from (used in) operating		
activities	138,695	304,472
Net cash flows from (used in) investing		
activities	(854)	141
Net cash flows from (used in) financing		
activities	(147,495)	(335,828)

19. Revenue

Revenues from ordinary activities for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, were as follows:

Item	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue from sales of own copper	13,852,816	17,734,887
Revenue from sales of third-party copper	1,639,824	1,845,486
Revenue from sales of molybdenum	835,881	734,379
Revenue from sales of other products	694,752	729,255
Profit (loss) in futures market	(4,864)	(19,192)
Total	17,018,409	21,024,815

The Corporation's revenue is recognized at a point in time.

The breakdown of revenue is presented in explanatory note No.24 Operating Segments.

20. Expenses by nature

Expenses by nature for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Short-term benefits to employees	(1,429,458)	(1,414,643)
Depreciation (1)	(2,226,952)	(2,257,082)
Amortization	(332)	(2,242)
Raw Materials	(2,341,149)	(2,327,879)
Materials, consumables and others	(6,806,225)	(6,652,509)
Total	(12,804,116)	(12,654,355)

(1) Depreciation includes the expense of Property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets (see note 7b and note 8.1).



21. Asset impairment

As indicated in note 29 letter b) point x), the Corporation has declared its intention to move forward with preparations to cease operation of the Ventanas Smelter, which as of December 31, 2021 was part, together with the Ventanas Refinery, of a single cash-generating unit called the Ventanas Division. The Corporation is evaluating the assets of both operations separately, leading to the definition that the Ventanas Smelter and Ventanas Refinery are, as of December 31, 2022, separate cash-generating units under IAS 36.

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation performed a calculation of the recoverable amount of its Ventanas Smelter cash-generating unit, for purposes of testing the assets associated with the cash-generating unit for impairment. Since such recoverable amount is zero, when compared to the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit's assets of US\$89,410, an impairment was determined for such amount, which was recorded in Other expenses in the statements of comprehensive income for the year 2022 (note 22 letter b).

The recoverable amount determined corresponds to the value in use using a discount rate of 7.28% per year before taxes. The main variables used to determine the recoverable amount of this asset correspond to the price of rhenium, exchange rates and discount rates.

Also, as of December 31, 2022, the Corporation calculated the recoverable amount of its cash-generating unit related to the Ventanas refinery in order to test the assets associated with such cash-generating unit for impairment. The result of this calculation led to the conclusion that the recoverable amount is higher than the carrying amount of the cash-generating unit's assets and, therefore, there is no impairment loss.

As of December 31, 2021, the Corporation's subsidiary "Sociedad de Procesamiento de Molibdeno" tested the recoverable amount of its assets for impairment. The Company's projected cash flows are highly dependent on rhenium price projections, which were adjusted downward in 2021, based on actual market prices. A recoverable amount of US\$237 million was determined, which when compared to the carrying amount of the cash generating unit's assets of US\$362 million triggered an impairment of ThUS\$125,483 (before tax), reducing Property, Plant and Equipment by ThUS\$124,315 and Right-of-use assets by ThUS\$1,168 as of December 31, 2021. The recoverable amount determined corresponds to the value in use using a discount rate of 7.24% per year before taxes. The main variables used to determine the recoverable amount of this asset correspond to the price of rhenium, exchange rates and discount rates.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there are no indications of additional impairments or reversals of impairment for other cash-generating units or associates.



22. Other income and expenses

Other income and expenses by function for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 is detailed below:

a. Other income

Item	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Penalties to suppliers	7,265	5,055
Delegated Administration	3,990	4,142
Miscellaneous sales (net)	21,495	22,382
Insurance claims indemnities	41	21
Material Return	945	26,421
Gacrux debt prepayment result	-	21,342
Other miscellaneous income	30,995	36,378
Total	64,731	115,741

b. Other expenses

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Item	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Law No. 13196	(1,273,425)	(1,571,687)
Research expenses (1)	(99,994)	(59,264)
Bonus for the end of collective bargaining (2)	(22,586)	(253,364)
Expense plan (see to note 17 letter c.)	(72,555)	(24,157)
Mining property value adjustment	-	(142,000)
Write-off of investment projects	(2,020)	(100,176)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	(12,673)	(67,991)
Health plans (see to note 17 letter a.)	(15,258)	(15,402)
Compensation agreement framework agreement (4)	(136,844)	-
Impairment of assets (note 21)	(89,410)	(125,483)
Adjustment of inventory	(13,287)	(37,865)
Material obsolescence	(22,264)	(26,310)
Bad debts customers	(59)	(1,557)
Contingency expenses	(26,914)	(2,958)
Fixed indirect costs, low production level (5)	(218,024)	(182,306)
Energy contract adjustment	-	(20,151)
Adjustment severance indemnities (3)	(55,849)	(39,820)
Other expenses	(42,154)	(46,516)
Total	(2,103,316)	(2,717,007)

- (1) Study expenses include exploration expenses (see note 7 letter f), preinvestment studies and research and technological innovation expenses.
- (2) Corresponds to disbursements for the closing of a collective bargaining process, which do not establish a permanence condition.
- (3) Corresponds to the restatement of severance indemnities liabilities associated with the portion earned by employees in prior years.
- (4) Corresponds mainly to payment limited to the agreement to update and improve the 2013 Framework Agreement that establishes benefits for contractor workers and in which Codelco acts as facilitator and guarantor.



(5) Break down .by division for this concept is as follows:

	01-01-2022	01-01-2021
División	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	MUS\$	MUS\$
Andina	-	(31,308)
Chuquicamata	(132,387)	(127,526)
Ventanas	(38,858)	-
Ministro Hales	(8,547)	(941)
Gabriela Mistral	-	(6,546)
Salvador	(35,136)	(15,985)
Teniente	(3,096)	-
Total fixed indirect costs, low production level	(218,024)	(182,306)

c. Law No. 13196

Law No. 13196 - Under this law, the return in foreign currency of sales abroad of the Corporation's actual income from its copper production, including by-products, is taxed at 10%.

On January 27, 2017, Law No. 20989, article 3, establishes changes in the application of Law No. 13196 as of January 1, 2018, through which the Corporation will deposit annually, no later than December 15 of each year, the funds established in article 1 in that law.

On September 26, 2019, Law No. 21174 was published, which repeals Law No. 13196 and establishes that the 10% tax to the tax benefit provided by the Corporation will subsist for a period of nine years, decreasing from the tenth year 2.5% per year until reaching 0% at the beginning of the thirteenth year. The validity of this law is as of January 1, 2020, maintaining the payment annually at a date no later than December 15 of each year

On March 23, 2020, the Ministry of Finance issued Ordinary Letter No. 843, which modifies the payment method of the funds related to Law No. 13196, in order to address funds to meet national needs generated by the COVID-19 crisis. Said Official Letter establishes the payment of funds owed to the Treasury for the application of Law No. 13196, equivalent to ThUS\$240,168 (contribution for December 2019, January and February 2020), before March 31, 2020. Subsequently and from the month of April 2020, the Corporation should carry out the monthly transfer of the corresponding resources according to their recordkeeping, within a period not exceeding the last day of the month following its booking.

23. Finance costs

Finance costs for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are detailed in the following table:



Item	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Bond interest	(412,912)	(535,108)
Bank loan interest	(12,475)	(6,325)
Restatement of severance indemnity provision	(13,242)	(6,219)
Restatement of other non-current provisions	(55,546)	(28,860)
Other	(74,885)	(64,497)
Total	(569,060)	(641,009)

24. Operating segments

In section II "Significant Accounting Policies", it has been indicated that, for the purposes of IFRS 8, "Operating Segments", these are determined according to the Divisions that comprise Codelco. In addition, the Parent Company's revenues and expenses are distributed among the defined segments.

The mining deposits in operation, where the Corporation conducts its extractive and processing activities are managed by the following Divisions: Chuquicamata, Radomiro Tomic, Ministro Hales, Gabriela Mistral, Salvador, Andina and El Teniente. In addition, the smelting and refining activities are managed at the Ventanas Division. All these Divisions have a separate operational management, which reports to the Chief Executive Officer, through the North and South-Central Vice-President of Operations, respectively. The information on each Division and their corresponding mining deposits is as follows:

Chuquicamata

Types of mine sites: Open pit mines and underground mines

Operating: since 1915

Location: Calama, II Region de Antofagasta. Chile

Products: electro refined and electrowon cathodes and copper concentrate

Radomiro Tomic

Types of mine sites: Open pit mines

Operating: since 1997

Location: Calama, II Region de Antofagasta. Chile

Products: electrowon copper cathodes and copper concentrate

Ministro Hales

Types of mine sites: Open pit mines

Operating: since 2014

Location: Calama, Il Region de Antofagasta. Chile. Products: Calcined copper, copper concentrates



Gabriela Mistral

Types of mine sites: Open pit mines

Operating: since 2008

Location: Calama, II Region de Antofagasta. Chile Products: Electrolytic (electro-obtained) cathodes

Salvador

Type of mines: Underground and open pit mines

Operating: since 1926

Location: Salvador, III Region de Atacama. Chile.

Products: Electro refined and electrolytic (electro-obtained) copper cathodes and copper

concentrate.

Andina

Type of mines: Underground and open pit mines

Operating: since 1970

Location: Los Andes, V Region de Valparaíso. Chile.

Product: Copper concentrate

El Teniente

Type of mines: Underground mine

Operating: since 1905.

Location: Rancagua, VI Region del Libertador General Bernardo O'Higgins. Chile.

Products: copper concentrate and copper anodes.

a) Allocation of Head Office revenue and expenses

Revenue and expenses controlled by the Head Office are allocated to the Divisions based on following criteria.

The main items are assigned based on the following criteria:

Revenue and Cost of Sales of Head Office commercial transactions

The allocation to the Divisions is made in proportion to the ordinary income of each of them.

Other income by function

- Other income by function, associated and identified with each Division, is directly allocated.
- Recognition of realized profits and other income by way of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.
- The remaining other income is allocated in proportion to the aggregate of balances of "other income" and "finance income" of each Division.

Distribution costs

- Expenses associated and identified with each Division are directly allocated.
- Distribution costs of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.



Administrative expenses

- Expenses associated and identified with each Division are directly allocated.
- Administrative expenses recorded in cost centers associated with the sales function and administrative expenses of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.
- Administrative expenses recorded in cost centers associated with the supply function are allocated in proportion to inventory balances in warehouse in each Division.
- The remaining administrative expenses are allocated in proportion to operating cash outflows of each Division.

Other expenses, by function

- Other expenses associated and identified with each Division are directly allocated.
- Expenses for pre-investment studies and other expenses by function of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.

Other Gains

- Other gains associated and identified with each Division are directly allocated.
- Other gains of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division

Finance Income

- Finance income associated and identified with each Division is directly allocated.
- Finance income of subsidiaries is allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.
- The remaining finance income is allocated in relation to the operating cash outflows of each Division.

Finance Costs

- Finance costs associated and identified with each Division are directly allocated.
- Finance costs of subsidiaries are allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division

Share in profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures accounted for using the equity method

• The share in the profits or losses of associates and joint ventures identified with each particular Division is allocated on a straight-line basis.

Foreign exchange differences

- Foreign exchange differences identifiable with each Division are directly allocated.
- Foreign exchange difference of subsidiaries is allocated in proportion to the revenues of each Division.
- The remaining foreign exchange differences are allocated in relation to operating cash outflows of each Division

Contribution to the Chilean Treasury under Law No. 13196

 The amount of the contribution is allocated and accounted for in proportion to the invoiced and recorded amounts for copper and sub-product exports of each Division, that are subject to the surcharge.



Tax income benefit (expense)

- Income tax benefit (expense) Corporate income tax under D.L. 2398 and specific mining tax are allocated based on the income before income taxes of each Division, considering for this purpose the income and expenses allocation criteria of the Head Office and subsidiaries mentioned above.
- Other tax expenses are allocated in proportion to the corporate income tax, specific mining tax and tax under D.L. 2398 of each Division

b) Transactions between segments

Transactions between segments mainly related to products processing services (or tolling services), are recognized as revenue for the segment rendering the tolling services and as the cost of sales for the segment that receives the service. Such recognition is made in the period in which these services are rendered, as well as its elimination in the consolidated corporate financial statements.

Additionally, the reallocation of the profit and loss assumed by Ventanas Division, associated with the corporate mineral processing contract between Codelco and Enami, in which a distribution is applied based on the revenue of each division is included as a transaction between segments.

c) Cash flows by segments

The operating segments defined by the Corporation, maintains a cash management function which refers mainly to operational activities that need to be covered periodically with funds constituted in each of these segments and whose amounts are not significant in relation to corporate balances of cash and cash equivalents.

Conversely, activities such as obtaining financing, investment and payment of relevant financial obligations are mainly based at the Head Office.



			From	1 01-01-2022							
			to	12-31-2022							
Segments	Chuquicamata	R. Tomic	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Total	Other	Total
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Revenue from sales of own copper	3,835,498	2,408,588	747,309	1,310,927	3,343,140	7,560	930,183	1,269,611	13,852,816	-	13,852,816
Revenue from sales of third-party copper	2,041	-	14,744	-	-	63,665	-	-	80,450	1,559,374	1,639,824
Revenue from sales of molybdenum	425,089	58,908	11,212	81,617	229,061	-	-	-	805,887	29,994	835,881
Revenue from sales of other products	185,350	-	92,454	5,628	167,501	176,848	3,764	59,155	690,700	4,052	694,752
Revenue from future market	(407)	317	(1,581)	243	(4,678)	(36)	918	346	(4,878)	14	(4,864)
Revenue between segments	68,016	-	10,773	1,549	-	83,044	-	-	163,382	(163,382)	-
Revenue	4,515,587	2,467,813	874,911	1,399,964	3,735,024	331,081	934,865	1,329,112	15,588,357	1,430,052	17,018,409
Cost of sales of own copper	(3,093,040)	(1,710,771)	(912,486)	(979,957)	(1,627,273)	(8,546)	(791,880)	(817,019)	(9,940,972)	9,509	(9,931,463)
Cost of sales of third-party copper	(3,200)	-	(21,460)	-	-	(67,348)	-	-	(92,008)	(1,554,709)	(1,646,717)
Cost of sales of molybdenum	(88,367)	(25,573)	(4,062)	(35,110)	(44,144)	-	-	-	(197,256)	(8,298)	(205,554)
Cost of sales of other products	(177,139)	-	(72,908)	(755)	(69,946)	(167,902)	(4,008)	(4,542)	(497,200)	(3,718)	(500,918)
Cost of sales between segments	(101,782)	1,415	(19,883)	22,515	13,796	(106,397)	(1,635)	28,589	(163,382)	163,382	-
Cost of sales	(3,463,528)	(1,734,929)	(1,030,799)	(993,307)	(1,727,567)	(350,193)	(797,523)	(792,972)	(10,890,818)	(1,393,834)	(12,284,652)
Gross profit (loss)	1,052,059	732,884	(155,888)	406,657	2,007,457	(19,112)	137,342	536,140	4,697,539	36,218	4,733,757
Other income, by function	19,992	2,497	4,535	5,912	3,676	4,438	2,651	736	44,437	20,294	64,731
Distribution costs	(6,972)	-	(1,127)	(359)	(1,854)	-	-	(1,987)	(12,299)	(4,852)	(17,151)
Administrative expenses	(40,973)	(39,664)	(22,169)	(24,288)	(88,344)	(11,433)	(29,827)	(26,550)	(283,248)	(219,065)	(502,313)
Other expenses, by function	(237,117)	(38,122)	(65,582)	(41,368)	(83,764)	(183,898)	(13,651)	(22,105)	(685,607)	(144,284)	(829,891)
Law No. 13196	(393,521)	(199,623)	(73,929)	(128,481)	(277,034)	(13,740)	(91,164)	(95,933)	(1,273,425)	-	(1,273,425)
Other gains (losses)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	29,782	29,782
Finance income	698	285	40	(329)	896	94	16	(146)	1,554	45,691	47,245
Financial costs	(232,446)	(34,016)	(6,198)	(83,013)	(144,008)	(6,477)	(18,386)	(37,765)	(562,309)	(6,751)	(569,060)
Impairment loss under IFRS 9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(2,648)	(2,648)
Share in the profit (loss) of associates and joint ventures			1.042	1.744	512				3,298	48.693	51,991
accounted for using the equity method]	-	1,042	1,144	312	-	-	-	3,∠90	40,093	51,391
Exchange gains (losses) in foreign currencies	(29,050)	(14,919)	(31,803)	(67,471)	(66,575)	(2,341)	(14,276)	(10,103)	(236,538)	(1,239)	(237,777)
Profit (loss) before tax	132,670	409,322	(351,079)	69,004	1,350,962	(232,469)	(27,295)	342,287	1,693,402	(198,161)	1,495,241
Income tax expense	(90,708)	(279,922)	234,481	(56,525)	(920,255)	159,105	17,921	(230,999)	(1,166,902)	33,232	(1,133,670)
Profit (loss)	41,962	129,400	(116,598)	12,479	430,707	(73,364)	(9,374)	111,288	526,500	(164,929)	361,571



From 01-01-2021 to 12-31-2021 Total Total Segments Chuquicamata R. Tomic Andina El Teniente G. Mistral M. Hales Other Salvador **Ventanas** segments Consolidated ThUS\$ 1,102,750 Revenue from sales of own copper 4,700,183 3,129,013 1,610,530 4,345,132 92,296 981,733 1,773,250 17,734,887 17,734,887 Revenue from sales of third-party copper 11.823 45,238 57,061 1,845,486 1.788.425 375,028 48,184 14,801 47,655 Revenue from sales of molybdenum 232,145 717,813 16,566 734,379 Revenue from sales of other products 219,978 99,629 4,427 138,166 194,953 67,764 724,917 4,338 729,255 Revenue from future market (4,641)(3,455)(57)(656)(7,739)123 (2,149)(618)(19,192)(19,192)Revenue between segments 51,981 37,637 1,540 91,359 182,517 (182.517)Revenue 5,354,352 3,173,742 1,254,760 1,663,496 4,707,704 423,969 979,584 1,840,396 19,398,003 1,626,812 21,024,815 Cost of sales of own copper (3,142,403)(1,361,141)(973,364)(900, 132)(1,864,150)(92,906)(555.744) (736,623)(9,626,463) 15.810 (9,610,653) Cost of sales of third-party copper (1,823,426)(11,153)(43,719)(54,872)(1,768,554)Cost of sales of molybdenum (89.390)(19.289)(5.979)(22.573)(41,286)(178.517)(16.666)(195,183)Cost of sales of other products (159.798)(115.098)(635)(61,422)(204.783)(10,504)(552,240)(556,426)(4,186)Cost of sales between segments (128,994)22.427 (43.084)9.698 37.254 (123,670)(1.033)44,885 (182,517)182.517 Cost of sales (3,531,738)(1.358,003)(1,137,525)(913,642)(1,929,604) (465,078)(556,777)(702,242)(10,594,609) (1.591.079)(12,185,688) Gross profit (loss) 1,822,614 1,815,739 117,235 749,854 2,778,100 (41,109)422,807 1,138,154 8,803,394 8,839,127 35,733 Other income, by function 11.325 1,466 6.980 11.188 21.859 1,423 4.840 1.083 60,164 55.577 115.741 Distribution costs (3.146)(61)(521)(190)(910)(1,302)(6.139)(3.250)(9.389)Administrative expenses (33,210)(29.689)(20.680)(22.664)(81,503)(7,982)(24.557)(24,316)(244,601)(214,677)(459,278)Other expenses, by function (301,188)(54,221)(92,562)(159,481)(125,280)(2,741)(20,658)(31,418)(787,549)(357,771)(1,145,320)Law No. 13196 (455,450)(263,896)(108,347)(156, 249)(348,681)(24,902)(96,571)(117,591)(1,571,687)(1,571,687)Other gains (losses) 37,531 37,531 Finance income 135 10 71 51 1,077 119 (62)1,416 12,241 13,657 15 Financial costs (245,404)(38,361)(17,784)(63,728)(190,713)(7,223)(14,547)(44,434)(622, 194)(18,815)(641,009)Impairment loss under IFRS 9 (1,250)(1,250)Share in the profit (loss) of associates and joint 857 3,703 409,105 414,845 1,180 5.740 ventures accounted for using the equity method 16,136 Exchange gains (losses) in foreign currencies 85,310 31,306 23,110 43,415 100,742 18,766 21,648 340,433 (26.697)313,736 Profit (loss) before tax 880,986 1,462,293 (91,641)403,376 2,158,394 (66,288)290.095 941,762 5,978,977 (72,273)5,906,704 Income tax expenses 58.393 (299,289) (1,440,972)47,503 (194,277)(633,713)(4,029,285)173,949 (3,855,336)(586, 785)(980, 145)Profit (loss) 294,201 482,148 (33,248)104,087 717,422 (18,785)95,818 308,049 1,949,692 101,676 2,051,368



The assets and liabilities related to each operating segment, including the Corporation's corporate center (Head Office) as of December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, are detailed in the following tables:

12-31-2022										
Category	Chuquicamata	Chuquiagmeta Radomiro Salvador	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Other	Total	
Category	Onaquicamata	Tomic	Gaivadoi	Allulla	Li remente	ventanas	O. miouai	W. Hales	Other	Consolidated
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	1,489,407	946,313	614,161	285,883	974,063	70,378	345,623	462,815	1,606,200	6,794,843
Non-current assets	9,738,307	2,189,304	1,786,089	5,576,206	8,795,911	165,786	1,007,493	3,346,994	5,336,299	37,942,389
Current liabilities	691,342	293,830	302,986	257,075	512,310	122,262	153,835	143,043	1,443,802	3,920,485
Non-current liabilities	604,612	398,512	314,627	1,178,368	953,188	122,259	134,997	148,762	25,306,857	29,162,182

12-31-2021										
Category	Chuquicamata	Radomiro	Salvador	Andina	El Teniente	Ventanas	G. Mistral	M. Hales	Other	Total
Category	Ciruquicamata	Tomic	Jaivauoi	Allulla	Li i cilicile	ventanas	G. Wisuai	Wi. Hales	Other	Consolidated
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Current assets	1,657,948	1,009,317	510,147	392,996	1,219,506	66,487	386,309	482,934	2,076,265	7,801,909
Non-current assets	9,251,627	2,085,913	1,317,660	5,404,441	8,112,876	214,228	1,040,031	3,285,526	4,543,224	35,255,526
Current liabilities	692,071	230,440	204,120	232,538	538,455	95,733	110,090	146,358	1,689,072	3,938,877
Non-current liabilities	574,123	295,922	345,003	1,048,434	839,281	88,088	147,495	153,782	24,051,529	27,543,657

Revenues segregated by geographic area are as follows:

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Revenue per geographical areas	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Total revenue from domestic customers	2,414,054	3,430,050
Total revenue from foreign customers	14,604,355	17,594,765
Total	17,018,409	21,024,815

Revenue per geographical areas	1-1-2022 12-31-2022 ThUS\$	1-1-2021 12-31-2021 ThUS\$
China	3,280,124	4,191,892
Rest of Asia	3,276,193	3,523,590
Europe	5,289,249	6,389,832
America	4,099,704	5,720,097
Other	1,073,139	1,199,404
Total	17,018,409	21,024,815

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, there is no revenue from ordinary activities from transactions with a single customer representing 10 percent or more of the Corporation's revenue from ordinary activities.



25. Exchange difference

Exchange differences for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021 are as follows:

Profit (loss) from foreign exchange differences recognized in income	1-1-2022 12-31-2022	1-1-2021 12-31-2021
recognized in income	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Exchange Rate Difference IAS Provision	2,337	104,992
Exchange Rate Difference Health Plan Provision	(37,491)	66,377
Exchange Rate Difference Provision for Mine Closure	(144,921)	74,600
Exchange Rate Difference Contingencies Provision	(6,331)	7,380
Exchange Rate Difference Other	(51,371)	60,387
Total exchange difference	(237,777)	313,736

26. Statement of cash flows

The following table shows the items that comprise other collections and payments from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows:

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Other payments from operating activities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Contribution to Chilean treasury Law N°13.196	1,569,295	1,223,152
VAT and other similar taxes paid	766,601	845,599
Total	2,335,896	2,068,751

	1-1-2022	1-1-2021
Other collections from operating activities	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
VAT Refund	(1,295,352)	(1,550,137)
Sales hedge	(1,302)	(17,745)
VAT and Others	(1,767,339)	(1,572,781)
Total	(3,063,993)	(3,140,663)

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no direct cash capital contributions were received.

27. Risk management

Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile has created instances within its organization that seek to generate strategies to minimize the financial risks to which it may be exposed.

The risks to which Codelco is exposed and a brief description of the management procedures that are carried out in each case, are described below.



a. Financial risks

Exchange rate risk:

According to IFRS 7, exchange rate risk is understood to be the risk that arises from financial instruments that are denominated in foreign currencies, that is, a currency other than the Corporation's functional currency (US dollar).

Codelco's activities that generate this exposure correspond to funding in UF, accounts payable and receivable and provisions in Chilean pesos, other foreign currencies used in its business operations and obligations with employees.

Most transactions in currencies other than US\$ are denominated in Chilean pesos. Also, there is another portion in Euro, which corresponds mainly to a long-term loan issued through the international market, which exchange rate risk is mitigated with hedging instruments (Swap).

Taking into consideration the financial assets and liabilities as of December 31, 2022 as the base, a fluctuation (positive or negative) of 10 Chilean pesos against the U.S. dollar (keeping the other variables constant), could affect profits before taxes by US\$ 33 million in profit or loss, respectively. This result is obtained by identifying the main items (including assets and financial liabilities) denominated in foreign currencies in order to measure the impact on profit or loss that a variation of +/- 10 Chilean pesos would have in terms of US\$, with respect to the closing exchange rate at the end of the reporting period.

Interest rate risk

This risk arises from interest rate fluctuations in Codelco's investment and financing activities. This movement can affect future cash flows or the market value of fixed rate financial instruments.

These rate variations refer to U.S. dollar variations, mostly with respect to the LIBOR rate. To manage this risk, Codelco maintains an adequate combination of fixed and variable rate debt, which is complemented by the possibility of using interest-rate derivatives to meet the strategic guidelines defined by Codelco's Vice-Presidency of Administration and Finance

It is estimated that, based on net debt at December 31, 2022, a one percentage point change in the interest rates of credit financial liabilities subject to variable interest rates would result in a change in annual interest expense of approximately US\$ 10 million, before taxes. This estimation is made by identifying the liabilities assigned variable interest, accrued at the end of the financial statements, which may vary with a change of one percentage point in variable interest rates

The concentration of obligations that Codelco maintains at fixed and variable rates at December 31, 2022, corresponds to a total of ThUS\$ 15,979,672 and ThUS\$ 978,705, respectively.



b. Market risk.

Commodity price risk:

As a result of its commercial operations and activities, the Corporation's income is mainly exposed to the volatility of copper prices and certain sub-products such as gold and silver.

Copper and molybdenum sales contracts generally establish provisional sales prices at the time of shipment of such products, while the final price will be considered based on a monthly average price determined by the market for future periods. At the reporting date, sales of provisionally priced products are adjusted to fair value and the effect is recorded in the results of operations for the period. Forward prices at the period-end are used for copper sales, while period-end average prices are used for molybdenum concentrate sales due to the absence of an assets futures market. (See Note 2.q) "Income from Activities Ordinary Procedures from Contracts with Customers" of section II "Main Accounting Policies").

As of December 31, 2022, if the future price of copper fluctuates by + / - 5% (with the other variables constant), the result would be US\$285 million before taxes as a result of setting the mark to market of sales revenue to provisional prices in effect as of December 31, 2022 (MTMF 684). For the estimate indicated, all of those physical sales contracts were valued according to the monthly average immediately following the close of the financial statements, and proceeds to be estimated regarding what the final settlement price would be if there is a difference of + / - 5% with respect to the future price known to date for this period

In order to protect cash flow and adjust, where necessary, its sales contracts to its trade policy, the Corporation holds operations in futures markets. At the end of the reporting period, these contracts are adjusted to fair value, recording this effect, at the settlement date of the hedging transactions as part of net product sales.

The Corporation has not entered into any hedging transactions with the specific purpose of hedging the price risk caused by fluctuations in prices of production inputs.

c. Liquidity risk

The Corporation ensures that it has sufficient resources, such as pre-approved credit lines (including refinancing), in order to meet short-term requirements, after considering the necessary working capital for its operations and any other commitments it has.

In this sense, the Corporation maintains resources at its disposal sufficient to meet its obligations, whether in cash, liquid financial instruments or credit facilities.

In addition, the Finance Department constantly monitors the Corporation's cash flow projections based on short- and long-term projections and available financing alternatives. In addition, the Corporation estimates that it has enough headroom to increase the level of borrowing for the normal requirements of its operations and investments established in its development plan.



In this context, according to current existing commitments with creditors, the cash requirements to cover financial liabilities classified by maturity and presented in the statement of financial position are detailed as follows:

Maturity of financial liabilities	Less than	Between one	Over	
as of 12-31-2022	1 year	five years	years	
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	
Loans from financial entities	8,545	373,994	596,166	
Bonds	452,154	2,766,355	12,761,163	
Derivatives	9,738	120,202	7,584	
Other financial liabilities	-	63,659	-	
Total	470,437	3,324,210	13,364,913	

d. Credit risk

This risk comprises the possibility that a third party does not fulfill its contractual obligations, thereby causing a loss for the Corporation.

Given the Corporation's sales policy, principally with cash and advance payments and bank letters of credit, the uncollectible of client debt balances is minimal. This is complemented by the familiarity the Corporation has with its clients and the length of time it has operated with them. Therefore, the credit risk of these transactions is not significant.

The indications with respect to the payment conditions to the Corporation are detailed in every sales contract and the negotiation management is under the charge of the Commercial Vice-Presidency.

In general, the Corporation's other accounts receivable have a high credit quality according to the Corporation's evaluations, based on each debtor's solvency analysis and payment history.

The maximum exposure to credit risk as of December 31, 2022 is represented by the financial asset items presented in the Corporation's Statement of Financial Position.

The Corporation's accounts receivable does not include customers with balances that could be classified as a significant concentration of debt and would represent a material exposure for Codelco. This exposure is distributed among many clients and other counterparties.

In the customer items, the provisions, which are not significant, are included based on the review of the outstanding balances and characteristics of the clients, destined to cover eventual insolvencies.

Explanatory note 2 "Trade and other receivables" shows past due and not provisioned balances.



The Corporation estimates that unimpaired amounts overdue over 30 days are recoverable based on clients' historical payment behavior and their existing credit ratings.

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, there are no receivable balances that have been renegotiated.

Codelco works with major banks, which have high national and international ratings, and continually assesses them; therefore, the risk that could affect the availability of the Corporation's funds and financial instruments is not significant.

Also, in some cases, to minimize credit risk, the Corporation has contracted credit insurance policies through which it transfers to third parties the commercial risk associated with some aspects of its business.

During the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, no guarantees have been executed in relation to ensure the collection of third party debt.

Personnel loans mainly relate to mortgage loans, according to programs included in union agreements, which are paid for through payroll discounts.

e. Other relevant risks

In addition to exposure to financial risks, community relations, environmental, litigation and regulatory proceedings, during 2022 we defined strategic risks as risks or combination of risk events that may threaten the business model in the short or long term, structuring our model in a robust way to face the challenges that become more demanding each year, such as changes in social expectations, infrastructure and human development.

The model designed contemplates risks for at least the next three years and also some that would be relevant for a longer period. It also considers monitoring emerging risks which are permanently monitored by the industry.

Risks are permanently monitored to identify, address and oversee appropriate mitigation actions, with the support of the second line of defense established in Codelco's corporate governance mainly through corporate risk management, working to provide assurance on the status of controls or drive the necessary behavior to achieve the expected status.

These definitions also consider risk appetite as the nature and extent of risk that the Corporation is willing to accept in relation to the achievement of its business and objectives. The above factors in the probability and severity of the consequences of the materialization of a risk in the different areas of its impact.

Our risk management program considers that risk appetite and risks may change over time and may require management actions to respond to changes in the context. Information regarding the main risks considered by Codelco will be included in the Annual Report as of 2022.



28. Derivatives contracts.

The Corporation has entered transactions to hedge cash flows, to minimize the risk of foreign exchange rate variations and sales price variations, detailed as follows:

a. Exchange rate hedge

The Corporation maintains an exposure associated with its foreign exchange hedging operations, the balance of which corresponds to a net deferred tax loss recognized in equity amounting to ThUS\$5,034 as of December 31, 2022.

The following table shows details of the fair value and other information of the financial hedges contracted by the Corporation:

December 31, 2022

Hedged item	Bank	Type of derivative contract	Maturity	Currency	Hedged item	Financial obligation Hedging instrument ThUS\$	Fair value hedged item ThUS\$	Asset ThUS\$	Amortized cost
Bono UF Vcto. 2025	Credit Suisse (EE.UU)	Swap	04-01-2025	US\$	283,067	208,519	79,226	296,104	(216,878)
Bono EUR Vcto. 2024	Santander (Chile)	Swap	07-09-2024	US\$	321,063	409,650	(89,573)	320,305	(409,878)
Bono EUR Vcto. 2024	BNP Paribas (EE.UU)	Swap	07-09-2024	US\$	106,897	136,402	(29,780)	106,646	(136,426)
Bono UF Vcto. 2026	JP Morgan London Branch (Inglaterra)	Swap	08-24-2026	US\$	410,242	406,212	21,309	423,278	(401,969)
Bono AUD Vcto. 2039	Santander (Chile)	Swap	07-22-2039	US\$	47,684	49,266	(6,656)	42,046	(48,702)
Bono HKD Vcto. 2034	HSBC Bank PLC (Inglaterra)	Swap	11-07-2034	US\$	64,100	63,792	(928)	59,795	(60,723)
Total					1,233,053	1,273,841	(26,402)	1,248,174	(1,274,576)

December 31, 2021

Hedged item	Bank	Type of derivative contract	Maturity	Currency	Hedged item	Financial obligation Hedging instrument	Fair value hedged item	Asset	Amortized cost
Bono UF Vcto, 2025	Credit Suisse (EE.UU)	Swap	04-01-2025	US\$	ThUS\$ 253,162	ThUS\$ 208.519	ThUS\$ 33,174	ThUS\$ 275.382	ThUS\$ (242,208)
	` ,		07-09-2024	US\$		409.650		.,	
Bono EUR Vcto. 2024	Santander (Chile)	Swap			339,405	,	(77,620)		(444,644)
Bono EUR Vcto. 2024	BNP Paribas (EE.UU)	Swap	07-09-2024	US\$	113,004	409,680	(25,774)	122,199	(147,973)
Bono UF Vcto. 2026	JP Morgan London Branch (Inglaterra)	Swap	08-24-2026	US\$	366,901	406,212	(68,670)	381,758	(450,428)
Bono AUD Vcto. 2039	Santander (Chile)	Swap	07-22-2039	US\$	50,736	49,266	(4,539)	59,373	(63,912)
Bono HKD Vcto. 2034	HSBC Bank PLC (Inglaterra)	Swap	11-07-2034	US\$	64,105	63,792	(2,375)	73,709	(76,084)
Total					1.187.313	1.547.119	(145.804)	1.279.445	(1.425.249)

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation has no cash collateral balances.

The current methodology for valuing currency swaps uses the bootstrapping technique based on mid-swap rates to construct (zero) curves in functional currencies other than the functional currency and USD, respectively, based on market information.



The notional amounts held by the Corporation for financial derivatives are detailed below:

	Notional amount of contracts with final maturity								
December 31, 2022	Currency	Less than Over 90 Total		Total 1 to 3 years 3 to 5 years		Over 5 veers	Total		
December 31, 2022	Currency	90 days	days	current	1 to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 3 years	non-current	
		MUS\$	MUS\$	MUS\$	MUS\$	MUS\$	MUS\$	MUS\$	
Currency derivatives	US\$	13,156	37,793	50,949	829,643	428,148	148,916	1,406,707	

			Notional a	mount of con	racts with fin	al maturity		
December 31, 2021	Currency	Less than	Over 90	Total	1 to 2 veers	2 to E veers	Over 5 veers	Total
December 31, 2021	Currency	90 days	days	current	i to 3 years	3 to 5 years	Over 5 years	non-current
		ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Currency derivatives	US\$	13,156	48,151	61,307	941,941	656,931	152,775	1,751,647

b. Cash flows hedging contracts and commercial policy adjustment

The Corporation trades in the copper, gold and silver derivative markets and records its results upon termination. These results are added to or deducted from sales revenues. As of December 31, 2022, these operations generated a lower net realized result of ThUS\$ 4,639.

b.1. Commercial flexibility operations of copper contracts

Its objective is to adjust the price of sales to the Corporation's sales policy, which is defined according to the London Metal Exchange. As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation has copper derivative transactions associated with 277,675 metric tons of fine copper. These hedging transactions are performed as part of the Corporation's commercial policy.

The current contracts as of December 31, 2022, present a negative balance of ThUS\$ 3,438 and their final result will only be known at their maturity, offsetting the hedging transactions with revenue from the sale of the hedged products.

Operations completed between January 1 and December 31, 2022, generated a net negative effect in results of ThUS\$ 4,539, corresponding to values for physical sales contracts for a negative amount of ThUS\$ 4,764 and values for physical purchase contracts for a positive amount of ThUS\$ 225.

b.2. Trade operations of current gold and silver contracts.

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation does not have any gold and silver derivative contracts.

The operations completed between January 1 and December 31, 2022, generated a negative effect on results of ThUS\$ 100, corresponding to values per physical sales contracts.

b.3. Cash flow hedging operations backed by future production



The Corporation has no outstanding transactions as of December 31, 2022, arising from these operations, which protect future cash flows by locking in price levels for the sale of part of its production

The following tables set forth the maturities of metal hedging activities, as referred to in point b above:

December 31, 2022		N	laturity date				
ThUS\$	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027	Upcoming	Total
Flex com cobre (asset)	87		-	-			87
Flex com cobre (liability)	(2,676)	(849)	-	-			(3,525)
Flex com Gold/Silver	-	-	-	-			-
Price setting	-	-	-	-			-
Metal options	-	-	-	-			-
Total	(2,589)	(849)	-	-			(3,438)

December 31, 2021		N	laturity date				
ThUS\$	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026	Upcoming	Total
Flex com cobre (asset)	61	-	-	-			61
Flex com cobre (liability)	(22,056)	(7,268)	(363)	-			(29,687)
Flex com Gold/Silver	(393)	-	-	-			(393)
Price setting	-	-	-	-			
Metal options	-	-	-	-			
Total	(22,388)	(7,268)	(363)	-			(30,019)

December 31, 2022	Maturity date								
All figures in thousands of metric tons/ounces	2023	2024	2025	2026	2027 Upco	ming	Total		
Copper Futures [MT]	244.175	33.500	-	-	-	-	277.675		
Gold/Silver Futures [ThOZ]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Copper price setting [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		
Copper options [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		

December 31, 2021		Ma	turity date				
All figures in thousands of metric tons/ounces	2022	2023	2024	2025	2026 Upcc	ming	Total
Copper Futures [MT]	268.43	72.90	4.50	-	-	-	345.83
Gold/Silver Futures [ThOZ]	15.98	-	-	-	-	-	15.98
Copper price setting [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Copper options [MT]	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

29. Contingencies and restrictions

a) Lawsuits and contingencies

There are various lawsuits and legal actions initiated by or against the Corporation, which derive from its operations and the industry in which it operates. In general, these are civil, tax, labor and mining litigations, all related to the Corporation's activities.

In the opinion of Management and its legal advisors, the lawsuits where the Corporation is being sued and could have negative results do not represent significant loss contingencies or cash flows. Codelco defends its rights and makes use of all the corresponding legal and procedural instances and resources.

The most relevant lawsuits filed by Codelco relate to the following matters:



- Tax Proceedings: There is a tax proceeding for liquidation No.141 of tax year 2015 and Exempt Resolution No. 89 of 2016 issued by the Internal Revenue Service (SII), for which the Corporation presented the corresponding appeals, which were received and resolved in favor of the Tax and Customs Courts, a resolution that was appealed by the SII.
- Labor lawsuits: Labor proceedings brought by the workers against the Corporation, regard to occupational diseases, labor accidents and other matters.
- Mining proceedings and others arising from the operation: The Corporation has been participating, and will probably continue to participate, as plaintiff and defendant in given court proceedings involving its mining operation and activities, through which it seeks to exercise certain actions or set up certain defenses in relation to given mining concessions that have been established or are in the process of being established, as well as also with regard to its other activities. These proceedings currently do not involve any given amount and do not have any essential effect on Codelco's development.

Some other procedures pending final judgment are the simultaneous claim for arbitration between Codelco, Santa Elvira S.A., Mining Services Group S.A. and Sociedad de Servicios para la Minería Limitada (collectively "Santa Elvira").

During the years ended December 31, 2022, there are no lawsuits or other proceedings representing 10 percent or more of the Corporation's total outstanding lawsuits.

At the date of issuance of these financial statements, the Codelco faces various lawsuits and legal actions against it for a total of approximately US\$101,333 million corresponding to 980 cases. According to the estimate made by the legal advisors of the Corporation, 777 causes, which represent 79.29% of the universe, have associated probable loss results amounting to ThUS\$67,640 (additionally, with the same probable outcome, there are 5 causes for ThUS\$367 from subsidiaries). There are also 160 cases, representing 16.33% for an amount of ThUS\$33,672, for which it is less likely than not, that the ruling will be against the Corporation. For the remaining 43 cases, representing 4.39% for an amount of ThUS\$ 21, the Corporation's legal advisors consider an unfavorable result remote.

- Lawsuit under administrative law: On August 2, 2017, a Nullity in Public Law claim was filed in the 25th Civil Court of Santiago against Audit Report No. 900 of 2016, issued by the General Comptrollership of the Republic on May 10, 2017.

Once the discussion and evidence stage concluded, the Santiago Civil Court, on September 11, 2020, delivered its judgment in which it dismissed the annulment action filed by the Corporation, condemning it to the respective costs of said lawsuit.

On October 27, 2020, the Corporation filed appeals and cassation in the form of the sentence of the 25th Civil Court of Santiago, which dismissed the Public Law nullity action filed by the Codelco against Report No. 900 of 2016 of the Comptroller General of the Republic.

In December 2022, the Corporation established a collaboration commitment with the Comptroller General of the Republic (CGR) to reinforce the principle of probity in regulation, applicable to the company regarding operations with related parties, establishing a framework



for any contracts with related parties, safeguarding the legal status of the company and its business line, in addition to reinforcing controls for sensitive operations. This agreement with the Comptroller's Office recognizes Codelco's good practices and also improves controls for related party transactions. As a result of this agreement, litigation with the regulator has been terminated.

For litigation with probable loss and its costs, there are the necessary provisions, which are recorded as contingency provisions.

b) Other commitments.

i. On May 31, 2005, Codelco, through its subsidiary Codelco International Ltd. signed an agreement with Minmetals to form a company, CuPIC, in which both companies have an equal equity interest. In addition, the terms of a 15-year sales contract for cathodes to the associated company were agreed, as well as a purchase contract from Minmetals to the latter for the same term and equal monthly shipments until completing the total amount of 836,250 metric tons. Each shipment shall be paid for by the buyer at a price formed by a fixed readjustable component plus a variable component, which depends on current copper prices at the time of shipment.

During the first quarter of 2006 and on the basis of the negotiated financial terms, financing contracts were formalized with the China Development Bank allowing CuPIC to make the US\$550 million advance payment to Codelco in March 2006.

With regard to financial obligations incurred by the associate CuPIC with the China Development Bank, Codelco Chile and Codelco International Ltd, must meet certain commitments, mainly relating to the delivery of financial information. In addition, Codelco Chile must maintain 51% ownership of Codelco International Limited.

According to the Sponsor Agreement, dated March 8, 2006, the Codelco International Ltd. subsidiary gave its participation in CuPIC as a guarantee to the China Development Bank.

Subsequently, on March 14, 2012, CuPIC paid off its debt to the abovementioned bank. As of December 31, 2017 Codelco, does not hold any indirect guarantee regarding its participation in this associated company.

On December 17, 2015, the Company's management presented a restructuring for the Supply Contract, which implies the removal of its share in CUPIC.

- On April 7, 2016, the Corporation formalized the removal of its share in CUPIC, of which Codelco retained 50% ownership through the subsidiary Codelco International. Until that date, Codelco shared the ownership of the Company in the same proportion with the company Album Enterprises Limited (a subsidiary of Minmetals).

In order to realize the above-mentioned term of the shareholding, Codelco signed a set of agreements which formalized primarily the following issues:



- Copper sales contract modifications from Codelco to CUPIC signed in 2006, which establishes the reduction of half of the outstanding tonnage to deliver to this company and in which Codelco pays to CUPIC the amount of ThUS\$99,330.
- Reduction of share capital in CuPIC, equivalent to the 50% of the Codelco International shares in said company and by which CuPIC repays to Codelco the amount of ThUS\$99,330.
- Waiver of Codelco to any dividends associated with the profits generated by CuPIC from January 1, 2016 and the date of signing the agreement.
- Additionally, the cessation of dividends reception as a consequence of the removal of the Codelco share in the ownership of CuPIC since 2016, led to a reduction of the net profit estimated by Codelco until the end of the contract signed with that company.

At the close of the first semester of 2021, the Corporation delivered the last shipment associated with this sales contract.

ii. Regarding the financing agreement signed on August 23, 2012, between the subsidiary, Gacrux Inversiones SpA and Mitsui & Co. Ltd. for the acquisition of the 24.5% stake in Anglo American Sur S.A. which was subsequently amended on October 31, 2012, a pledge is included over the shares that the subsidiary has on Acrux Inversiones SpA (shared participation with Mitsui and minority shareholder in Anglo American Sur S.A.), in order to ensure compliance with the obligations that the financial agreement contemplates.

This pledge extends to the right to collect and receive from Acrux dividends which have been agreed in the corresponding meetings of shareholders of the company and any other distributions paid or payable to Gacrux respect of the pledged shares.

On December 22, 2017 according to archive No. 12326 / 2017, it was established that, Gacrux, the Creditor and the Guarantee Agent, the latter representing the Guaranteed Parties, modified, by virtue of the Merger, the Contract of Pledge and the Modified Pledge Agreement as to the pledge on transferable securities and the commercial pledge, as well as the restrictions and prohibitions established in the Pledge Contract and in the Modified Pledge Contract, making it subject to , by virtue of the Merger, two thousand thirteen million two hundred and forty-five thousand four hundred and seventy-three shares pledge issued by Becrux, owned by Gacrux, hereinafter the "Pledged Becrux Shares."

On May 20, 2021, as a result of the prepayment of the obligations indicated above (see note 12), the pledges indicated in the preceding paragraph were raised.

iii. Law No. 19993 dated December 17, 2004, authorized the purchase of the Refinery and Smelter Las Ventanas assets from ENAMI, establishing that the Corporation must ensure that the smelting and refining capacity required is maintained, without any restriction and limitation, for treating the products of the small and medium mining sector sent by ENAMI, under the form of toll production or another form agreed upon by the parties.



iv. Obligations with the public for bond issues means that the Corporation must meet certain restrictions related to limits on pledges and leaseback transactions on its principal assets and on its ownership interest in subsidiaries.

The Corporation has complied with these conditions as of December 31, 2022 and 2021.

v. On January 20, 2010, the Corporation signed two energy supply contracts with Colbún S.A., which includes energy and power sales and purchases for a total of 510 MW of power. The contract provides a discount for that unconsumed energy from Codelco's SIC divisions with respect to the amount of contracted power. The discount is equivalent to the value of the sale of that energy on the spot market.

The contracted power for supplying these Divisions is comprised by two contracts:

- Contract No.1 for 176 MW, current until December 2029.
- Contract No.2 for 334 MW, current until December 2044. This contract is based on energy production from Colbún's Santa María thermal power station, which is currently in operation. This plant is coal-fired, and therefore the electric energy tariff rate applied for the energy supplied to Codelco is linked to the price of coal.

Both of these contracts comply with Codelco's long-term energy and power requirements from the SIC of approximately 510 MW.

Through these contracts, which operate through take or pay, the Corporation agrees to pay for the contracted energy and Colbún undertakes to reimburse at market price the energy not consumed by Codelco

These contracts have maturity dates in 2029 and 2044.

On October 27, 2022, Codelco signed an amendment to the contract, which, among other aspects, will allow replacing the coal-based electricity supply with a renewable energy supply. This transformation will be implemented gradually, and as of January 1, 2026 the contract will be for 1,000 GWh/year of renewable energy.

vi. On November 6, 2009, Codelco signed the following long-term electric energy supply contracts with ELECTROANDINA S.A. (associate until January 2011), which matured in August 2017.

For the electric power supply of the Chuquicamata's work center, there are three contracts: Engie for a 15-year term from January 2010, that is maturing in December 2024, for 200 MW capacity, and another contract for a 200 MW capacity which was signed in January 2018 and will be effective as of January 2025 with maturity in December 2035. CTA effective from 2012 for 80 MW capacity, maturity in 2032.

vii. On August 26, 2011, Codelco signed two energy supply contracts with AESGener. The first one for the Minister Hales division for a 99 MW capacity and the second contract for the Radomiro Tomic work center, for a maximum capacity of 145 MW. Both contracts will mature in 2028.



In December 2022, the respective agreements were renegotiated and signed. The agreement implies the modification of the original contracts and a new renewable sources contract effective from 2023 to 2040.

viii. On November 11, 2011, Law No. 20551 was published in the Official Journal, which regulates the tasks and closure of mining facilities. Additionally, on November 22, 2012, the Supreme Decree No. 41 of the Minister of Mining, which approves the Regulations of this Law, was published in the Official Gazette.

This law requires the Corporation, among other requirements, to provide financial guarantees to the State to ensure the implementation of closure plans. It also establishes the obligation to make contributions to a fund which aims to cover the costs of post-closure activities.

The Corporation, in accordance with the regulations, delivered in 2014 to the National Geology and Mining Service (SERNAGEOMIN) the mine closure plans for each of the eight divisions of Codelco. These closure plans were developed under the transitional regime of the Law, specified for mining companies affected by the general application procedure, which are those with extraction capacity > 10,000 tons/month, and that at the date of entry into force of the Law were in operation, and with a closure plan previously approved under the Mining Safety Regulation D.S. No. 132.

All these transitional closure plans were approved in 2015 in accordance with the provisions established in the Law.

The law also established the obligation to update these closure plans, under the conditions of the general regime of the law, which incorporates new and greater requirements for the closure plans, five years after its entry into force, i.e. in 2020 in the case of Codelco. This calendar was brought forward to 2019 due to operational particularities for the Chuquicamata and Ventanas Divisions, and postponed to 2021 by SERNAGEOMIN, due to the COVID19 pandemic for the entire industry, and therefore for all other divisions.

In compliance with this new schedule, Codelco approved in 2021 the updated closure plans for the El Teniente, Radomiro Tomic, Ministro Hales and Gabriela Mistral Divisions, and as of December 31, 2021, the approval of the updated plans for the Salvador and Andina Divisions is in process. During the year 2022, Codelco obtained the approval of the updated closure plans of the Salvador and Andina divisions. The Corporation has provided the corresponding guarantees committed in all the approved closure plans, in accordance with the latest updates in force.

As of December 31, 2022, the Corporation has agreed guarantees for an annual amount of UF 63,322,955 to comply with the aforementioned Law No. 20.551 (see note No. 30).

ix. On August 24, 2012, Codelco through its subsidiary Inversiones Mineras Nueva Acrux SpA (Nueva Acrux) (whose minority shareholder is Mitsui), signed a contract with Anglo American Sur S.A. Under this contract, Codelco agreed to sell a portion of its annual copper production to the mentioned subsidiary, who in turn agrees to purchase such production.



Such annual portion is determined by the share of Codelco's indirect subsidiary, Inversiones Mineras Becrux SpA (also shared ownership with Mitsui), maintained for the shares of Anglo-American Sur S.A.

In turn, the subsidiary Nueva Acrux agrees to sell to Mitsui, the products purchased under the agreement described in the preceding paragraphs.

The contract expiration will occur when the shareholders agreement of Anglo-American Sur S.A. ends or other events related to the completion of mining activities of the company take place.

x. On June 17, 2022, Codelco's Board of Directors agreed to move forward with preparations to cease operation of the Ventanas Smelter, subject to parliament amending Law No. 1993 within a limited period of time, a decision that applies exclusively to the smelter and not to the refinery or other operations of the Ventanas Division. This measure will require the amendment and approval by the Executive and the Legislature of Law No. 19993, which obliges the Corporation to smelt the minerals of Empresa Nacional de Minería (ENAMI) at the Ventanas Smelter.

As of December 31, the bill to amend the aforementioned law is advancing in the National Congress in its various legislative stages.

In the event that Law No. 19993 is modified, Codelco will be able to prepare and submit to Sernageomin a new closure plan for the Ventanas Smelter and move forward:

- a) Initiate proceedings before Sernageomin to obtain a permit for the temporary stoppage of the smelter.
- Obtain environmental and sectoral permits from the relevant authorities for the definitive closure of the smelter.
- c) Proceed with the dismantling of the plant, reuse of infrastructure, remediation, reclamation of areas and post-closure monitoring.
- d) Execution of the special voluntary severance plan for employees.

30. Guarantees

The Corporation as a result of its activities has received and given guarantees. The following tables list the main guarantees given to financial institutions:



Creditor of the guarantee	Direct Guarantees provided to Fin		12-31	2022		12-31-2021
Creditor of the guarantee	Type of guarantee	0	Maturity	-2022 Quantity	ThUS\$	12-31-2021 ThUS\$
Abasada Dassusadas Firsal Ondas Falis	hadiated account and an Manager	Currency UF	15-mar-22		111022	
Abogado Procurador Fiscal Carlos Felix	Judicial agreement and settlement	UF	15-mar-22 15-mar-23	1	1,231	1,10
Abogado Procurador Fiscal Carlos Felix	Judicial agreement and settlement	T		1	1,231	40.000
Abogado Procurador Fiscal Carlos Felix	Judicial agreement and settlement	CLP	15-mar-22	1	-	19,309
Abogado Procurador Fiscal Carlos Felix	Judicial agreement and settlement	CLP	15-mar-23	1	19,057	
Consorcio Aeropuerto Calama	Parking	UF	31-mar-22	1	-	;
Consorcio Aeropuerto Calama	Parking	UF	30-nov-23	1	4	
Road management	Construction project	UF	21-ene-22	1	-	2
Road management	Construction project	UF	08-abr-24	1	4	
Road management	Project of explotation	UF	13-may-23	1	5	
General Directorate of Maritime Territory and Merchant Marine	Maritime concession	CLP	01-mar-22	1	-	1,24
General Directorate of Maritime Territory and Merchant Marine	Maritime concession	CLP	01-mar-23	1	1,233	
General Directorate of Maritime Territory and Merchant Marine	Maritime concession	CLP	24-mar-24	2	238	
Engie Energia Chile S.A.	Water Supply Project	CLP	31-ago-23	1	234	237
Engie Energia Chile S.A.	Water Supply Project	CLP	31-oct-23	1	229	232
Ministry of National Assets	Project of explotation	CLP	25-feb-22	22	-	154
Ministry of National Assets	Project of explotation	CLP	25-feb-23	22	154	
Ministry of National Assets	Project of explotation	UF	31-mar-22	1	-	2
Ministry of National Assets	Project of explotation	UF	13-may-23	1	8	1
Ministry of National Assets	Project of explotation	UF	09-jun-23	5	40	35
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	31-dic-21	1	-	161
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	29-jul-22	1	-	38
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	03-feb-23	1	3,471	
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	02-oct-23	1	560	50
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	31-dic-23	1	818	732
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	02-ene-24	1	24,265	
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	29-jul-24	1	42	
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	15-dic-24	1	556	
Ministry of Public Works	Construction project	UF	31-dic-22	1	_	21,702
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	18-feb-22	2	_	168,240
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	03-may-22	1	_	170.909
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	18-feb-23	2	214,853	,
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	03-may-23	8	678,422	
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	19-sept-23	1	53,633	
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	11-nov-23	1	266,819	
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	14-nov-23	1	181,252	
·	Environment	UF	27-nov-23	3	284,930	
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	02-dic-23	6		
Sernageomin		UF	15-dic-23	1	777,239	
Sernageomin	Environment	UF UF	15-dic-23 12-nov-22	1	140,626	040.05
Sernageomin	Environment			•	[-	210,252
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	15-nov-22	1 3	-	141,869
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	27-nov-22	-	-	209,112
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	02-dic-22	8	[-]	611,67
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	15-dic-22	2	-	108,74
Sernageomin	Environment	UF	07-oct-22	1	-	42,27
General Treasury of the Republic	Maritime concession	CLP	30-jun-24	1	55	
General Treasury of the Republic	Maritime concession	CLP	21-oct-22	1	-	49

As for the documents received as collateral, they cover mainly obligations of suppliers and contractors related to the various development projects. Below are given the amounts received as collateral, grouped according to the Operating Divisions that have received these amounts:

Guarantees i	eceived from th	ird parties
División	12-31-2022	12-31-2021
	ThUS\$	ThUS\$
Andina	60	135
Chuquicamata	7	7
Casa Matriz	1,015,177	914,399
El Teniente	-	427
Total	1,015,244	914,968



31. Balance in foreign currency

a. Assets by Currency

			12-31-20	122		
Assets national and foreign currency	US Dollars	Euros	Other currencies	Non- indexed Ch\$	U.F.	TOTAL
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	877,345	5,944	8,722	134,716	-	1,026,727
Other financial assets, current	1,404	4	-	43	-	1,451
Other non-financial assets, current	33,107	378	171	3,329	4	36,989
Trade and other receivable, current	2,753,793	195,045	116	437,831	-	3,386,785
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	31,756	-	-	-	-	31,756
Inventories, current	2,300,909	-	-	-	-	2,300,909
Current tax assets	7,194	4	-	3,028	-	10,226
Total current assets	6,005,508	201,375	9,009	578,947	4	6,794,843
Non-current assets						
Investments accounted for using equity method	3,527,323	-	-	-	-	3,527,323
Property, plant and equipment	32,305,393	-	100	4,037	-	32,309,530
Deferred tax assets	81,166	-	92	14,447	-	95,705
Other assets	1,660,336	-	1,861	332,505	15,129	2,009,831
Total non-current assets	37,574,218	•	2,053	350,989	15,129	37,942,389
Total assets	43,579,726	201,375	11,062	929,936	15,133	44,737,232

			12-31-20	21		
Assets national and foreign currency	US Dollars	Euros	Other currencies	Non- indexed Ch\$	U.F.	TOTAL
Current assets						
Cash and cash equivalents	1,175,963	6,218	11,399	90,038	-	1,283,618
Other financial assets, current	320,339	-	-	1	-	320,340
Other non-financial assets, current	21,619	395	113	1,866	4	23,997
Trade and other receivable, current	3,580,436	185,429	788	427,697	-	4,194,350
Accounts receivable from related entities, current	156,711	-	-	-	-	156,711
Inventories, current	1,811,455	-	-	-	-	1,811,455
Current tax assets	6,646	98	-	4,694	-	11,438
Total current assets	7,073,169	192,140	12,300	524,296	4	7,801,909
Non-current assets						
Investments accounted for using equity method	3,546,011	-	-	-	-	3,546,011
Property, plant and equipment	30,444,722	-	578	4,593	-	30,449,893
Deferred tax assets	78,667	-	2,455	13,473	-	94,595
Other assets	770,365	-	5,859	332,345	56,458	1,165,027
Total non-current assets	34,839,765	-	8,892	350,411	56,458	35,255,526
Total assets	41,912,934	192,140	21,192	874,707	56,462	43,057,435



b. Liability by type of currency:

			12-31-	2022		
National and foreign currency liabilities	US Dollars	Euros	Other currencies	Non- indexed Ch\$	U.F.	TOTAL
Current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities, current	470,412	(13)	9	-	29	470,437
Lease liabilities, current	51,897	-	598	63,495	9,200	125,190
Trade and other payables, current	1,428,950	4,332	1,477	344,650	129	1,779,538
Accounts payable to related entities, current	177,690	_	· -	983	-	178,673
Other short-term provisions	752,117	127	-	9,421	-	761,665
Current tax liabilities	24,366	-	67	1,876	-	26,309
Provisions for employee benefits, current	1,982	-	207	542,100	-	544,289
Other non-financial liabilities, current	21,109	-	103	13,162	10	34,384
Total current liabilities	2,928,523	4,446	2,461	975,687	9,368	3,920,485
Non-current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities, non-current	15,961,020	(1,569)	23,163	-	706,509	16,689,123
Lease liabilities, non-current	105,882	-	1,128	148,644	31,025	286,679
Non-current payables	759	-	-	303	-	1,062
Other long-term provisions	1,124,434	-	-	81,889	1,473,405	2,679,728
Deferred tax liabilities	8,449,170	-	92	12,666	-	8,461,928
Employee benefit provision, non-current	3,420	-	-	671,735	365,962	1,041,117
Total non-financial liabilities, non-current	2,292	-	-	253	-	2,545
Total non-current liabilities	25,646,977	(1,569)	24,383	915,490	2,576,901	29,162,182
		•				
Total liabilities	28,575,500	2,877	26,844	1,891,177	2,586,269	33,082,667

			12-31-	2021		
National and foreign currency liabilities	US Dollars	Euros	Other currencies	Non- indexed Ch\$	U.F.	TOTAL
Current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities, current	605,223	(24)	13	-	(9)	605,203
Lease liabilities, current	36,712	-	700	65,487	9,205	112,104
Trade and other payables, current	1,122,226	4,110	3,092	367,872	129	1,497,429
Accounts payable to related entities, current	221,344	-		-	-	221,344
Other short-term provisions	732,501	784	-	8,742	-	742,027
Current tax liabilities	303,616	-	164	4,596	-	308,376
Provisions for employee benefits, current	2,223	-	804	416,296	-	419,323
Other non-financial liabilities, current	11,443	-	144	21,475	9	33,071
Total current liabilities	3,035,288	4,870	4,917	884,468	9,334	3,938,877
Non-current liabilities						
Other financial liabilities, non-current	16,636,544	(2,592)	(1,008)	-	270,696	16,903,640
Lease liabilities, non-current	90,458	-	1,046	115,356	33,163	240,023
Non-current payables	759	-	-	306	-	1,065
Other long-term provisions	1,396,911	-	-	43,491	1,017,183	2,457,585
Deferred tax liabilities	6,990,740	-	20	13,763	-	7,004,523
Employee benefit provision, non-current	11,002	-	-	923,540	-	934,542
Total non-financial liabilities, non-current	2,035	-	-	244	-	2,279
Total non-current liabilities	25,128,449	(2,592)	58	1,096,700	1,321,042	27,543,657
Total liabilities	28,163,737	2,278	4,975	1,981,168	1,330,376	31,482,534



32. Sanctions

As of December 31, 2022 and 2021, neither Codelco Chile or its Directors and Managers have been sanctioned by the CMF or any other administrative authorities.

33. The environment

Each of Codelco's operations is subject to national, regional and local regulations related to protection of the environment and natural resources, including standards relating to water, air, noise and disposal and transportation of dangerous residues, among others. Chile has introduced environmental regulations that have obligated companies, including Codelco, to carry out programs to reduce, control or eliminate relevant environmental impacts. Codelco has executed and shall continue to execute a series of environmental projects to comply with these regulations.

Pursuant to the Letter of Values approved in 2010, Codelco is governed by a series of internal policies and regulations that frame its commitment to the environment, among which is the Corporate Sustainable Development Policy (2021).

The environmental management systems of the divisions, structure their efforts in order to comply with the commitments assumed by the corporation's environmental policies, incorporating elements of planning, operating, verifying and reviewing activities. As of December 31, 2022, Codelco is implementing a strategic change process in all divisions to manage the aspects and risks associated with environmental matters, under a corporate management system issued by Head Office, seeking to obtain the ISO 14001: 2015 certification.

To comply with the Circular No. 1901 of 2008 of the CMF, the details of the Corporation's main expenditures related to the environment during the periods from January 1 to December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively, and the projected future expenses are stated below.



Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile

			Di	sbursements 12-31-2022	T	12-31-2021	ed disbursemen	
Company	Project name	Project status	ThUS\$	Assets Expenditure	Item of Asset / Destination Expenditure	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	Estimated da
Codelco Chile	Chuquicamata Acid plants	In progress	3,537	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	14,508		2022
Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	1,830	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1,265	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Tailings		69.689			67.496	-	2022
Codelco Chile	. 5	In progress	,	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	25.567	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Water treatment plant Environmental monitoring	In progress In progress	35,186 1,393	Expenditure Expenditure	Operating expenditure Operating expenditure	25,567 1,285	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Normalization drainage system drill hole	In progress	1,595	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	3	3,108	2022
Codelco Chile	Normalization handling / feeding / powder transport	Completed		Asset	Property, plant and equipment	10.763	0,100	2021
Codelco Chile	Construction thickened tailings Talabre	In progress	5.256	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	13,498		2022
Codelco Chile	Standardization TKS Hazardous Substances Feed DS 43	In progress	11.088	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	287	10.888	2022
Codelco Chile	Construction IX stage Talabre tranque	In progress	14,015	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	201	533.873	2023
Codelco Chile	Hydrogen well for	In progress	14,013	Asset	Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment	-	942	2020
Codelco Cille	Total Chuquicamata Division	iii piogress	142.061	Asset	Froperty, plant and equipment	134.672	548.811	2023
	Total Chuquicamata Division		142,001			134,072	340,011	
	Salvador							
Codelco Chile	Improved integration of the gas process	In progress	10,205	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	3,944	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Tailings	In progress	5,633	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	4,472	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Acid plants	In progress	63,688	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	57,787	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	1,025	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1,631	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Water treatment plant	In progress	1,481	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	752	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Bell replacement	Completed	-	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	367	-	2021
Codelco Chile	DRPA Emergency	Completed	-	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	7,359	-	2021
Codelco Chile	Compliance DS 43 storage dangerous substances	Completed	-	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	692	-	2021
Codelco Chile	Riles and Wastewater Standard	In progress	432	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	11	-	2022
	Total Salvador Division		82,464			77,015	·	
	Andina							
Codelco Chile	Construction canal outline DL east	Completed	-	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	2,018	-	2021
Codelco Chile	Valve and works rating	Completed		Asset	Property, plant and equipment	1,129	-	2021
Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	2.855	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1,990	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Water treatment plant	In progress	5,023	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	4,992	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Tailings	In progress	93,556	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	86,414	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Acid drainage	In progress	39.509	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	34,161	-	2022
Codelco Chile	Environmental monitoring	In progress	1,184	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1.009	_	2022
Codelco Chile	Sustainability and external matters management	In progress	2,559	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	2,576	_	2022
Codelco Chile	DLN conditioning works	Completed	_,000	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	3,606	_	2021
Codelco Chile	Excavation operation improvement	In progress	485	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	1,863	1.033	2023
Codelco Chile	Water dispatch tunnel modification	In progress	707	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	2.995	.,000	2022
Codelco Chile	Implementation of the catchment system for rafts tove	In progress	7,060	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	2,395	1,202	2022
Codelco Chile	Dam Ovejeria: longitudinal drainage stage 8	In progress	8.007	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	27,513	1,202	2023
Codelco Chile	North extended ballast deposit	In progress	82.983	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	32.338	274,473	2022
Codelco Chile	Standard Instruments Tranque Los Leones	In progress	696	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	52,330	2,558	2023
Codelco Chile	Construction of spill containment chamber	In progress	1.542	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	00	2,550	2023
Codelco Chile	Recirculated water system ovj-cord dam	In progress	526	Asset	Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment	-	9.252	2022
Codelco Chile	Replacement of transformers into oil		53	Asset	Property, plant and equipment Property, plant and equipment	-	338	2024
Couelco Cille	Total Andina Division	In progress	246,745	ASSEL	гторетту, ріант апо ечитртепт	205,067	288,856	2023
			.,			,	,	
al			471,270			416,754	837,667	



Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile

				Disbursements 12-31-2022			12-31-2021	ted disbursements	
Codebies	Company	Project name	Project status	ThUS\$	Assets Expenditure	Item of Asset / Destination Expenditure	ThUS\$	ThUS\$	Estimated da
Codebox Chile Codebox Chil									
Codebo Civile Codebo Civil		· ·		43,426				103,575	
Codeloc Calls								-	
Decision								-	
Depleted				, , ,				-	
Codebox December Codebox								=	
Decision College College Control College College College			In progress	.,				-	
Codeloc Dile Contention of Complementary Water Works Trangue Bardona 2 in progress 6,115 Asset Property, plant and equipment 1,019 25,509 2204 Codeloc Dile Codeloc	Codelco Chile	Well construction and hydrogeology modification Colihue-Cauquenes	In progress		Asset	Property, plant and equipment			
Codeico Coles Codeico Cole	Codelco Chile	Caren reservoir stage 8 and 9	In progress	18,814	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	2,223		
Proceding Acquisition Proc	Codelco Chile	Construction of Complementary Water Works Tranque Barahona 2	In progress	6,115	Assets	Property, plant and equipment	1,019	28,506	
Total E Treinete Division	Codelco Chile	Restoration Slaughterhouse Drive	In progress	6,260	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	580	21,874	2024
Codetoc Chile Christomental montoring In progress 2 Expenditure Coperating expenditure 2.98 - 2022 Codetoc Chile Christomental montoring In progress 2.018 Expenditure Coperating expenditure 2.980 - 2022 Codetoc Chile Christomental consultancy In progress 4 Expenditure Coperating expenditure 5 - 2022 Codetoc Chile	Codelco Chile	Flow CEMS Acquisition	In progress	267	Asset	Property, plant and equipment	-	100	2023
Codebox Chile Expenditure Codebox Chile		Total El Teniente Division		225,843			217,439	526,547	
Codebox Online Code		Gabriela Mistral							
Codebox Orbit Environmental consultancy In progress 1 Expenditure Codebox Orbit	Codelco Chile	Environmental monitoring	In progress	2	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	23	-	2022
Codeloc Ohile Environmental consultancy In progress 4 Expenditure Operating expenditure - 2022 Codeloc Ohile	Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	2,018	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	2,969	-	2022
Codeloc Chile Effuent reservent plant In progress 1 Expenditure Operating expenditure - 2022 2023 2023	Codelco Chile	Environmental consultancy		4	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	51	-	2022
Codeloo Chile Chile Chile Total Gabries dump extension phase VIII Total Gabries Mistral Division 15,213 13,58 Asset Property, plant and equipment 9,138 11,520 2023	Codelco Chile	Effluent treatment plant		1		Operating expenditure	_	-	2022
Total Gabriela Mistral Division 15,213		· ·		13.188			9.138	11.920	2023
Codeloc Chile			progress			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Empenditure Codeloc Chile Empenditure Codeloc Chile Empenditure Codeloc Chile Effluent tealment plant In progress 1,450 Expenditure Codeloc Chile Effluent tealment plant In progress 1,450 Expenditure Codeloc Chile Codelo		Ventanas							
Codeloc Chile	Codelco Chile	Acid plants	In progress	27,952	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	22,867	-	2022
Codeloc Chile Elluent teamment plant In progress 6,305 Expenditure Codeloc Chile In progress 140 Asset Properly, plant and equipment 1,112 - 2022 1,	Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	1,109	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	2,100	-	2022
Codeloc Chile Effuent teatment plant En progress 5,26 Expenditure Codeloc Chile Improved gas ababament collection In progress 140 Asset Property, plant and equipment 1,112 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 1,112 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Standardization of East National OFEMS Chimey PPAL and PAS In progress 2,032 Asset Property, plant and equipment 3,700 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Standardization of East National OFEMS Chimey PPAL and PAS In progress 3,89 Asset Property, plant and equipment 5,738 - 2021 Codeloc Chile Standardization of East National OFEMS Chimey PPAL and PAS In progress 3,89 Asset Property, plant and equipment 5,738 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Codeloc Chile Environmental monitoring In progress 1,200 Expenditure Operating expenditure 924 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Environmental monitoring In progress 1,26 Expenditure Operating expenditure 99 - 2022 Codeloc Chile Preliminary works water supply Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 4,714 - 2021 Codeloc Chile Code	Codelco Chile	Environmental monitoring	In progress	1,450	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1,527	-	2022
Codeloc Chile	Codelco Chile	Effluent treatment plant		6,326	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	5,793	-	2022
Codeloc Chile Critical Var monitoring implementation Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 3,700 - 2022		· ·						-	2022
Codelco Chile Standardization of the handling of hazardous substances (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Standardization of CEMS Chimney PPAL and PAS (Codelco Chile Codelco Chile Codel		1		_				_	
Codeloc Chile Co		, ·		2 032				_	
Total Ventanas Division Radomiro Tomic Codelco Chile Solid waste Codelco Chile Environmental monitoring In progress 172 Expenditure Operating expenditure 99 - 2022 Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant In progress 1,426 Expenditure Operating expenditure 720 - 2022 Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant In progress 1,426 Expenditure Operating expenditure 720 - 2022 Codelco Chile Preliminary works water supply Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 4,714 - 2021 Codelco Chile Construction of community works In progress 1,434 Asset Property, plant and equipment 4,714 - 36,830 Ministro Hales Codelco Chile Solid waste In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 2,450 - 2022 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 2,450 - 2022 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Ministro Hales Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 2,450 - 2022 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368,300 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368 Codelco Chile In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368 Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant In progress 1,467 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,368 Codelco Chile In progress 1,468 Expenditure 1,4714 Expenditure 1,4								71	
Codelco Chile Solid waste In progress In Expenditure Operating expenditure In Operating	COUCIOS CIMO	•	p.ogicco		7,0000	r roporty, plant and oquipmont			2020
Codelco Chile Effuent treatment plant		Radomiro Tomic							
Codelco Chile Effuent treatment plant	Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	951	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	924	-	2022
Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant Effuent treatment plant Codelco Chile Preliminary works water supply Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 4,714 - 2021 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 2025 - 36,830 -								-	
Codelco Chile Construction of community works water supply Completed Construction of community works and community		9						_	
Codelco Chile Construction of community works Total Radomiro Tomic Division 3,983		· ·		.,				_	
Total Radomiro Tomic Division Ministro Hales Codelco Chile Solid waste In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 2,450 - 2022 Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant Operating expenditure 187 - 2022 Codelco Chile Implementation of pit aquifer monitoring Completed - Asset Property, plant and equipment 399 - 2021 Total Ministro Hales Division 1,562 Ecometales Limited Cometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,013 1,174 2023 Cometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,013 1,174 2023 Subsidiary Ecometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 Subsidiary Ecometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 Subsidiary Ecometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 Subsidiary Ecometales Limited 1,020 1,214				1 434			.,	36 830	
Codelco Chile Solid waste Solid waste In progress 1,367 Expenditure Operating expenditure 2,450 - 2022 Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant In progress 195 Expenditure Operating expenditure 187 - 2022 Codelco Chile In progress 195 Expenditure Operating expenditure 187 - 2022 Codelco Chile In plementation of pit aquifer monitoring 1,562 Asset Property, plant and equipment 399 - 2021 Codelco Chile In progress 1,562 Solid waste Property, plant and equipment 3,036 - 2021 Codelco Chile In progress 1,147 Expenditure Operating expenditure 1,013 1,174 2023 Codelco Cometales Limited Someting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 Codelco Codelco Chile In progress 1,208 In progress 1,208 In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 Codelco Codelco Chile In progress 1,208 In progre	COGGIGO OTINO		p.ogicco		7,0000	r roporty, plant and oquipmont	6,457		2020
Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant Implementation of pit aquifer monitoring Completed Total Ministro Hales Division In progress 195 Expenditure Property, plant and equipment 399 - 2021 Commetates Limited Commetates Li		Ministro Hales							
Codelco Chile Effluent treatment plant Implementation of pit aquifer monitoring Completed Total Ministro Hales Division In progress 195 Expenditure Property, plant and equipment 399 - 2021 Commetates Limited Commetates Li	Codelco Chile	Solid waste	In progress	1,367	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	2,450	=	2022
Codelco Chile Implementation of pit aquifer monitoring Total Ministro Hales Division 1,562		Effluent treatment plant						-	
Total Ministro Hales Division 1,562 Ecometales Limited cometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant Cometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant Subsidiary Ecometales Limited	Codelco Chile	· ·		_	Asset		399	-	2021
cometales Limited cometales Limited cometales Limited smelting powders leaching plant ln progress ln p			, , , , , ,	1,562		7,		-	
cometales Limited Smelting powders leaching plant In progress 61 Expenditure Operating expenditure 7 40 2023 1,208		Ecometales Limited							
Subsidiary Ecometales Limited 1,008 1,020 1,214 stal 287,207 277,817 576,582	cometales Limited	Smelting powders leaching plant	In progress	1,147	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	1,013	1,174	2023
Subsidiary Ecometales Limited 1,008 1,020 1,214 stal 287,207 277,817 576,582	cometales Limited	Smelting powders leaching plant	In progress	61	Expenditure	Operating expenditure	7	40	2023
		Subsidiary Ecometales Limited		1,208	•		1,020	1,214	
759, 477	otal			287,207			277,817	576,582	
				750 477			604 574	1 414 240	

Subtotal	287	07	277,817	576,582	
· ·					
Total	758	77	694,571	1,414,249	



34. Subsequent Events

- On January 6, 2023, exempt decree No. 4 was issued amending the joint exempt decree of the Ministries of Finance and Mining No. 194, dated June 22, 2022, which authorizes the formation of capitalization and reserve funds in the Corporation. This amendment refers to the resources to be paid with charge to the profits of the years 2022 and 2023.
- On January 30, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact that Codelco accessed the international financial markets through the issuance of bonds in New York.

The bond placement was for a total of US\$900 million at a 10-year term with a yield of 5.133%. The rate represents a spread of 158 basis points over the U.S. Treasury bond of the equivalent term. This operation is a new step in the sustainable financing of the investment portfolio, in accordance with the guidelines set by the Board of Directors, in terms of advancing in the materialization of structural projects and maintaining a solid financial position.

The issuance transaction was led by BNP Paribas, Bank of America, Banco Santander and Scotia Capital (USA) Inc.

- On February 3, 2023, in accordance with the provisions of Article 9 and the second paragraph of Article 10 of Law No. 18,045, details of the financing transaction carried out on January 30, 2023 are reported as an essential fact.
- On February 28, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact that, on the same date, Ms. Patricia Núñez Figueroa resigned as Director of Corporación Nacional del Cobre de Chile, in accordance with Article 8C letter b) of Decree Law 1,350.
- On March 1, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact that H.E. the President of the Republic has appointed, Mr. Eduardo Bitrán Colodro and Mr. Ricardo Álvarez Fuentes as members of the Board of Directors of Codelco, as of May 11, 2023.
- On March 6, 2023, the National Congress approved the modification of Law No. 19,993, which obliged the Corporation to smelt the minerals of Empresa Nacional de Minería (ENAMI) at the Ventanas Smelter.
- On March 15, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact, the sad passing of Mr. Isidoro Palma Penco, director of the Corporation from 2015 to date, leaving his position vacant. The position of director shall be replaced, for the remainder of his term, in accordance with the rules established in the legislation in force.



 On March 28, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact that H.E. the President of the Republic has appointed Ms. Isabel Marshall Lagarrigue as a member of the Board of Directors of Codelco, replacing former director Patricia Núñez until May 2025.

He has also appointed Mr. Eduardo Bitrán to replace the late director Isidoro Palma until May 12. After that, he will assume a regular four-year term for which he was appointed through the Senior Public Management system.

Finally, it is noted that the decree containing the aforementioned appointments is in process.

- On March 29, 2023, it is reported as an essential fact that Mr. Francisco Balsebre Olarán, General Manager of the Ministro Hales Division, will cease his functions in the Corporation, remaining in his position until April 29, 2023.

Management of the Corporation is not aware of other significant events of a financial nature or of any other nature that could affect these financial statements, occurring between January 1, 2023 and the date of issue of these consolidated financial statements as March 30, 2023.

André Sougarret Larroquete Chief Executive Officer Alejandro Rivera Stambuk Chief Financial Officer

Juan Ogas Cabrera Accounting Manager Cristóbal Parrao Cartagena Accounting Director